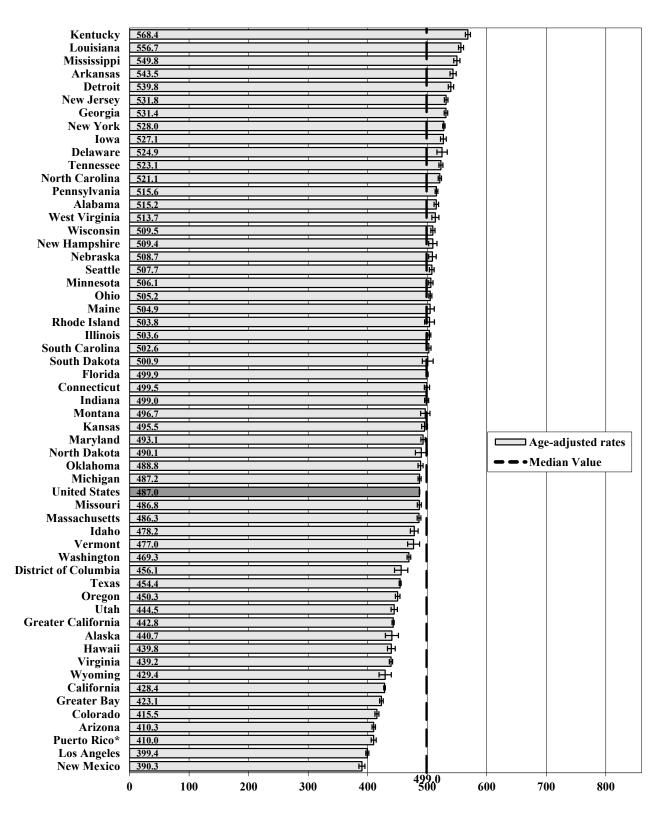
Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

All Sites



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 1 All Sites, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

All Sites

Kentucky	568.4					• •		
Louisiana	556.7				I	Í н		
Mississippi	549.8							
Arkansas	543.5	1	1	1	1	<u>і</u> н		
Detroit	539.8	1	1	1				
New Jersey	531.8	1	1	1	1	(),		
Georgia	531.8	1	1	1		ï		
		T	1	1	1			
New York	528.0	-	-					
Iowa	527.1	1	1	1	1			
Delaware	524.9	1	1	1				
Tennessee	523.1	1	1			<u> </u>		
North Carolina	521.1							
Pennsylvania	515.6					•••		
Alabama	515.2					H		
West Virginia	513.7		1			t		
Wisconsin	509.5					141		
New Hampshire	509.4					I G		
Nebraska	508.7							
Seattle	507.7							
Minnesota	506.1		I	1	1			
Ohio	505.2	1	I	1	1			
Maine	503.2	1	1	1	1			
		I	I	1	1			
Rhode Island	503.8	1	1	1	1			
Illinois	503.6	-	1					
South Carolina	502.6	1	1	1	1			
South Dakota	500.9	1	1	1	1	H+		
Florida	499.9	1	1	1				
Connecticut	499.5					1		
Indiana	499.0							
Montana	496.7					H		
Kansas	495.5					H		
Maryland	493.1							e-adjusted rates
North Dakota	490.1				I			-
Oklahoma	488.8					Н	M	edian Value
Michigan	487.2	I	I	I	I			
United States	487.0	1						
Missouri	486.8					 _		
Massachusetts	486.3	1	1	1		 1		
Idaho	478.2	I	I	1	1	<u> </u>		
Vermont	477.0	1	1	1				
		I	1	1	I			
Washington	469.3	1	1	1	· · ·			
District of Columbia	456.1		1			[]		
Texas	454.4	1	1	1		• •		
Oregon	450.3	1	1		₩			
Utah	444.5				 H	ļ		
Greater California	442.8							
Alaska	440.7				H+			
Hawaii	439.8							
Virginia	439.2				H			
Wyoming	429.4				- H-			
California	428.4							
Greater Bay	423.1				¥	I		
Colorado	415.5							
Arizona	410.3		1		¥	1		
Puerto Rico*	410.0		I		ï			
Los Angeles	399.4	1	1	1	,	4		
New Mexico			1	1	F	1		
new mexico	390.3	1	1	1		100.0		
	0	100	200	300	400	499.0 500	600 7	00 800

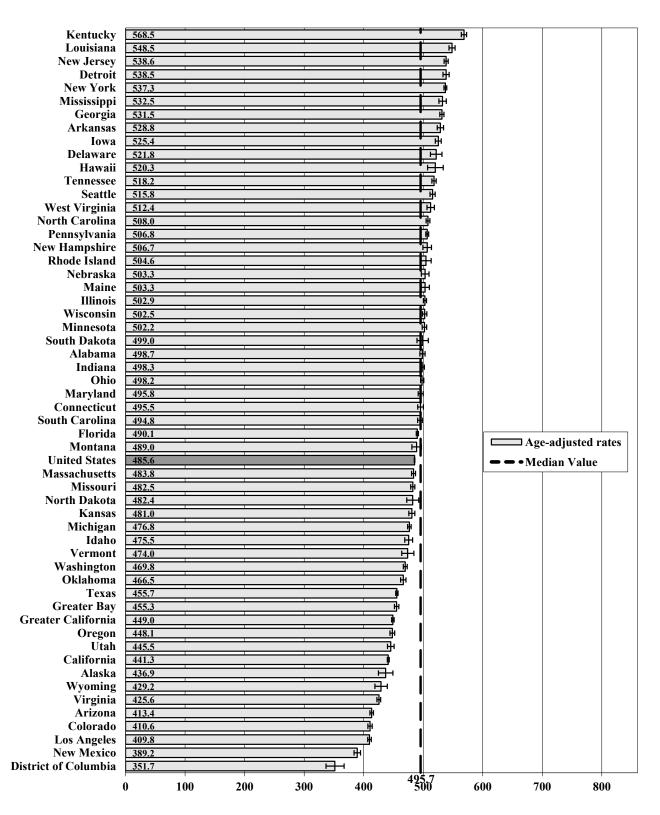
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

All Sites



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 3 All Sites, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

All Sites

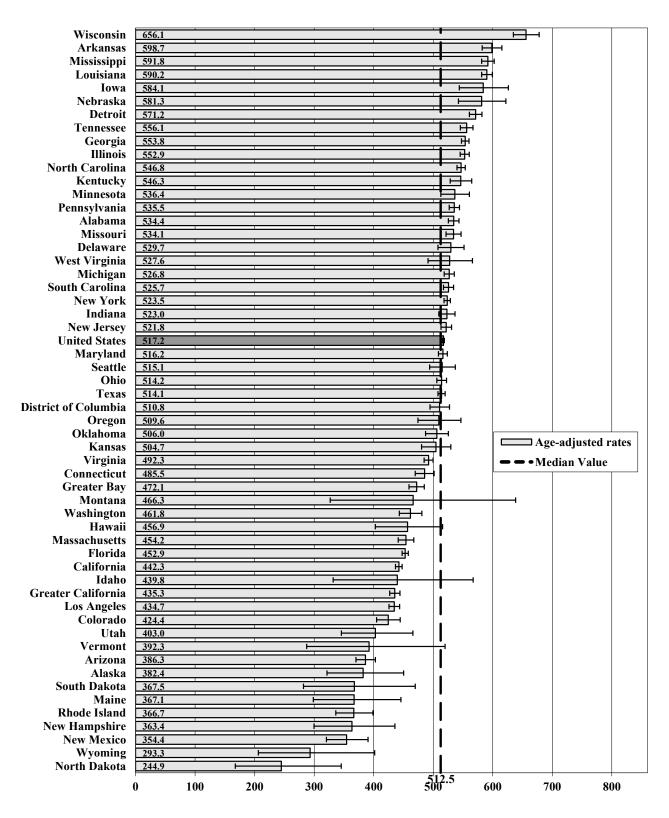
T 7 (1							a.		
Kentucky	568.5	1	1	1	1	•	₽		
Louisiana	548.5	1			1	[₩]			
New Jersey	538.6		1	1	1	W			
Detroit	538.5		1	1	1				
New York	537.3			1	1	• <u></u> #			
Mississippi	532.5		1	1	1	H			
Georgia	531.5		1			<u> </u>			
Arkansas	528.8					H			
Iowa	525.4					<u> </u>			
Delaware	521.8								
Hawaii	520.3								
Tennessee	518.2					H			
Seattle	515.8					<u> </u>			
West Virginia	512.4					Let up the second se			
North Carolina	508.0					P			
Pennsylvania	506.8								
New Hampshire	506.7					1			
Rhode Island	504.6								
Nebraska	503.3					<u>1</u>			
Maine	503.3								
Illinois	502.9					`			
Wisconsin	502.5					B			
Minnesota	502.2					"			
South Dakota	499.0					- H			
Alabama	498.7								
Indiana	498.3								
Ohio	498.2								
Maryland	495.8								
Connecticut	495.5		1	1	1	P			
South Carolina	494.8			I	I				
Florida	490.1		1	1	1	,			
Montana	489.0			1	1			🔲 Age-adj	usted rates
United States	485.6			1				 Median 	Value
Massachusetts	483.8							Iviculali	value
Missouri	482.5		1	1	1	 _!			
North Dakota	482.4								
Kansas	481.0	1	1	1	1	I			
Michigan	476.8	1		1	1				
Idaho	475.5		1	1	I	≓ i¶			
Vermont	474.0		I	I	I				
Washington	469.8	1		I	I	<u></u> N			
Oklahoma	466.5	T	1	1	1	⊒			
Texas	400.5	1	1	1	1				
Greater Bay	455.3	-		1		,			
Greater California	455.5	1		1		u. 🚺			
Greater Camorina Oregon	449.0								
Utah		-			f				
California	445.5 441.3			1	1	' I			
Alaska	441.3			1	<u> </u>	I			
Wyoming	436.9			1		I			
						I			
Virginia Arizona	425.6	1		1	'n	I			
	413.4	1			Ħ	I			
Colorado	410.6	1		-	Ħ	1			
Los Angeles	409.8			1	#	I			
New Mexico	389.2	-			H	1			
District of Columbia	351.7	1	1			405 7			
	0	100	200	300	400	495.7 500	600	700	800
			-	-	-	-	-		

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

All Sites



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 5 All Sites, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

All Sites

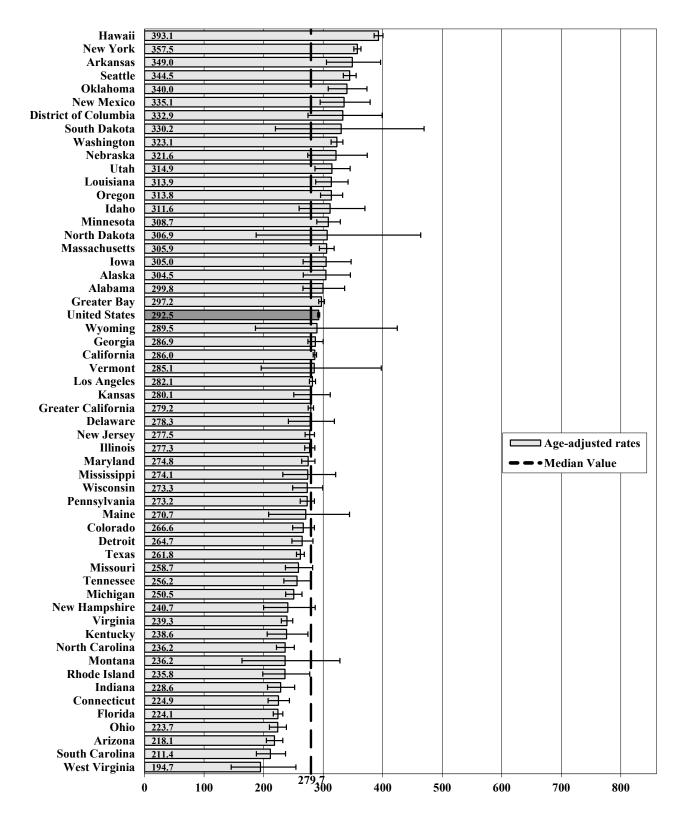
****	100.0									1
Wisconsin	482.3	1								
Iowa	465.2									
Kentucky	447.8				•					
Illinois	439.1	1				버				
Pennsylvania	436.9				•	B-				
Detroit	434.0		1							
Missouri	429.2					<u> </u>				
District of Columbia	426.2		I		ĹН	H				
Nebraska	423.9	1								
Louisiana	422.3				— I н	•				
Kansas	413.4					-				
Delaware	413.4	1		I		•				
Arkansas	411.9				═╪╤					
Ohio	407.5	1								
New Jersey	407.5	I	I	1						
Mississippi	407.3	1	I	1						
Michigan	405.9									
Seattle					— — — — — — — — — — —					
	405.5	1	1	1						
North Carolina	402.8									
Tennessee	401.9									
Maryland	401.8		1	1	· HI					
Indiana	401.8		1							
Georgia	400.2				<u> </u>					
United States	397.1									
Minnesota	396.4									
New York	392.5				P					
Greater Bay	389.7									
Oklahoma	389.5									
Virginia	387.5				HI I					
Texas	387.2			1	H					
Alabama	384.0				F					1
South Carolina	383.8		1	I					e-adjusted 1	ates
Washington	379.3	I	1	1				Ma	dian Value	
Connecticut	373.2		1					m		
Florida	372.2	-	1	1	= <u>_</u> 1					
West Virginia	371.0	1	1	1						
Los Angeles	369.0	1	I	1						
California	368.5	1	1	1	=;;'∎					
				1	ਜ਼ੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑ					
Massachusetts	363.7	-		· ·	- 1 - T					
Oregon	360.9	1		F						
Greater California	358.2		1		⊡ i					
Hawaii	328.9	-								
Colorado	325.5				•					
Alaska	322.4				— 					
Rhode Island	315.6									
Arizona	311.8		1							
Idaho	302.9									
Utah	302.3				→					
Maine	289.2				→ :					
Vermont	284.4		-							
New Mexico	276.6		-							
New Hampshire	245.5			H						
South Dakota	233.3			I						
North Dakota	213.4									
Wyoming	198.5			I ·						
Montana	153.7									
wontalla	133.7				388 5					
	0	100	200	300	388 5 400	50	0 6	00 70	00 8	00

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

All Sites



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 7 All Sites, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females

All Sites

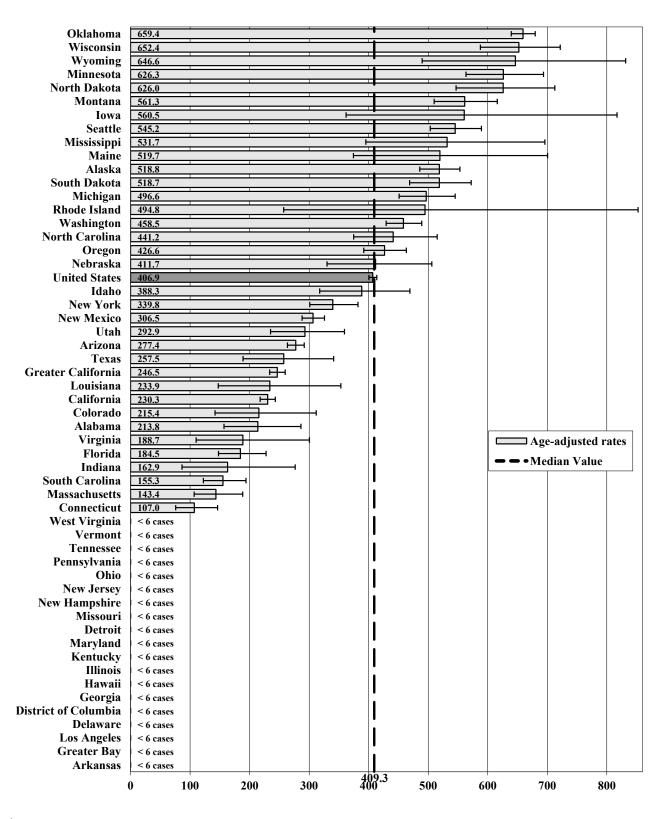
								1		
Hawaii	382.7		1	•	P					
Arkansas	365.5		1			1				
New York	339.1			<u> </u>	ן א					
Utah	327.5				-					
Seattle	327.0				I					
Oklahoma	322.9				-					
North Dakota	315.9		F							
Rhode Island	311.3				-					
Washington	310.0									
Idaho	308.2									
Wisconsin	308.0									
Montana	306.5									
Greater Bay	304.6									
Oregon	300.5									
Los Angeles	300.5			══┲╤						
California	299.5		1							
Mississippi	298.8				- I					
United States	294.9		1							
Greater California	294.7		1	══╤┹						
Minnesota	294.5		1							
Massachusetts	294.3		1	=======================================						
New Jersey	290.5		1							
Louisiana	290.3		1	Ľ						
Iowa	286.7		1							
Missouri	280.7		1	╧╉╵╵						
Maryland	284.5									
Georgia	284.5	-	1	<u> </u>						
Alaska	283.0		1							
Illinois	283.0			<u></u>						
Kansas	281.7		1	——ĨL						
Pennsylvania	281.0			╧╉╵						
Wyoming	280.3								e-adjusted 1	ates
New Mexico	279.3	1	1		•			-	-	
District of Columbia	277.6	I.							dian Value	
Kentucky	273.3									
Colorado	273.3	1	1	÷⊒⊥ [
Alabama	268.5		1	÷T.						
North Carolina	268.4									
South Dakota	265.6			╧┦╹│	_					
Nebraska					-					
South Carolina	265.1 263.0									
Detroit			I	37						
	257.2		1	57.1						
Michigan	255.9		1	5. 1						
Texas	253.3		· .	≝". ! ∖						
Connecticut	251.3									
Maine	246.5									
Tennessee	245.0		F							
Delaware	244.0									
Ohio	243.8	-								
Florida	243.2									
Arizona	242.4		F	₽ ↓						
Virginia	241.8		ŀ	₽ 						
Indiana	241.8			₅⊸ ∎ ∣						
New Hampshire	233.4			1						
Vermont	228.6			ł						
West Virginia	226.6									
	0	100	200	²⁸² 4 300	40	0 5	, 00 6	00 7	00 8	00
	•	100	-00	500	40	. J	•• •	1 1		

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

All Sites



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

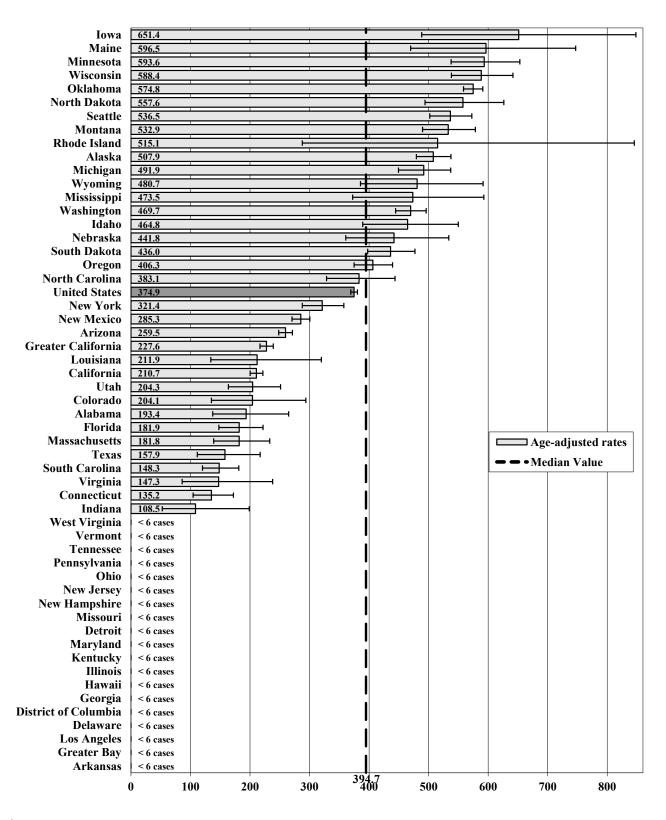
³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 9 All Sites, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

All Sites



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

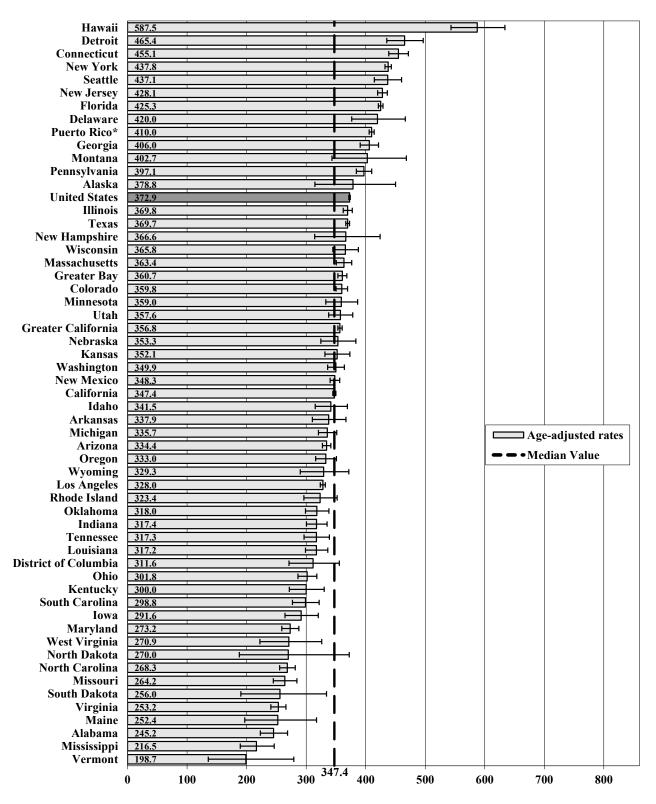
^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts All Sites, American Indian/Alaskan Native 10

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

All Sites



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

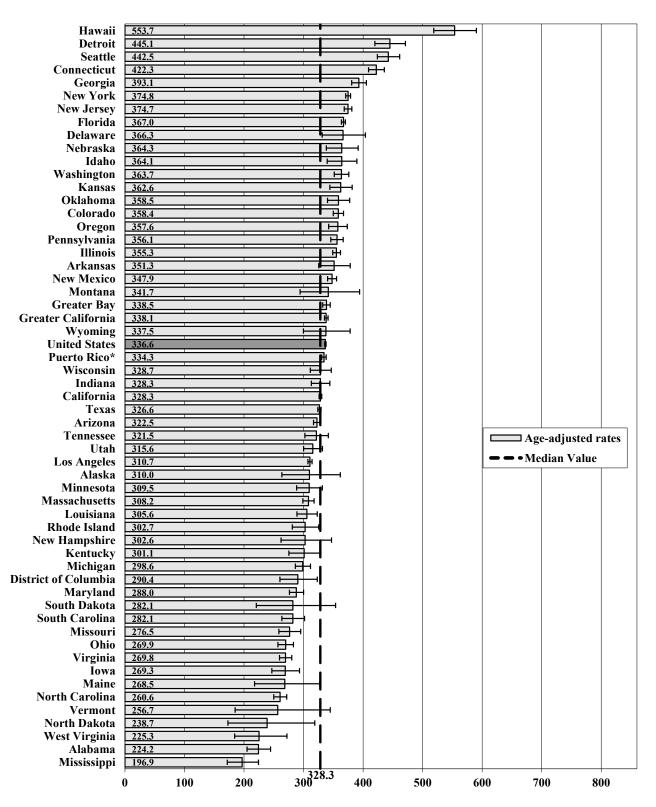
* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

11 All Sites, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

All Sites



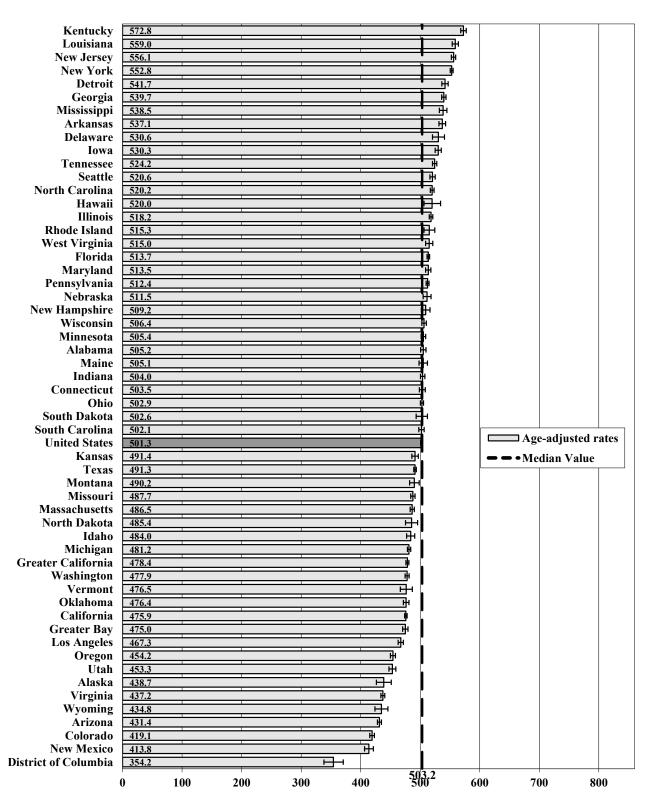
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

- ¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.
- ² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts All Sites, Hispanic/Latino, All Races 12

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

All Sites



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals. ³ See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 13 All Sites, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

All Sites

New Jersey	493.1					H				
New York	492.1									
Kentucky	491.3				· · · ·	TH I				
Detroit	474.0					<u>ዙ</u>				
Rhode Island	473.8					₽4				
West Virginia	469.1	1	I	1	' 1 F	ĥ				
Delaware	466.9	1			i _H	, H				
Pennsylvania	464.9		1	I	· • •					
New Hampshire	463.9	1	-	I.						
Illinois	463.9	1		I						
Seattle	461.8	-								
		1		-						
Maryland	460.5	1								
Iowa	460.3	1			H					
Maine	458.6	-								
Connecticut	452.6	-			<u> </u>					
Florida	452.1									
Ohio	450.6				¥					
Minnesota	450.6				<u> </u>					
Massachusetts	450.6			1	h					
Vermont	449.2									
North Carolina	449.2									
Hawaii	448.5									
Nebraska	447.3				F					
Georgia	445.7	1			- F					
United States	442.8	1		1						
Wisconsin	441.1									
Louisiana	439.8		1	1						
Indiana	439.6	1		1						
Washington	436.4	1	1	I.	Į					
Missouri	435.2			1						
		1								
Los Angeles South Dakota	434.8	1		I	<u> </u>			Age	-adjusted r	ates
	434.2	1		1				-	-	
Greater Bay	434.2							• • Mec	lian Value	
Tennessee	434.1				ť					
Mississippi	433.1	-	-		H					
Arkansas	432.4				H					
Kansas	432.3				H					
Montana	431.4				H					
California	431.2									
Greater California	429.1				ŀ					
Michigan	428.5									
Oregon	425.9				ĥ					
South Carolina	425.6									
North Dakota	425.2									
Idaho	423.6				F					
Texas	415.1	1								
Oklahoma	413.9			1	·					
Alabama	412.9		1							
Virginia	405.7	1	1	1	î I					
Alaska	403.7				— <u> </u>					
Colorado	<u>401.5</u> 396.0		1							
		1	1	1	I					
Arizona Waraning	388.3	-		-	T_ I					
Wyoming	385.5									
Utah	384.6									
New Mexico	381.1				H					
District of Columbia	368.0				╘╴╷					
	0	100	200	300	400438.0	500	600	70	0 8	00
	v	100	400	500	700	500	000	/0	v 0'	

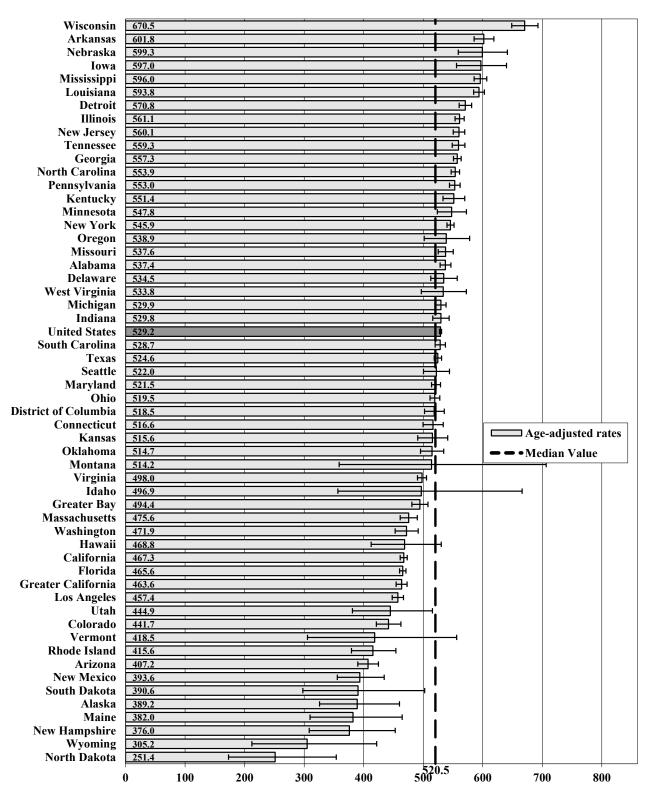
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

All Sites



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

See introduction and Technical Notes for NAACER area inclusion effecta for the comor

Comparative Charts 15 All Sites, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

All Sites

Wisconsin	492.8	1		⊢ ∙		
Iowa	473.5			+1		
Kentucky	451.6					
Pennsylvania	448.8		<u>і</u> н			
Illinois	444.9					
Nebraska	435.4					
Detroit	434.6					
Missouri	431.7					
District of Columbia	431.0		=ŧ= <u>≓</u>			
New Jersey	430.5					
Louisiana	424.5	I				
Kansas	419.6	I				
Delaware	419.0	1	═╪╤╵			
						
Arkansas	413.5					
Ohio	412.5					
Seattle	411.5					
Michigan	408.8		_			
Greater Bay	408.5					
Mississippi	408.0		H			
North Carolina	407.9					
Indiana	406.9		<u> </u>			
Maryland	406.4		- BH			
United States	405.3					
New York	404.5					
Tennessee	403.5		= T .			
Minnesota	403.4					
Georgia	400.9		≕ ¶:			
Connecticut	396.3	I	- E			
Texas	395.0		<u></u>			
Oklahoma	393.0		-i			
	392.3					
Virginia California					- Age	-adjusted rates
	<u>390.3</u> 389.4		1		-	-
Washington					• • • Mea	dian Value
Los Angeles	386.3		<u>-</u> 41			
South Carolina	386.2					
Alabama	385.9		_ H			
Greater California	385.7		ЪЧ.			
Oregon	385.0	F	⊒∦⊣			
Massachusetts	384.7		Ъ.			
Florida	381.4					
West Virginia	374.5		⊒-∄∙			
Rhode Island	368.1	· · · ·	}₽			
Hawaii	348.3					
Alaska	344.8		_ _			
Utah	343.9					
Colorado	339.6					
New Mexico	331.9		⊣ ¶			
Idaho	331.7					
Arizona	331.2		•			
Vermont	312.1					
Maine	305.5					
			_ I			
New Hampshire	278.4		I			
South Dakota	238.6					
North Dakota	222.3		I			
Wyoming	204.3	├────┤				
Montana	123.6	-				
	0 100 20	0 300	395.7 400 5	500 60	0 70	0 800
	0 100 20	0 300	-100 3	00 00	0 /0	000

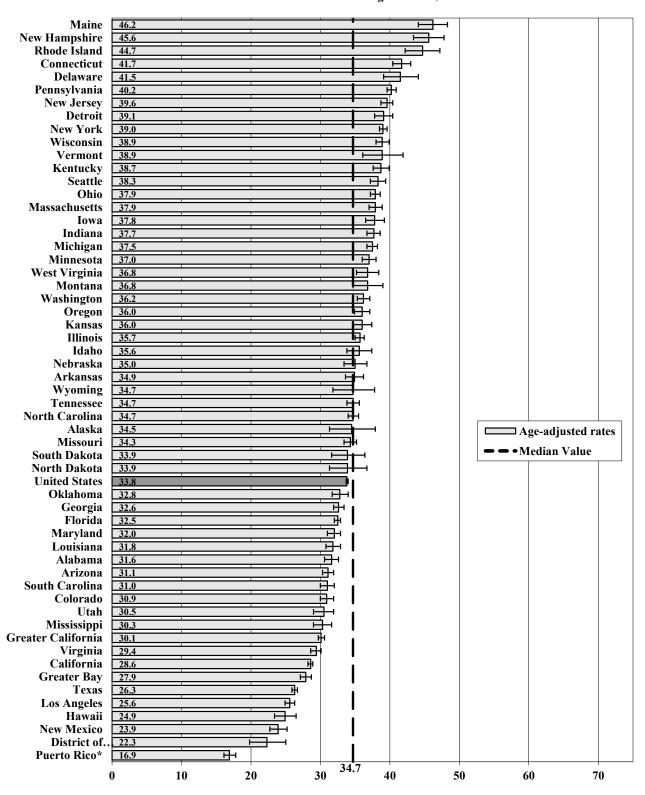
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

> Bladder The 4th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 17 Bladder, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Bladder
The 12th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females

New Hampshire	12.4 H						1	
Rhode Island	11.6	4					1	
Maine	11.5	1					1	
Vermont	11.2						1	
		1					1	
Connecticut	11.2						1	
New Jersey	10.4						1	
Massachusetts	10.4						1	
Pennsylvania	10.3						1	
New York	10.0						1	
Montana							1	
							1	
Kentucky							1	
Delaware	10.0						1	
West Virginia	9.9 H-I						1	
Detroit	9.8 H						1	
Wisconsin	9.5 H						1	
Ohio	9.5 H						1	
Michigan	9.3						1	
Minnesota	9.2							
Kansas	<u>9.1</u>							
Illinois	9.1							
Seattle	<u>9.0</u>							
Indiana	9.0							
Nebraska	8.8 H							
Idaho	8.8 H						1	
Washington	8.7 H						1	
Oregon	8.7 H						1	
	8.7 H							
Iowa								
Tennessee	8.6						1	
North Carolina	8.6 H						1	
Wyoming	8.4							
United States	8.4							
Florida	8.3						ge-adjusted ra	ates
Missouri	8.2 H						ge-aujusteu 17	aus
South Carolina	8.1					– – • M	ledian Value	
Maryland							1	
Arkansas	<u>8.1</u>						1	
Alaska	8.1						1	
South Dakota	7.9 ⊢ H						1	
North Dakota	7.8						1	
Georgia	7.7 屮						1	
Colorado	7.6 H						1	
Arizona	7.6 H						1	
							1	
Virginia	7.5 H						1	
Oklahoma	7.4 H						1	
Louisiana	7.4 H						1	
Alabama	7.4 H						1	
Mississippi	7.3 H						1	
Greater California	7.2						1	
District of.								
California	6.8							
New Mexico							1	
	<u>6.7</u> H							
Greater Bay	<u>6.7</u> н						1	
Texas	6.1							
Los Angeles	6.0 H							
Ŭtah	5.8 H							
Hawaii	5.2 H							
Puerto Rico*	45 H							
	86							ł
	0 10	2	0 3	0 4	10 5	0 6	0 7	0

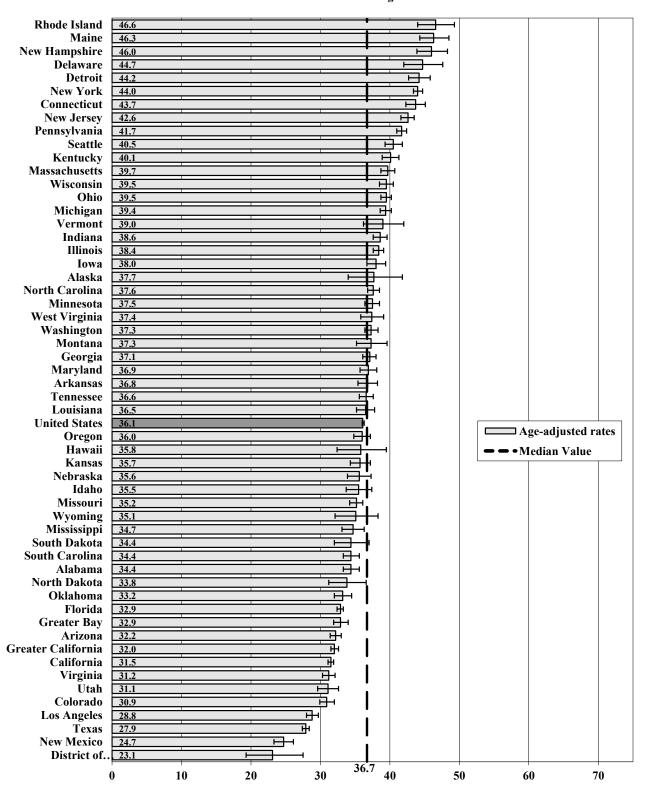
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Bladder The 4th Most Common Cancer Among White Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

		-						
New Hampshire	12.5							
Rhode İsland	12.0							
Connecticut								
	11.7							
Maine	11.6							
New York	11.4	• H						
Vermont	11.2							
New Jersey	11.2	=∎== <u>_</u>						
								
Massachusetts	10.9							
Pennsylvania	10.7	#						
Detroit	10.7							
Delaware	10.5	╼╋╧╕╌┥						
Kentucky	10.3	TT.						
Montana	10.2	₩ ₩`.						
		Ŧ.						
West Virginia	10.1							
Ohio	9.8	P						
Illinois	9.8	╆						
Michigan	9.7	==						
Wisconsin		=na [
	9.6	_F						
Seattle	9.3	H						
Minnesota	9.3	_ _						
Indiana	9.2	- ħ						
Tennessee	9.1	T.						
		=₹.						
Kansas	9.0							
Washington	8.9	_ t t						
North Carolina	8.9	<u>.</u>						
Nebraska	8.9	┲┫┙						
Maryland	8.9	킕						
		in a la companya de						
United States	8.9	_						
Idaho	8.8							
Alaska	8.8 F							
South Carolina	8.7	TH I						L
Oregon	8.7	-1 .					ge-adjusted ra	ates
		₩						
Iowa	8.7					M	edian Value	
Wyoming	8.3 ⊢	<u>-</u> ₩-1						
Georgia	8.3	H.						
Florida	8.3	*						
Missouri	8.2	詋!						
		51						
Arkansas		퍼						
South Dakota	8.1 ⊢	<u>₽</u> ┫						
Mississippi	8.1	BH						
Louisiana	8.1	BĽ						
Hawaii	8.0 ⊢	il.						
Greater Bay								
North Dakota	7.9 ⊢	∃†						
Arizona	7.9	₽.						
Virginia	7.8	₽						
Alabama	7.7 +	. .						
Greater California								
	7.6	Ţ₿						
California	7.5							
Oklahoma	7.4 +	H 🛛 🗌						
Colorado	7.4 H	H. I						
New Mexico	6.8 H							
Los Angeles								
	<u>6.6</u> H	1						
Texas	6.4							
Utah	5.9 H	•						
District of.	. 4.9 -							
	<u> </u>	3.9	1	-	I		-	1
	0	^{3.9} 10 2	0 3	0 4	0 5	U 6	0 7	/0

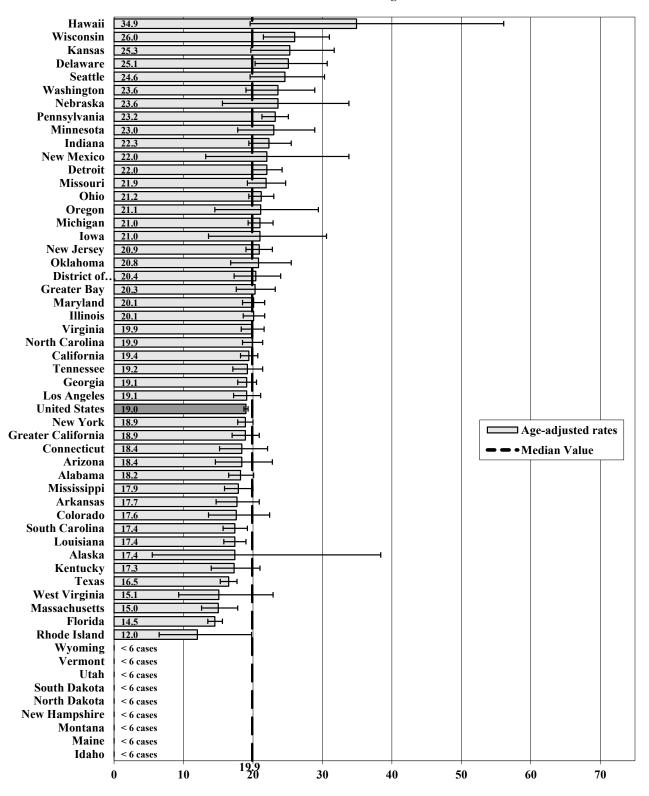
Bladder The 12th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Bladder The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Black Males



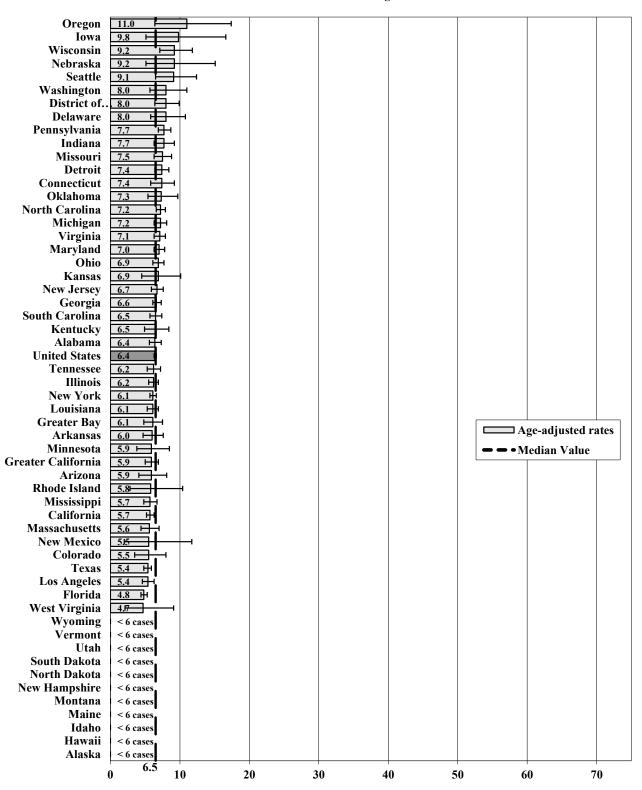
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 21 Bladder, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females



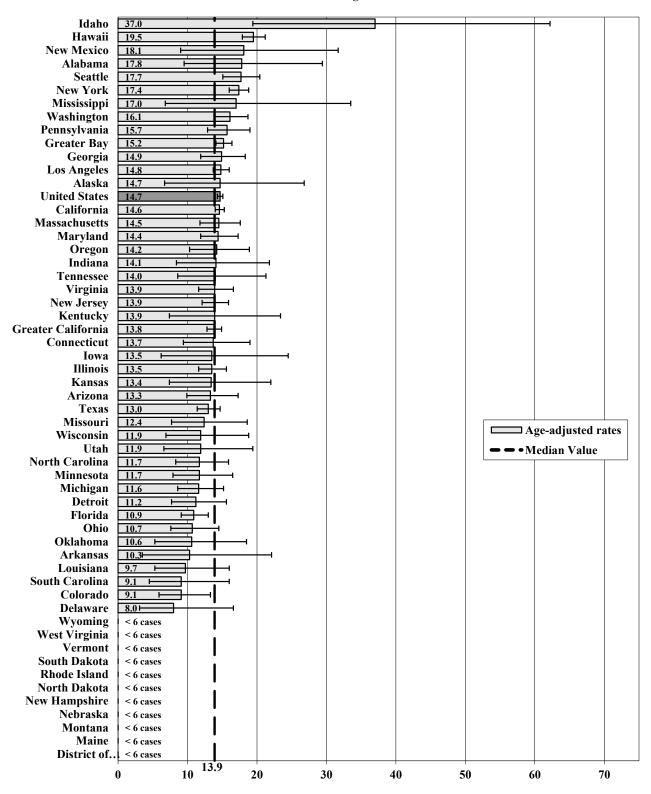
Bladder The 14th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

Bladder The 6th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 23 Bladder, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females

Arkansas	10.2 H							
New Mexico	7.5+							
Missouri	6.8							
Alaska	511	<u> </u>						
Seattle	5.0 -							
Washington	4.8							
Utah	4.18							
Maryland	4.8	•						
Alabama	418							
Colorado	4.0							
Oklahoma	41.5							
Hawaii	4.3							
Pennsylvania	4.2							
Minnesota	4.2							
New York	3.9 H							
Louisiana	3.9	•						
Indiana	31.9							
Los Angeles	3.9 IH							
Greater Bay	3.7 H							
Georgia	3.6							
California	3.6							
United States	3.6 1							
Ohio	315							
Arizona	3.5							
North Carolina	3,4							
New Jersey	3.4							
Detroit	3.4							
Kansas	B.4							
Massachusetts	3.B							
Greater California	3.3							
Texas	2.5							
Michigan	2.7						ge-adjusted ra	tes
Illinois	2,7							
Florida						N	edian Value	
	2.++ 2.++							
Virginia								
Oregon								
Connecticut	H9							
Wyoming	< 6 cases							
Wisconsin	< 6 cases							
West Virginia	< 6 cases							
Vermont	< 6 cases < 6 cases							
Vermont Tennessee	 < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota	< 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina	 < 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island	 < 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota	 < 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire	 < 6 qases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska	 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska Montana	 < 6 dases < 6 cases < 6 dases < 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska	 < 6 dases < 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska Montana Mississippi Maine	 < 6 dases < 6 cases < 6 dases < 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska Montana Mississippi	 < 6 dases < 6 cases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska Montana Mississippi Maine	 6 d ases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska Montana Mississippi Maine Kentucky	 6 d ases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska Montana Mississippi Maine Kentucky Iowa Idaho	 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska Montana Mississippi Maine Kentucky Iowa Idaho District of	 6 d ases 							
Vermont Tennessee South Dakota South Carolina Rhode Island North Dakota New Hampshire Nebraska Montana Mississippi Maine Kentucky Iowa Idaho District of Delaware	 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases 6 dases	10 2	20 31	0 4	0 50	6	0 7	

Bladder The 15th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

Bladder The 6th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males Wisconsin 42.8 Oklahoma 40.0 Oregon 32.6 Washington 29.8 Seattle 29.5 Michigan 24.2 Alaska 24.2 23.0 North Carolina 22.3 Montana New York 21.7 **United States** 20.8 20.4 Minnesota **Greater California** 17.3 North Dakota 17.0 South Dakota 16.9 California 16.1 South Carolina 10.2 **New Mexico** 9.0 Arizona 6.5 Wyoming < 6 cases West Virginia < 6 cases Virginia < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases Utah < 6 cases Texas < 6 cases Tennessee < 6 cases **Rhode Island** < 6 cases Pennsylvania < 6 cases Ohio < 6 cases **New Jersey** < 6 cases **New Hampshire** < 6 cases □ Age-adjusted rates Nebraska < 6 cases - • Median Value Missouri < 6 cases Mississippi < 6 cases Detroit < 6 cases Massachusetts < 6 cases Maryland < 6 cases Maine < 6 cases Louisiana < 6 cases Kentucky < 6 cases Iowa < 6 cases Indiana < 6 cases Illinois < 6 cases Idaho < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Georgia < 6 cases Florida < 6 cases District of. < 6 cases Delaware < 6 cases Connecticut < 6 cases Colorado < 6 cases Los Angeles < 6 cases **Greater Bay**

1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

2. See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

30

40

50

60

70

3. See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

21.7 20

4. PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

10

Comparative Charts 25 Bladder, American Indian/Alaskan Native

< 6 cases

< 6 cases

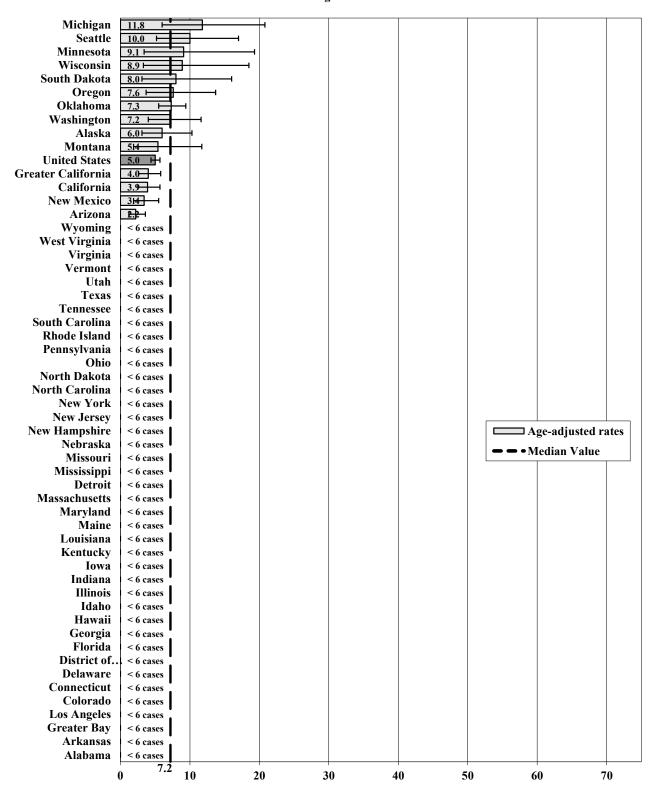
< 6 cases

0

Arkansas

Alabama

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females



Bladder The 17th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

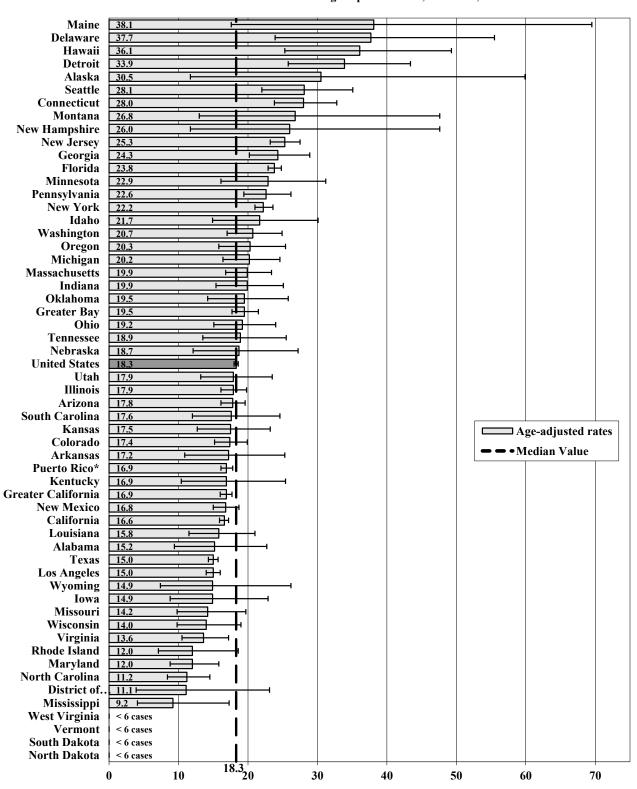
² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

> Bladder The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

27 Bladder, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Seattle Hawaii 8.5 Connecticut 8.0 Kansas Nebraska Detroit 6.8 Arkansas Washington 6 4 Delaware 6 New Jersey 6.2 New York Kentucky 6.0 Florida 6.0 Oregon 5.9 Wisconsin 5.8 Georgia 5.8 Pennsylvania 5.6**New Mexico** Idaho Illinois Massachusetts Tennessee Colorado 5.1 **Greater Bay** 5.1 **United States** 4.8 Indiana 471 Maryland 4.6 Puerto Rico* 4.5 H Ohio **Greater California** 4.4 H Arizona Oklahoma □ Age-adjusted rates North Carolina 4.3⊢ Median Value Michigan 4.2 California 4.2 Texas 4.0 Los Angeles 3.8 H Minnesota 317 South Carolina 3.5 Utah 3.1 Missouri 3.1 **Rhode Island J.** Louisiana 3.0 Virginia 218 Wyoming < 6 ca West Virginia < 6 case Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases **New Hampshire** < 6 cas Montana < 6 cas Mississippi Maine < 6 ca Iowa < 6 case District of. < 6 ca < 6 cases Alaska Alabama < 6 cas 5.1

Bladder The 15th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

30

40

50

1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

- ² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

20

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

0

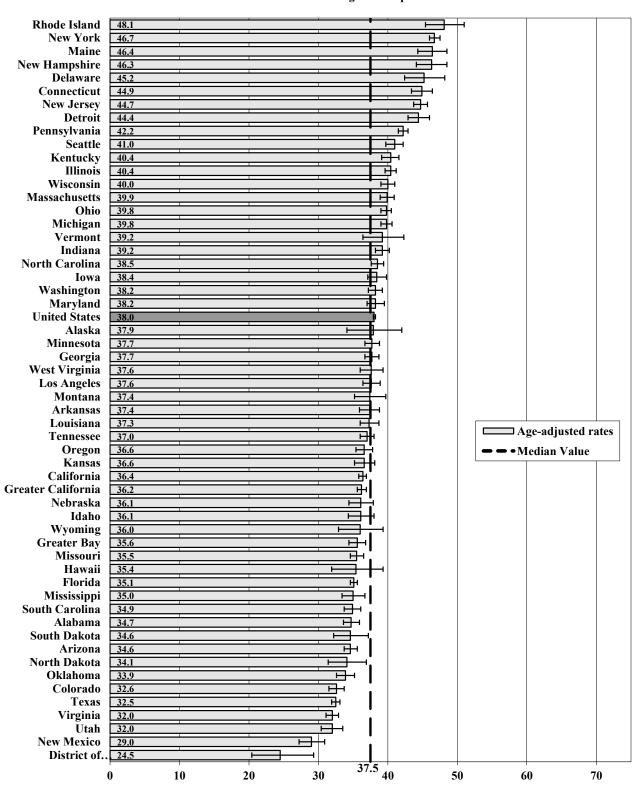
10

60

70

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

> Bladder The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals. ³ See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 29 Bladder, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

Bladder
The 12th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females

New Hampshire	12.7 ⊢	H						
Rhode Island	12.3 H	- - I						
New York	12.2							
		.						
Connecticut	12.0	•						
New Jersey	<u>11.9</u>							
Maine	11.6	I						
Vermont	11.2	ı						
Massachusetts	11.0							
Pennsylvania	10.8							
Detroit	10.8 H							
Delaware	10.6							
Kentucky	10.4 H							
Montana	10.3							
Illinois	10.2 H							
West Virginia								
Ohio	9.9 H							
Michigan	9.8							
Wisconsin	9.6							
Seattle	9.4							
Minnesota	9.4							
United States	9.4							
Tennessee	9.2							
Maryland	9.2							
Indiana	9.2 H							
Washington	9.1							
North Carolina	<u>9.1</u>							
Kansas	<u>9.1 H</u>							
Alaska	9.1							
Florida	9.0							
South Carolina	8.9 H							
Nebraska	8.9 H						ge-adjusted ra	ates
Idaho	<u>8.9</u> ⊢ I							
Oregon	<u>8.8</u>					• M	ledian Value	
Iowa	8.8 H							
Los Angeles	8.6 H							
Greater California	8.6							
California	8.6							
Wyoming	8.5							
Greater Bay	8.5 H							
Arizona	8.5 H							
Georgia	8.4 叶							
Missouri								
	8.3 H							
Louisiana	8.3 H							
Louisiana Arkansas								
Arkansas	8.3 H							
Arkansas South Dakota	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota	8.3 8.3 8.2 8.2 8.2 4 8.0 4 8.0 4 8.0 4 8.0 4 8.0 4 8.0 6 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 8.0 H 7.8 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama	8.3 8.3 8.2 8.2 8.2 4 8.0 4 8.0 4 8.0 4 8.0 4 8.0 4 8.0 6 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 8.0 H 7.8 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama Hawaii	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 7.8 H 7.8 H 7.7 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama Hawaii Oklahoma	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 7.8 H 7.8 H 7.7 H 7.5 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama Hawaii Oklahoma New Mexico	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 7.8 H 7.8 H 7.7 H 7.5 H 7.5 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama Hawaii Oklahoma New Mexico Texas	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 7.8 H 7.8 H 7.7 H 7.5 H 7.5 H 7.3 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama Hawaii Oklahoma New Mexico Texas Utah	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 7.8 H 7.8 H 7.7 H 7.5 H 7.5 H 7.3 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama Hawaii Oklahoma New Mexico Texas	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 8.0 H 7.8 H 7.5 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama Hawaii Oklahoma New Mexico Texas Utah District of.	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 8.0 H 7.8 H 7.5 H							
Arkansas South Dakota Mississippi Virginia North Dakota Colorado Alabama Hawaii Oklahoma New Mexico Texas Utah District of.	8.3 H 8.3 H 8.2 H 8.2 H 8.0 H 7.8 H 7.8 H 7.7 H 7.5 H 7.5 H 7.3 H	20	3	0 4	0 50	0 6	0 7	0

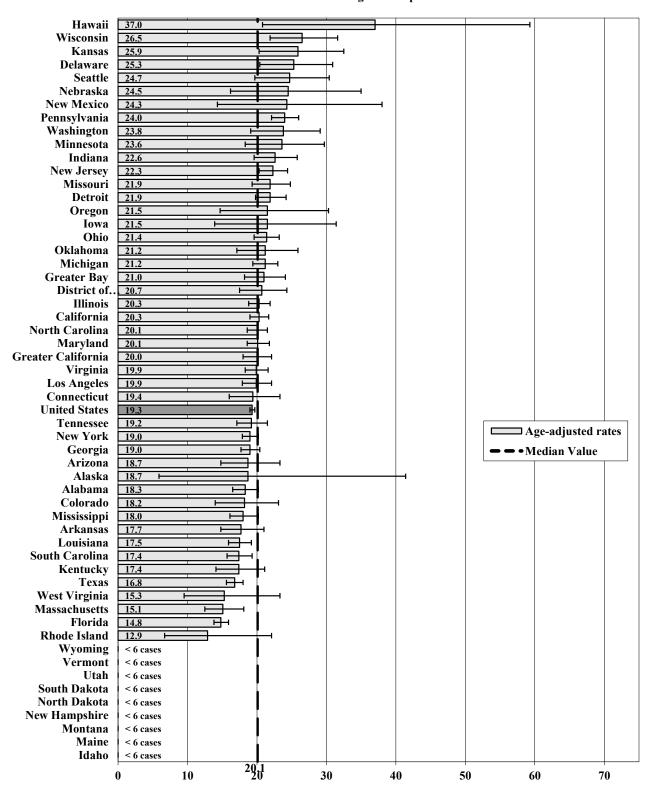
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

Bladder The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

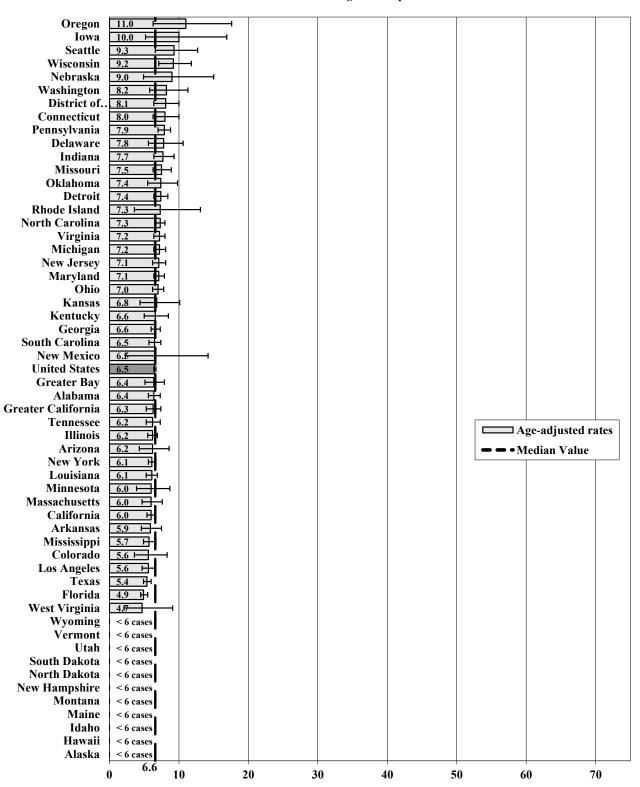
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 31 Bladder, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females



Bladder The 14th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

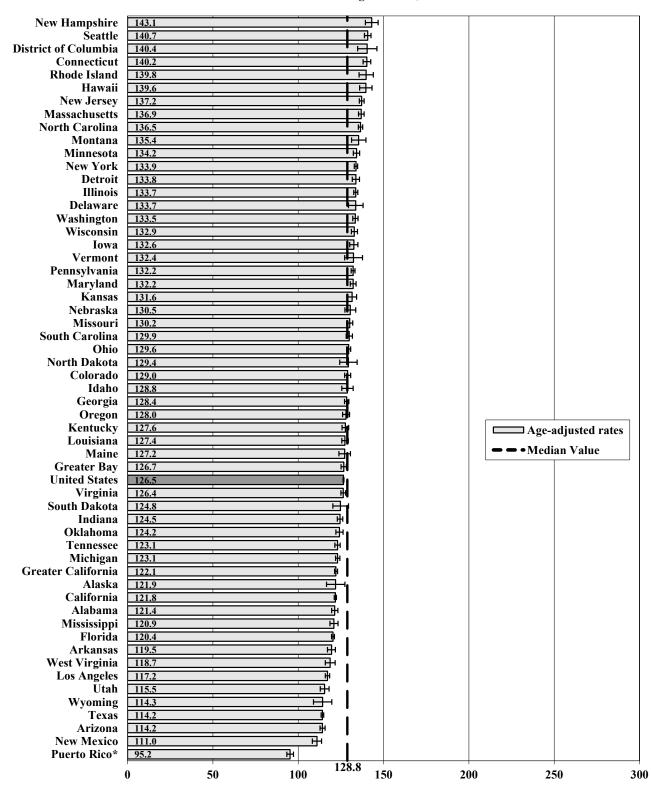
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Female Breast Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 33 Female Breast, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

> Female Breast Most Common Cancer Among White Females

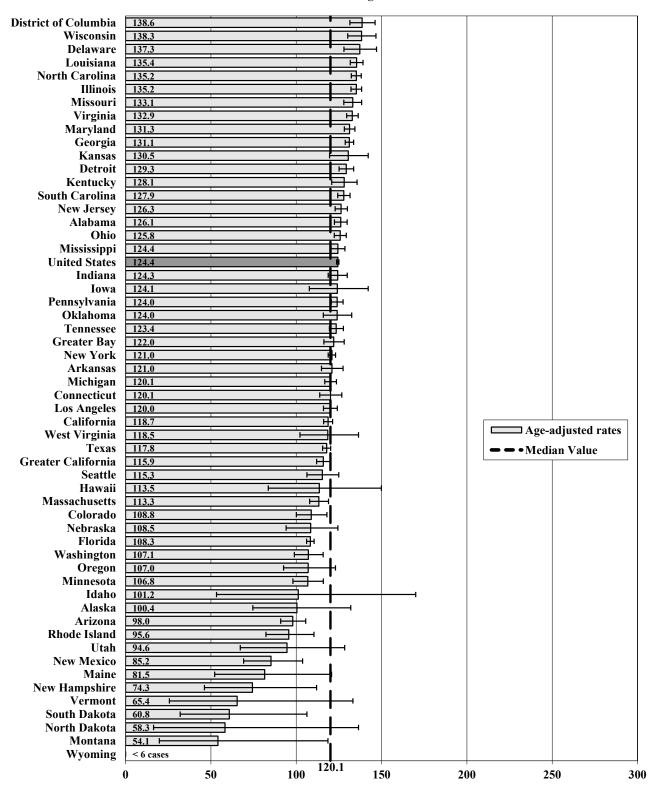
New Hampshire	144.7	· • •]-		
Seattle	144.4		μ		
Rhode Island	141.9		-		
Hawaii	141.1	t			
Connecticut	141.0	 _	.]		
			·		
New Jersey	140.7				
Massachusetts	139.1				
New York	138.8	₩			
Detroit	138.0	<u>н</u>			
District of Columbia	136.8				
North Carolina	136.0	• H			
Minnesota	135.8	一			
Greater Bay	135.4	ŧ _H			
Washington	135.0	1 #			
Montana	134.9				
Illinois	134.8				
Pennsylvania	133.6	₩			
Maryland	133.6				
Iowa	133.3	<u></u>			
Wisconsin	132.9	H			
Delaware	132.7	Ē-			
Vermont	132.4	i∎_			
Nebraska	132.3				
South Carolina	130.7	le la			
Kansas	130.5				
Colorado	130.3				
Ohio	130.2				
Oregon	129.9				
Missouri	129.9	H-1			
Idaho	128.5	H			
North Dakota	128.4				
Georgia	128.2	H		Age-adjusted rates	5
Kentucky	127.9	н.		• Median Value	
United States	127.8				
Maine	127.3				
South Dakota	125.6				
Alaska	125.6				
Virginia	125.4	i			
Indiana		T			
	125.1	T			
California	125.1				
Louisiana	125.0				
Greater California	124.5	н			
Michigan	123.8	¥			
Tennessee	122.9	н			
Oklahoma	120.7				
Los Angeles	119.3	н			
Mississippi	118.9	<u> </u>			
Florida	118.9	*			
Alabama	118.8	H			
West Virginia	118.7				
Arizona	117.1				
		I			
Arkansas	116.8				
Utah	116.7				
Texas	115.3				
Wyoming	115.1				
New Mexico	114.8				
	0 50	100 129.9	150 20	0 250	300
	v 3v	100	150 20	250	300

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

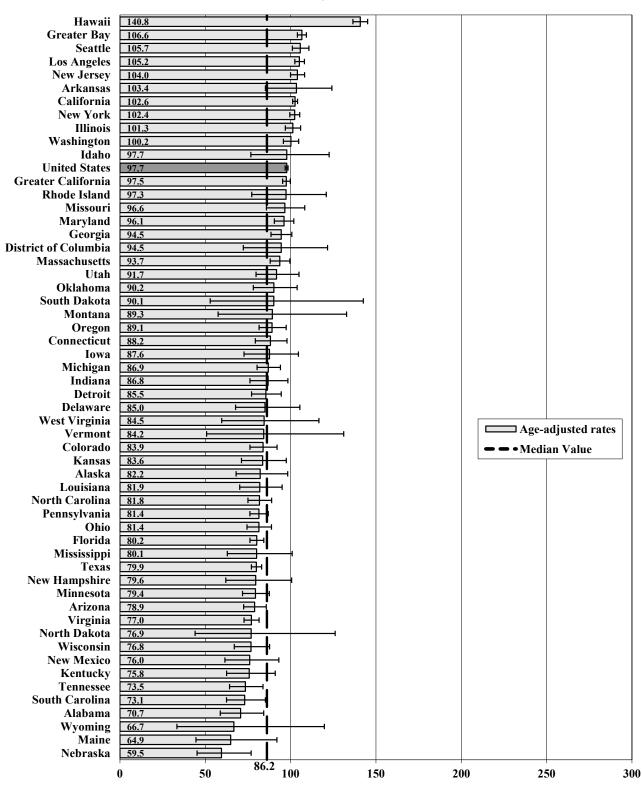
Female Breast Most Common Cancer Among Black Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females



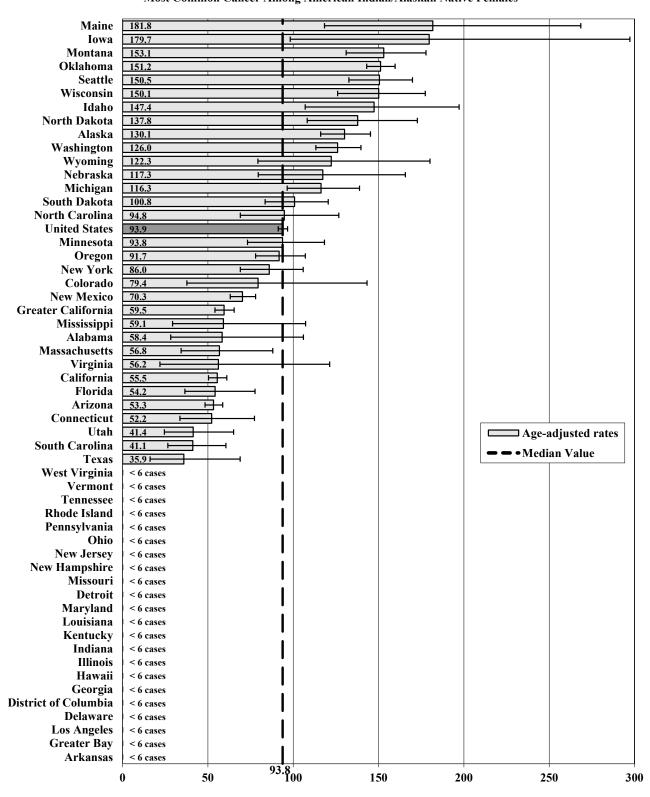
Female Breast Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

> Female Breast Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 37 Female Breast, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Female Breast Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Hawaii	160.9		H			
Seattle	132.4	i ' ⊢				
Detroit	122.9					
Connecticut	121.3					
Georgia	116.0		•			
Alaska	108.9					
New Hampshire	108.8					
New Jersey	108.3					
New York	107.4	H				
Colorado	106.9					
Idaho	106.2					
Washington	105.2					
Montana	105.0					
Maine	104.6					
Florida	104.3					
New Mexico	102.1					
Oregon	102.1					
Delaware	101.6					
Kansas	101.5					
Nebraska	101.2					
Greater Bay	99.7	I H-1				
Illinois	99.4					
Oklahoma	97.2					
Greater California	96.5					
United States	96.1					
Vermont	95.5	1	i			
Puerto Rico*	95.2					
Pennsylvania	94.0					
California	93.9					
Indiana	92.6					
Utah	92.5					
Arizona	92.5				🔲 Age-adjusted ra	ites
Louisiana	91.7				🗕 • Median Value	
Texas	90.6	<u> </u>				
Kentucky	90.1					
Rhode Island	89.6					
Massachusetts	89.2					
Arkansas	88.8					
Wyoming	87.9					
Los Angeles	87.9					
Tennessee	85.8					
South Carolina	85.2					
Wisconsin	85.1					
Maryland District of Columbia	84.9 84.7	╧╪╌╽╎				
District of Columbia	VII					
Minnesota	79.0 H					
Virginia	78.7 H					
Michigan	76.0	^{₽┩} ┃│				
Iowa	72.9					
Missouri	71.4	→ 」				
Ohio	70.4	→ ┃│				
South Dakota	69.3 —					
North Carolina	69.1	ı I				
North Dakota	62.7 H					
West Virginia	61.2	I				
Alabama	57.4					
Mississippi	47.9					
TATISSISSIDDI		03.0				
	0 50	93.9 100	150	200	250	300

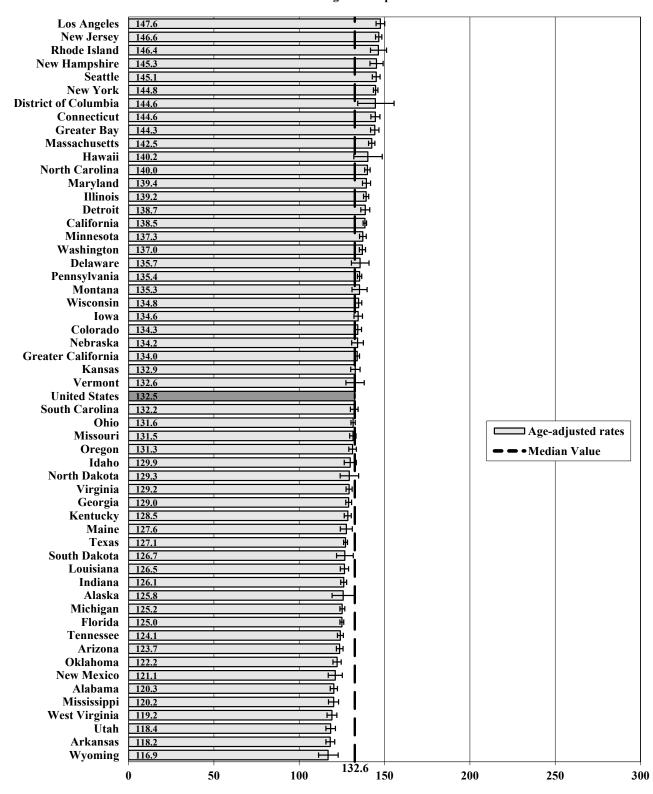
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

- ^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

> Female Breast Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

². See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 39 Female Breast, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Female Breast Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

Wisconsin	141.5			
District of Columbia	140.4			
Delaware	138.7			
North Carolina	137.2			
Illinois	137.0			
Louisiana	136.1			
Virginia	134.8			
New Jersey	134.5			
Missouri	133.9			
Maryland	133.0			
Kansas	132.0			
Georgia	131.2	н		
Detroit	129.6	F		
South Carolina	128.8	F		
Kentucky	128.8			
Connecticut	128.7			
Greater Bay	128.3			
	128.3			
Pennsylvania				
Ohio	127.3			
Iowa	127.3			
United States	127.1			
Alabama	126.7			
Oklahoma	126.1			
California	126.1	H-H-		
Los Angeles	126.0			
Indiana	125.8			
Mississippi	125.0			
Greater California	125.0			
New York	124.1			
Tennessee	123.9			
Arkansas	121.6			☐ Age-adjusted rates
Michigan	121.2			
Texas	120.6	<u>H</u>		— — • Median Value
West Virginia	119.9			
Massachusetts	119.6			
Seattle	117.3			
Seattle Hawaii	117.3 116.8			
Hawaii	116.8			
Hawaii Oregon	116.8 ► 115.8 ►		-	
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island	116.8 ⊢ 115.8 114.3		-	
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado	116.8 ► 115.8 114.3 113.7		-	
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska	116.8 115.8 114.3 113.7 112.0		-	
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska	116.8 ⊢ 115.8 − 114.3 − 113.7 − 112.0 − 111.1 − 110.6 − 108.5 − 108.2 ⊢			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah	116.8 ⊢ 115.8 − 114.3 − 113.7 − 112.0 − 111.1 − 110.6 − 108.5 − 108.2 ⊢ 107.1 ⊢			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 - 108.2 - 107.1 - 106.4 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona	116.8 ⊢ 115.8 − 114.3 − 113.7 − 112.0 − 111.1 − 110.6 − 108.5 − 108.2 ⊢ 107.1 ⊢			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 - 108.2 - 107.1 - 106.4 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico	116.8 ⊢ 115.8 − 114.3 − 113.7 − 112.0 − 111.1 − 110.6 − 108.5 − 108.2 ⊢ 107.1 ⊢ 106.4 ⊢ 105.3 −			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico New Hampshire	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 - 108.5 - 107.1 - 106.4 - 105.3 - 103.9 - 83.3 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico New Hampshire Maine	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 113.7 - 111.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 - 108.5 - 107.1 - 106.4 - 105.3 - 103.9 - 83.3 - 82.6 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico New Hampshire Maine Vermont	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 - 108.5 - 107.1 - 106.4 - 105.3 - 103.9 - 83.3 - 82.6 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico New Hampshire Maine Vermont North Dakota	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 - 108.2 - 107.1 - 106.4 - 105.3 - 103.9 - 83.3 - 68.7 - 60.0 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico New Hampshire Maine Vermont North Dakota Montana	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 - 108.5 - 107.1 - 106.4 - 105.3 - 103.9 - 83.3 - 82.6 - 68.7 - 58.9 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico New Hampshire Maine Vermont North Dakota South Dakota	116.8 + 115.8 114.3 113.7 113.7 112.0 111.1 110.6 108.5 108.2 + 107.1 + 106.4 + 105.3 103.9 103.9 + 83.3 + 68.7 + 58.9 + 53.9 +	+ - <td></td> <td></td>		
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico New Hampshire Maine Vermont North Dakota Montana	116.8 + 115.8 - 114.3 - 113.7 - 113.7 - 112.0 - 111.1 - 110.6 - 108.5 - 108.5 - 107.1 - 106.4 - 105.3 - 103.9 - 83.3 - 82.6 - 68.7 - 58.9 -			
Hawaii Oregon Rhode Island Colorado Nebraska Florida Washington Minnesota Alaska Utah Idaho Arizona New Mexico New Hampshire Maine Vermont North Dakota South Dakota	116.8 + 115.8 114.3 113.7 113.7 112.0 111.1 110.6 108.5 108.2 + 107.1 + 106.4 + 105.3 103.9 103.9 + 83.3 + 68.7 + 58.9 + 53.9 +) 250 30

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Mississippi 56.1 н Kentucky 55.9 н 52.4 Louisiana 52.2 West Virginia Arkansas 51.1 **Puerto Rico*** 49.7 Alabama 49.3 Illinois 48.7 Iowa 48.1 н Georgia 48.0 H Indiana 47.9 South Dakota 47.6 H Oklahoma 47.6 Nebraska 47.6 H North Dakota 47.2 Detroit H 47.1 Ohio 46.9 Tennessee 46.5 H Missouri 46.1 п Hawaii 46.0 Pennsylvania 45.9 П **New Jersey** 45.9 I Texas 45.2 Kansas 45.2 Alaska 45.2 **New York** 43.9 **United States** 43.6 South Carolina 43.4 Montana 43.4 Delaware 43.1 **District of Columbia** 42.6 North Carolina 42.1 □ Age-adjusted rates Minnesota 42.1 - • Median Value New Hampshire 41.8 Ы Michigan 41.7 Seattle 41.5 Florida 41.5 Los Angeles 41.4 Wisconsin 41.1 Maryland 40.9 Maine 39.9 **Greater California** 39.7 California 39.7 Connecticut 39.6 규 Massachusetts 39.4 Virginia 39.3 Idaho 39.2 H **Rhode Island** 39.1 н Washington 39.0 H Oregon 37.8 **New Mexico** 37.6 Ъ **Greater Bay** 37.5 37.3 Vermont н Arizona 37.0 Colorado 36.2 н Wyoming 35.7 ΞH Utah 32.0 卍 43.450 100 0 150 200 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 41 Colon and Rectum, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Mississippi 41.6 권 Kentucky 41.4 H Ъ West Virginia 40.5 39.3 Alaska H Louisiana 38.9 ₩ Iowa 38.8 F H Nebraska 38.6 Arkansas 37.9 H Alabama 37.5 Ŧ Detroit 37.4 н Ohio 36.6 Illinois 36.6 Indiana 36.5 South Dakota 35.7 ₽ Oklahoma 35.6 New Jersev 35.4 ŀ Tennessee 35.3 35.3 Pennsylvania North Dakota 35.3 А Missouri 35.1 Kansas 35.1 Georgia 35.1 **Puerto Rico*** 34.7 Hawaii 34.6 **District of Columbia** 34.2 New York 33.5 Delaware 33.5 Michigan 33.4 **United States** 33.4 Minnesota 33.3 Maine 33.1 32.8 Maryland □ Age-adjusted rates 32.6 Vermont - • Median Value South Carolina 32.6 32.4 Wisconsin North Carolina 32.4 Seattle 32.2 Montana 32.0 Idaho 31.9 Washington 31.6 Texas 31.6 Florida 31.6 Virginia 31.3 New Hampshire 31.3 н Connecticut 31.1 **Greater California** 31.0 Los Angeles 30.7 California 30.7 Oregon 30.5 Massachusetts 30.5 Wyoming 30.2 New Mexico 29.7 **Greater Bay** 29.7 **Rhode Island** 29.4 Н Colorado 29.2 Arizona 28.1 Utah 26.8 ₽ 33.4 50 0 100 150 200 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females

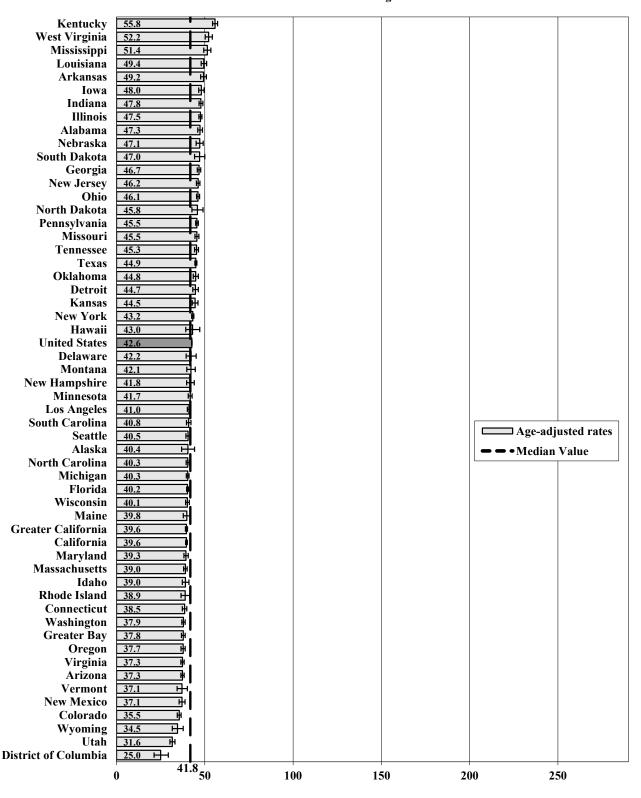
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males



Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among White Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 43 Colon and Rectum, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

Kentucky 41.2 West Virginia 40.8 Ŧł Mississippi 38.7 ₽ Nebraska 38.6 ∄ T. Iowa 38.6 Hawaii 37.7 Indiana 36.6 Louisiana 36.4 Η Ohio 36.1 Arkansas ₽ 36.1 Detroit 36.0 н Illinois 35.7 1 **New Jersey** 35.6 R 35.5 Alabama R South Dakota 35.0 Þ. Pennsylvania 34.6 ľ Tennessee 34.4 Missouri 34.4 Kansas 34.3 North Dakota 34.2 Delaware 33.6 Georgia 33.5 Oklahoma 33.4 New York 33.4 Maine 33.1 Minnesota 33.0 United States 32.8 Michigan 32.4 Seattle 32.2 Vermont 32.2 Maryland 32.2 □ Age-adjusted rates Alaska 32.0 Idaho 31.8 - • Median Value New Hampshire 31.6 Montana 31.5 Wisconsin 31.4 Washington 31.4 South Carolina 31.4 North Carolina 31.2 **Greater California** 31.2 Texas 31.1 California 31.0 **Greater Bay** 30.9 Los Angeles 30.7 Virginia 30.6 Florida 30.6 Oregon 30.4 Massachusetts 30.4 Connecticut 30.4 Wyoming 29.9 **New Mexico** 29.3 **Rhode Island** 29.0 Colorado 28.6 28.3 Arizona Utah 26.7 F **District of Columbia** 25.5 32.3 50 0 100 150 200 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among White Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Mississippi 68.8 H Louisiana 61.9 Arkansas 61.3 Illinois 60.3 Wisconsin 59.6 Detroit 59.6 Kentucky 57.8 Iowa 56.5 Nebraska 56.2 Tennessee 55.6 Alabama 55.4 Texas 55.2 **District of Columbia** 54.4 South Carolina 53.6 Georgia 53.3 Michigan 52.7 Indiana 51.9 Missouri 51.8 North Dakota 51.6 Delaware 50.9 **United States** 50.4 New Jersey 49.5 West Virginia 48.4 North Carolina 48.0 **New York** 47.3 Hawaii 47.3 Virginia 47.1 Maryland 47.1 Seattle 47.0 Oklahoma 46.9 Pennsylvania 46.4 □ Age-adjusted rates Minnesota 46.2 Ohio 45.5 - • Median Value Florida 45.0 Idaho 44.8 Kansas 43.8 Los Angeles 43.6 **Greater Bay** 43.0 Massachusetts 42.8 Connecticut 42.8 California 42.3 **Greater California** 40.8 Colorado 40.2 Washington 40.1 **New Hampshire** 39.3 Wyoming 38.0 Oregon 33.2 Utah 33.1 Arizona 31.0 Maine 29.7 Alaska 27.8 **Rhode Island** 27.5 South Dakota 19.6 New Mexico 19.5 Vermont < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases 47.1 50 0 100 150 200 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Black Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 45 Colon and Rectum, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Idaho 56.3 Arkansas 47.5 Mississippi 47.3 н Louisiana 46.0 Р Illinois 44.2 Wisconsin 44.0 Kentucky 43.9 Detroit 43.0 н Alabama 42.9 Iowa 41.9 Tennessee 40.3 Missouri 40.3 Nebraska 40.1 Georgia 39.8 Ъ Michigan 39.4 Texas 39.1 H **District of Columbia** 38.4 Oklahoma 38.3 Indiana 38.3 Kansas 38.2 New Jersey 37.7 **United States** 37.5 **Greater Bay** 37.0 Seattle 36.9 Pennsylvania 36.9 West Virginia 36.1 South Carolina 35.7 Ohio 35.7 Delaware 35.4 Maryland 35.1 North Carolina 35.0 □ Age-adjusted rates Washington 34.7 Colorado 34.5 Median Value Virginia 34.4 Los Angeles 34.3 New York 34.2 California 34.2 Florida 33.7 **Greater California** 32.7 Minnesota 31.8 Connecticut 31.6 Hawaii 30.9⊢ Massachusetts 30.1 New Mexico 30.0 Oregon 29.3 Arizona 29.0 Maine 25.0 **Rhode Island** 22.4 ⊦ Alaska 18.6 Utah 15.9 **New Hampshire** 14.0 Wyoming < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases 36.1 50 0 100 150 200 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

Wyoming 88.8 Hawaii 47.7 Oklahoma 43.8 Louisiana 42.9 Iowa 42.2 Rhode Island 41.8 Seattle 41.2 Los Angeles 40.0 H New York 39.6 Washington 38.7 Utah 38.0 Georgia 36.5 Kentucky 36.3 California 36.2 Oregon 36.1 Arkansas 35.9 Colorado 35.6 Illinois 35.5 **Greater California** 35.0 **United States** 34.7 Maine 34.5 **Greater Bay** 34.4 Kansas 34.1 Nebraska 33.9 Minnesota 33.8 South Dakota 32.9 New Mexico 32.9 Missouri 32.7 Massachusetts 32.7 Mississippi 31.8 Wisconsin 31.6 □ Age-adjusted rates Alaska 31.3 Maryland 31.1 - • Median Value 31.1 Alabama Pennsylvania 30.6 **New Jersey** 29.7 Т Texas 29.4 **District of Columbia** 29.2 Tennessee 28.4 Indiana 27.8 Florida 26.3 South Carolina 26.1 Michigan 26.1 Virginia 25.9 **New Hampshire** 25.21 Ohio 24.4 HH Idaho 24.0 North Carolina 23.1 Detroit 22.7 Connecticut **21.9** ⊢ Arizona 21.4 H Delaware 20.9 West Virginia 17.7 Vermont < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases 32.9 50 A 100 150 200 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males

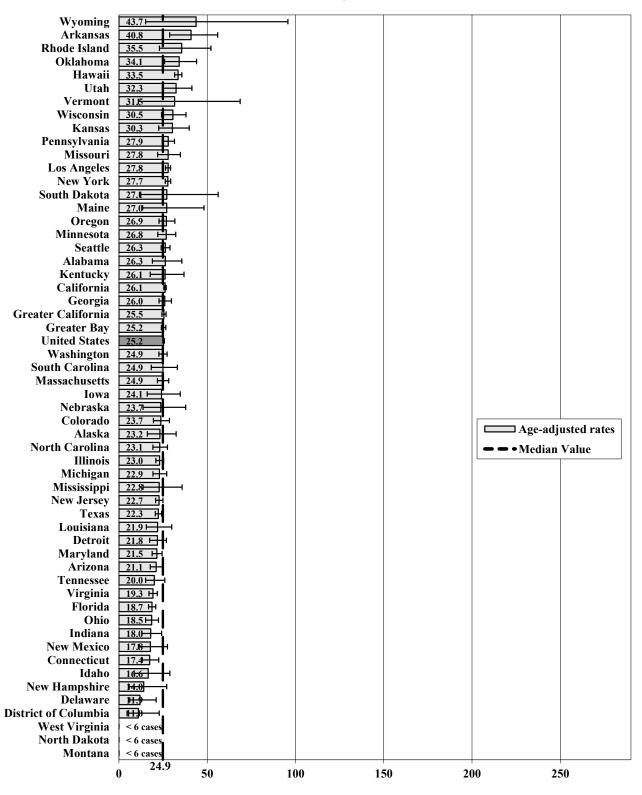
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 47 Colon and Rectum, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females



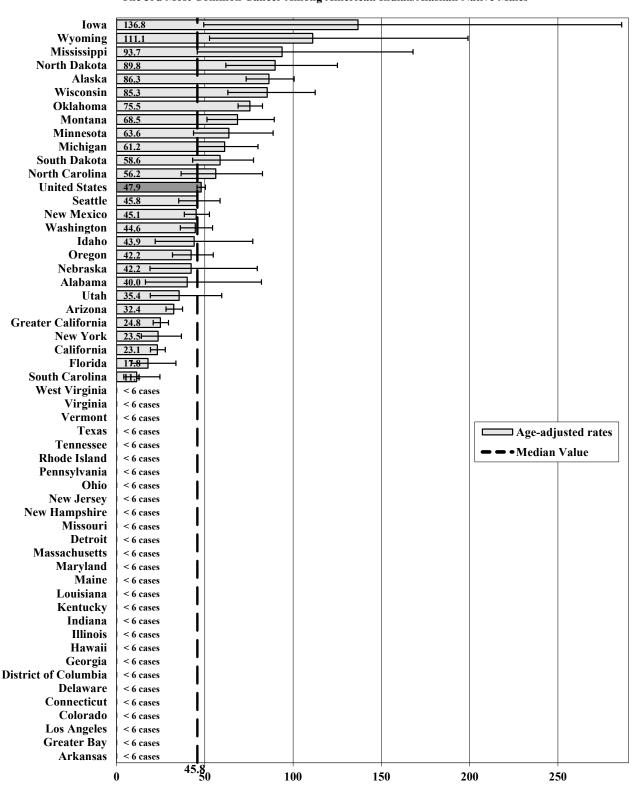
Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males



Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 49 Colon and Rectum, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

Mississippi 128.8 Iowa 105.4 Alaska 88.9 Idaho 65.4 Wisconsin 56.9 Oklahoma 56.4 Wyoming 55.5 Seattle 51.9 Minnesota 51.5 Montana 50.9 North Dakota 49.7 Washington 48.2 South Dakota 46.6 North Carolina 40.7 United States 39.2 Nebraska 38.8 Utah 34.8 **New Mexico** 34.6 Michigan 33.2 Maine 31.8 31.1 Oregon New York 30.3 Texas 29.5 **Greater California** 22.5 Arizona 22. California 21.5 Florida 18. South Carolina 16.2 Massachusetts 16.1 West Virginia < 6 cases Virginia < 6 cases □ Age-adjusted rates Vermont < 6 cases Median Value Tennessee < 6 cases **Rhode Island** < 6 cases Pennsylvania < 6 cases Ohio < 6 cases New Jersey < 6 cases **New Hampshire** < 6 cases Missouri < 6 cases Detroit < 6 cases Maryland < 6 cases Louisiana < 6 cases Kentucky < 6 cases Indiana < 6 cases Illinois < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Georgia < 6 cases **District of Columbia** < 6 cases Delaware < 6 cases Connecticut < 6 cases Colorado < 6 cases Los Angeles < 6 cases **Greater Bay** < 6 cases Arkansas < 6 cases Alabama < 6 cases 39.2 50 0 100 150 200 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females

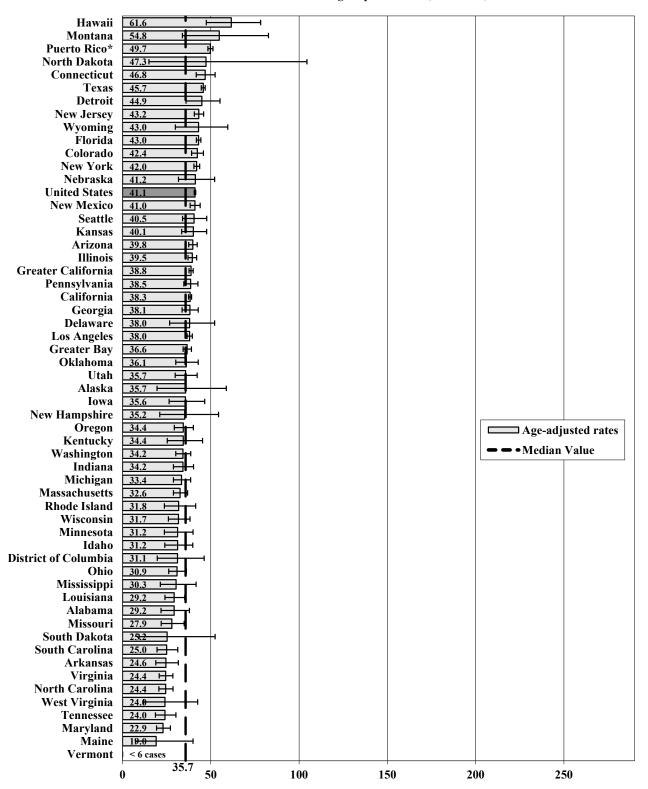
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males



Colon and Rectum The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

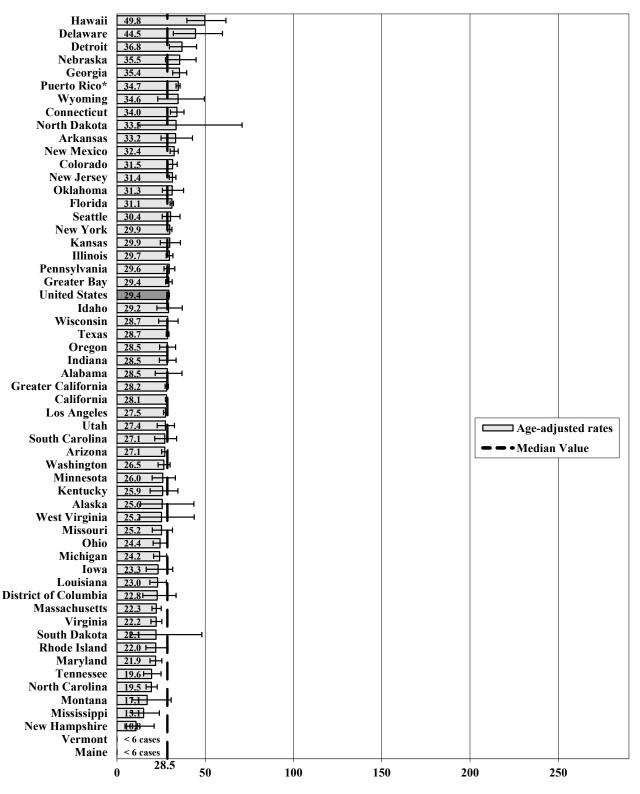
* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

51 Colon and Rectum, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

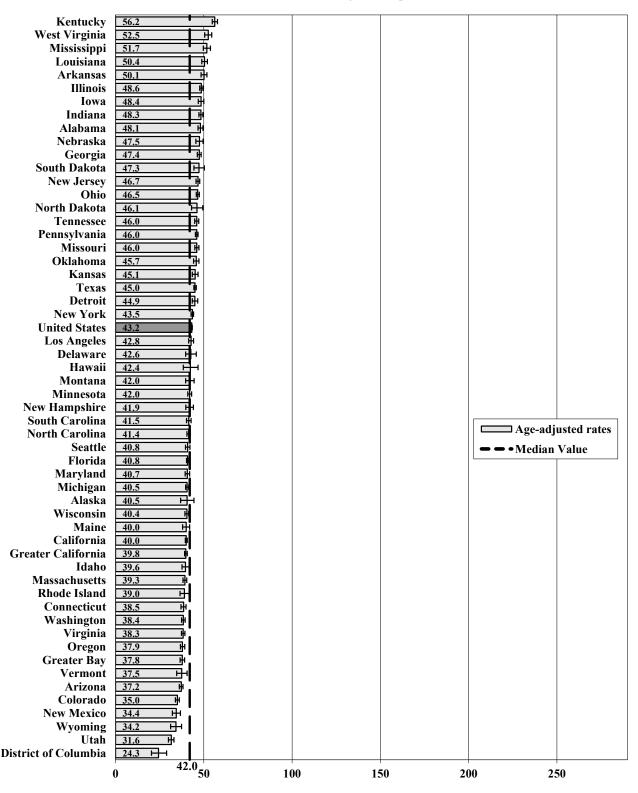
Colon and Rectum The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

- Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.
- ^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males



Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

². See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 53 Colon and Rectum, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

Kentucky	41.4	<u>ት</u>			
West Virginia	41.0	h			
Mississippi	39.1 H				
Iowa	38.9				
Nebraska	38.8 H				
Louisiana	36.8 単				
Indiana	36.8				
Arkansas	36.6 H				
Hawaii	36.5	1			
Ohio	36.4				
Illinois	36.2				
New Jersey	36.1				
Detroit	36.0 H				
Alabama	<u>35.7</u> 卅				
South Dakota	35.1				
Tennessee	34.8				
Pennsylvania	34.8				
Kansas	34.8				
Missouri	34.6				
North Dakota	34.4				
New York	34.0				
Oklahoma					
	33.7				
Georgia	33.5				
Delaware	33.5				
United States	33.4				
Maryland	33.3				
Maine	33.2 H				
Minnesota	33.1				
Los Angeles	32.8				
Michigan	32.7				
Seattle	32.3 H				
					Age-adjusted rates
Vermont	32.3 H				
Alaska	32.3				🗕 🗕 • Median Value
Texas	32.2				
North Carolina	31.9				
New Hampshire	31.9 H				
Idaho	31.9 H				
Montana	31.8 ⊢				
Washington	31.7				
South Carolina	31.7				
Greater California	31.7				
California	31.7				
Wisconsin	31.5				
Virginia	31.2				
Florida	31.2				
Massachusetts	30.8				
Greater Bay	30.7				
Oregon	30.4 H				
Connecticut	30.2				
Wyoming	29.8 H				
Rhode Island					
	<u>29.3</u>				
Arizona	28.7				
Colorado	28.5				
New Mexico	27.7 H				
Utah	26.7 H				
District of Columbia	25.8				
	33.0		1	-	
	0	50 1	00 1	50 2	00 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females

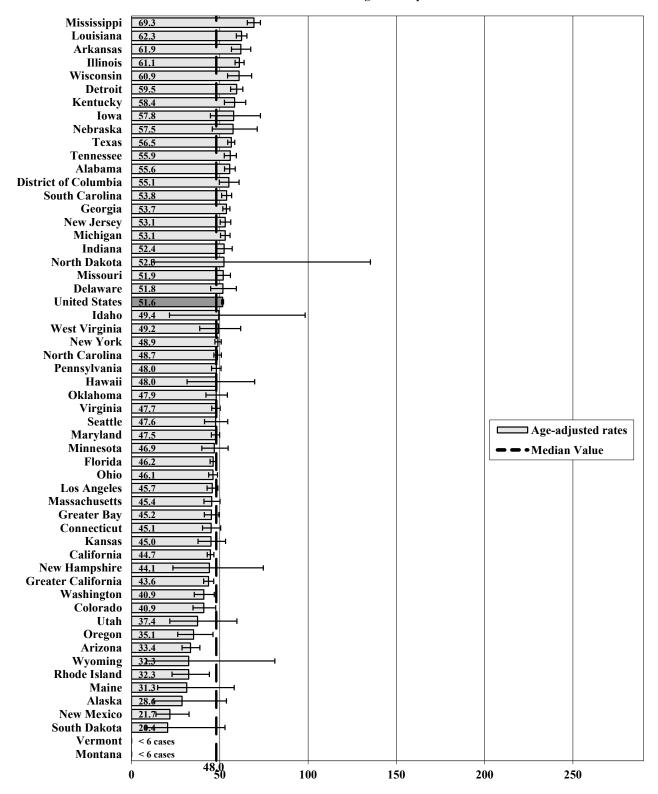
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males



Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

². See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 55 Colon and Rectum, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Idaho 62.2 Mississippi 47.6 H Arkansas 47.5 Louisiana 46.2 Wisconsin 45.0 Illinois 44.7 Kentucky 44.4 Detroit 43.1 Alabama 43.0 Iowa 42.3 Missouri 40.6 Tennessee 40.4 ᆎ Nebraska 40.0 Texas 39.9 규 Georgia 39.9 Michigan 39.7 Ъ New Jersey 39.5 **District of Columbia** 38.9 Oklahoma 38.7 Indiana 38.7 **Greater Bay** 38.6 **United States** 38.4 38.2 Kansas Pennsylvania 37.9 Seattle 37.3 West Virginia 36.4 Colorado 36.2 California 36.2 Ohio 36.1 South Carolina 35.9 Los Angeles 35.9 □ Age-adjusted rates Delaware 35.7 Maryland 35.5 • Median Value Washington 35.4 North Carolina 35.4 **New York** 35.4 Hawaii 35.4 **Greater California** 35.2 Virginia 34.8 Florida 34.7 New Mexico 34.3 Connecticut 33.5 Minnesota 32.4 Massachusetts 31.2 Oregon 31.0 Arizona 30.9 Maine 2618 **Rhode Island** 23.5 H Alaska 20.0 Utah 19.4 **New Hampshire** 16.4 Wyoming < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases 36.4 50 0 100 150 200 250

Colon and Rectum The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

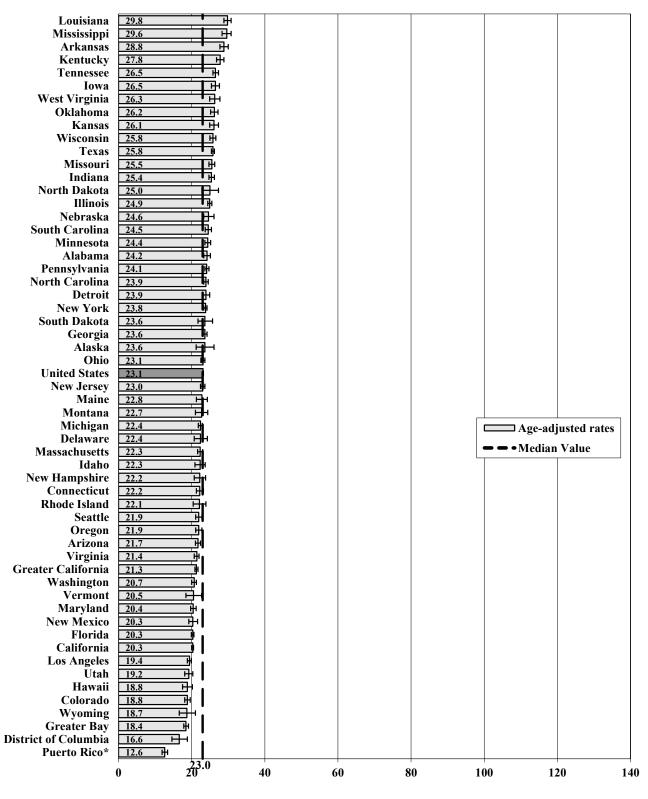
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 7th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 57 Kidney and Renal Pelvis, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

		-		1		1	
Mississippi	16.3	ው					
West Virginia	15.9 +	յ ∣					
Louisiana	15.7	ի					
Oklahoma	15.4	h					
Kentucky	15.3						
Arkansas	14.7						
Alaska	14.0						
Техаз	13.9	•					
Indiana	13.8 H						
Missouri	13.7						
Kansas	13.7 H						
Iowa	13.6 H						
Tennessee	13.3						
Alabama	13.1 H 12.8 H						
Ohio	12.8						
Wisconsin	12.5						
Nebraska	12.5						
Illinois	12.5						
Delaware	12.4						
South Carolina	12.3						
South Dakota	12.2						
South Dakota Maine							
Pennsylvania	12.0						
Georgia	12.0						
North Carolina	11.9						
Montana	11.8 H						
United States	11.8						
Detroit	11.5						
Michigan	11.4						
Idaho	11.4 HH						
New Mexico	11.3 H						
Minnesota	11.3					فالموصولا ليت	justed rates
Maryland	11.2						usicultaits
New York	11.1					🗕 🗕 • Median	Value
New Jersey	11.1						
Arizona							
	11.1						
Rhode Island	<u>11.0</u>						
Seattle	10.9						
Washington	10.9						
Vermont	10.9 H						
North Dakota	10.9 H						
Greater California	10.9						
Connecticut	10.7						
Massachusetts	10.6						
Virginia	10.4						
Oregon	10.4						
New Hampshire	10.3 H						
Florida	10.2						
Colorado	10.2						
California	10.2						
Wyoming	<u>10.1</u>						
Los Angeles	<u>9.8</u>						
Utah	<u>9.7</u> H						
District of Columbia		1					
District of Columbia	<u>9.4</u> HH						
Greater Bay	8.6						
Greater Bay Hawaii	8.6 ₩ 8.4 ₩						
Greater Bay	8.6 8.4 6.0						
Greater Bay Hawaii	8.6 ₩ 8.4 ₩	20 4	0 6	50 8	0 1	00 12	20 14

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 8th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females

1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Louisiana 30.7 н Mississippi 29.2 Arkansas 28.7 Kentucky 27.9 Iowa 26.7 Texas 26.6 West Virginia 26.5 Tennessee 26.3 Ъ Kansas 26.1 н Indiana н 25.4 Wisconsin 25.3 Missouri 25.3 н 25.0 Illinois New York 24.6 H **South Carolina** 24.5 North Dakota 24.5 Nebraska 24.2 Minnesota 24.2 Alabama 24.0 Oklahoma 23.9 Pennsylvania 23.7 New Jersey 23.7 Georgia 23.7 Detroit 23.4 North Carolina 23.3 **United States** 23.3 South Dakota 22.8 Ohio 22.8 Massachusetts 22.8 Maine 22.8 **Rhode Island** 22.5 □ Age-adjusted rates Alaska 22.5 **New Hampshire** 22.4 Median Value **Greater California** 22.4 Oregon 22.2 22.1 Seattle Delaware 22.1 Michigan 21.8 Connecticut 21.8 Idaho 21.7 California 21.6 Montana 21.3 Arizona 21.3 Washington 20.7 Los Angeles 20.6 **Greater Bay** 20.4 Maryland 20.3 Florida 20.3 Vermont 20.1 Virginia 20.0 Hawaii 19.7 Utah 19.4 New Mexico 19.0 Fł-Colorado 18.6 Wyoming 18.5 **District of Columbia** 10.5 H 22.8 20 0 40 60 80 100 120 140

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 7th Most Common Cancer Among White Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 59 Kidney and Renal Pelvis, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

West Virginia	16.3 H	<u>-</u> וי€						
Louisiana	16.1	յի						
Mississippi	15.4 H	H						
Kentucky	15.3 H							
Texas	14.4							
Oklahoma	14.3 H							
Arkansas	14.3 H							
Indiana	14.0							
Kansas	13.7 H							
Missouri	13.6 H 13.3 H							
Iowa	13.3 H							
Alaska	13.3	ı						
Alabama	13.2 H							
Ohio	12.9							
Tennessee	12.8							
Illinois	12.7							
Nebraska	12.4							
Delaware	12.3							
South Carolina	12.2							
Maine	12.2							
Wisconsin	12.0							
Georgia	12.0							
United States	12.0							
Pennsylvania	11.9							
New York	11.7							
New Jersey	11.6							
Greater California	11.5							
South Dakota	11.4 ⊢							
Minnesota	11.4							
North Carolina	11.3							
Michigan	11.3							I
Idaho	11.3 +						Age-adjusted r	ates
Seattle	11.2 H						Median Value	
Detroit	11.2 H							
Montana	11.1							
Washington	11.0							
Vermont	11.0							
California	11.0							
Arizona	11.0							
Rhode Island	10.8 H							
New Mexico								
Maryland	10.8 H							
Los Angeles	<u>10.7</u>							
Oregon	10.6							
Massachusetts	10.6							
Connecticut	10.4							
New Hampshire	10.3 屮							
North Dakota	10.2							
Wyoming								
Florida								
	10.1							
Colorado	10.1							
Utah	<u>9.9</u> H							
Virginia	9.6							
Greater Bay	9.5 ₩							
Hawaii	7.8							
District of Columbia	7.4							
_ istrict of Columbia	11.4							
	0	20	40	60	80	100	120	140

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 8th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

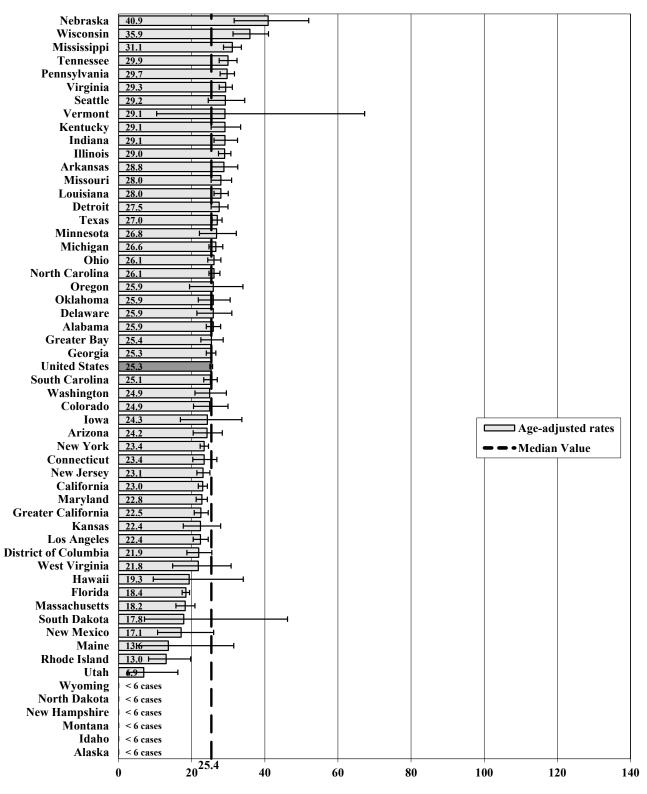
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Black Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 61 Kidney and Renal Pelvis, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 6th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

			1				
Alaska			1				
Iowa							
Wisconsin							
Kentucky		⊒+₁					
Mississippi	18.5	B					
Nebraska	18.3 H	▋┼──≀					
Tennessee		<u> </u>					
Arkansas		H					
Seattle	16.2	⊢ ⊣					
Washington	15.9						
Missouri							
Louisiana		1					
Pennsylvania	14.8 H						
Delaware	14.6 ⊢						
Texas	14.5						
Virginia	14.3 H						
Kansas	14.1						
North Carolina	14.0 H						
Indiana	14.0						
Detroit	13.8 H						
Oklahoma	13.7 ⊢	4					
Illinois	13.7 H						
Alabama							
Ohio	13.5 H						
Michigan	13.2 H						
Greater Bay	13.2 H						
South Carolina	13.1						
Georgia	13.1 H						
United States							
Maryland	12.8 H						
Greater California					Г		
Rhode Island	12.2					Age-ad	justed rates
Minnesota						🗕 🗕 • Median	Value
Oregon					L	Ivicular	value
California							
District of Columbia							
New Jersey							
Massachusetts	10.5 H						
Florida							
Los Angeles							
New York							
Connecticut							
Colorado	9.9						
Arizona							
West Virginia							
New Mexico	7.1						
Wyoming							
Vermont							
Utah	< 6 cases						
South Dakota	< 6 cases						
North Dakota	< 6 cases						
North Dakota New Hampshire							
New Hampshire Montana	< 6 cases						
	< 6 cases						
Maine Idaho	•						
	< 6 cases						
Hawaii			<u> </u>				ļ
	0 13.6	20 4	40 (50 8	0 1	00 12	20 14

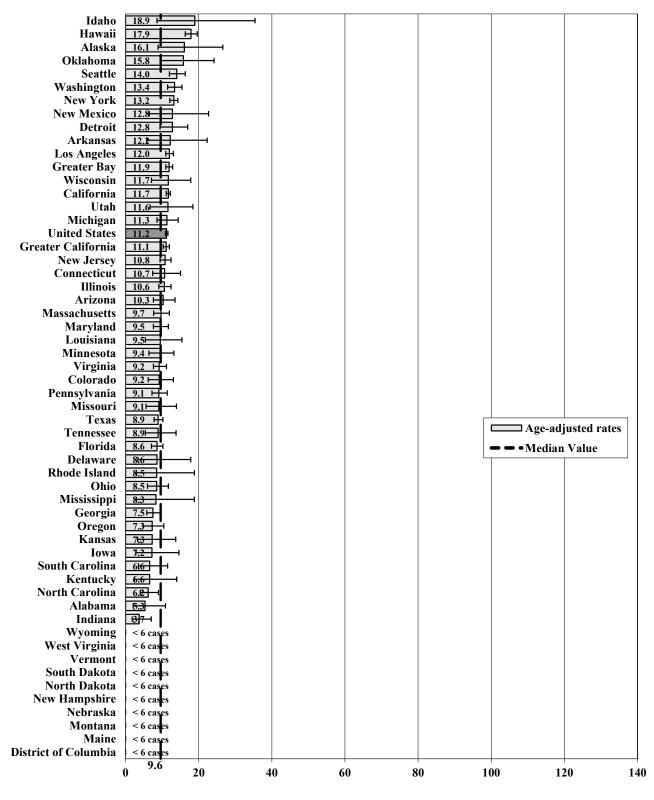
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 9th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males



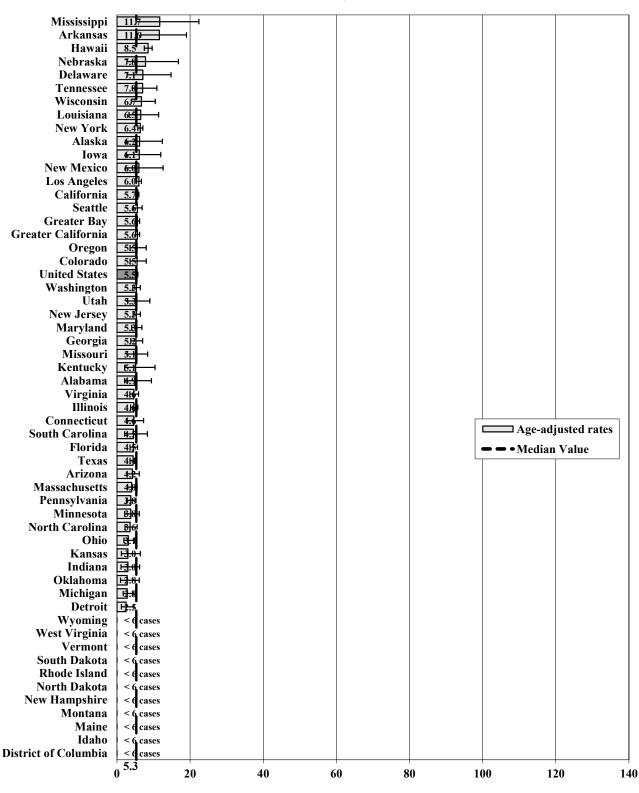
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 63 Kidney and Renal Pelvis, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females



Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 13th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

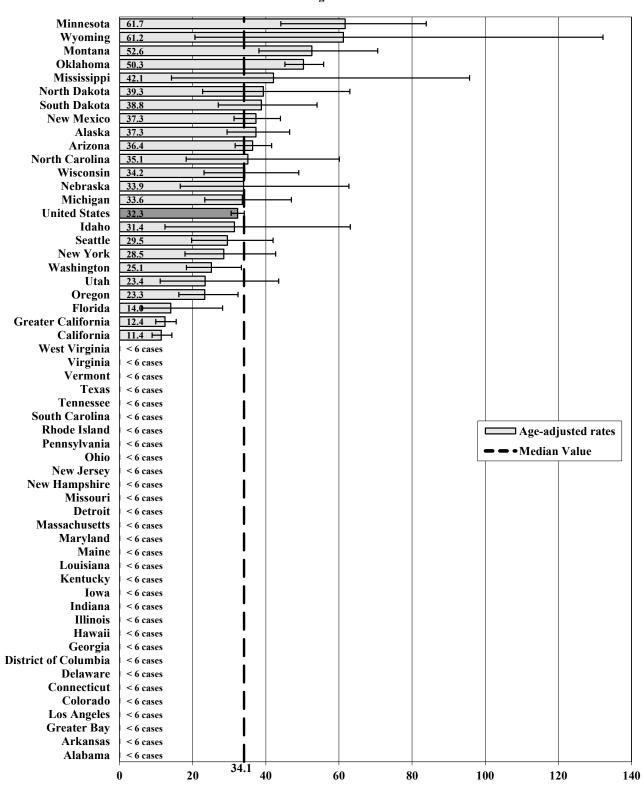
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

> Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 4th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

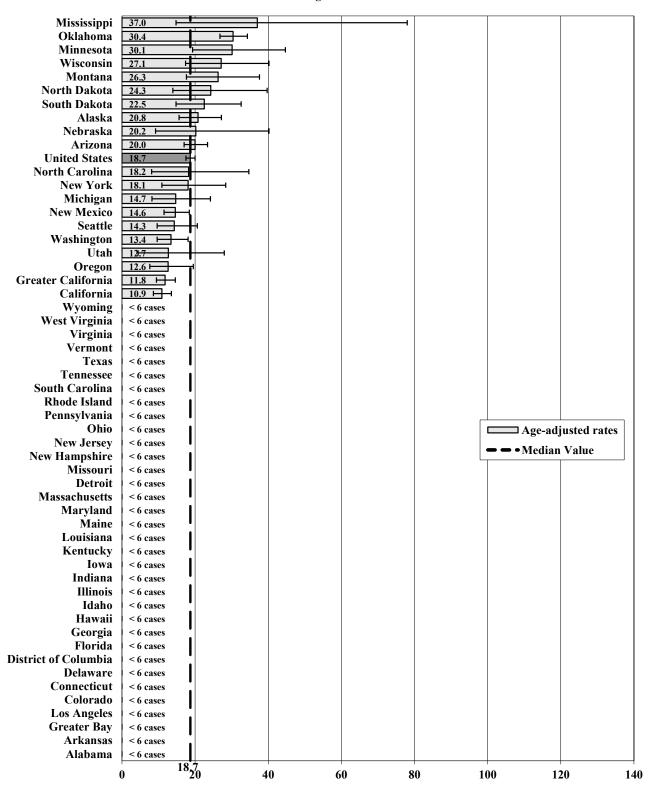
^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 65 Kidney and Renal Pelvis, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

> Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 5th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

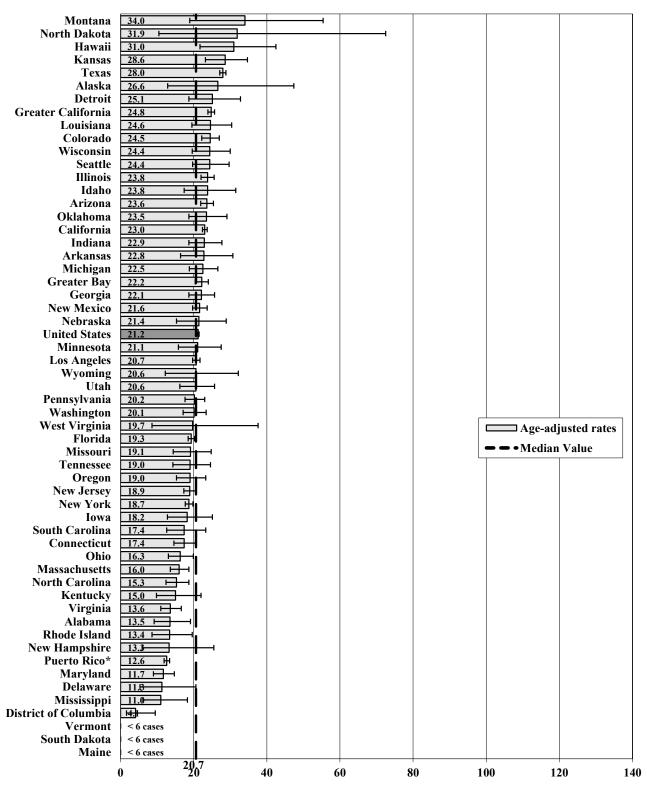
² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

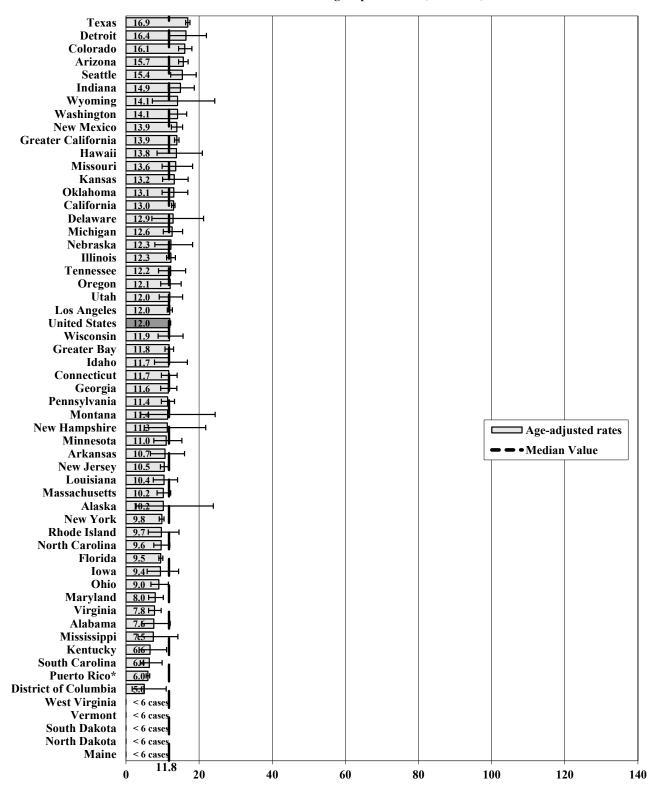
* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

67 Kidney and Renal Pelvis, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

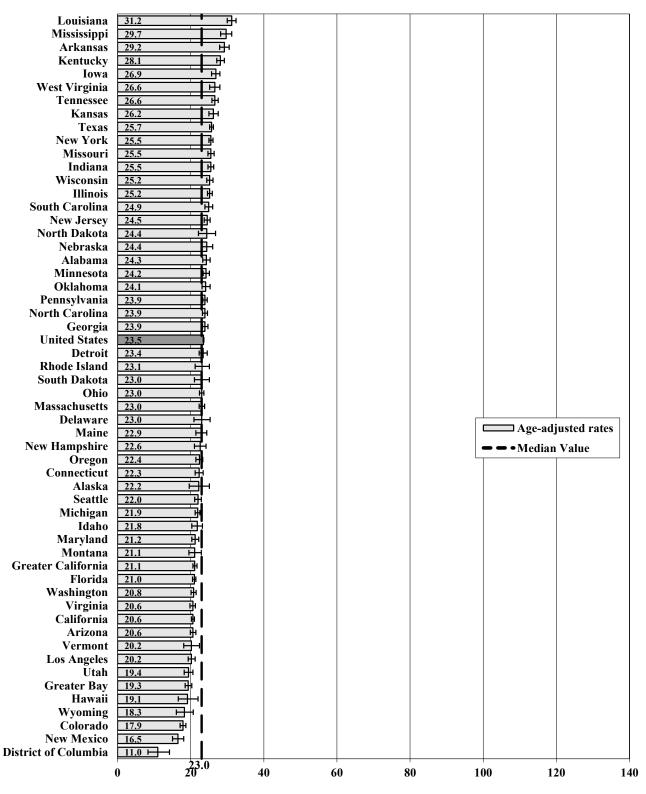


N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

- Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.
- ^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

². See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 69 Kidney and Renal Pelvis, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

West Virginia	16.4	₽•						
Louisiana	16.4	ው						
Mississippi	15.6	ի						
Kentucky	15.4 +	H						
Arkansas	14.6	4						
Oklahoma	14.4 H							
Indiana	13.9							
Missouri	13.7 H							
Kansas	13.6 H							
Iowa	13.4 H							
Alabama	13.4 H							
Alaska	13.3	•						
Texas	13.0							
Ohio	13.0							
Tennessee	12.9							
Illinois	12.8							
Delaware	12.5							
South Carolina	12.4							
Nebraska	12.4							
Maine	12.3							
Georgia	12.1							
Wisconsin	12.0							
New York	12.0							
Pennsylvania	11.9							
United States	11.8							
North Carolina	11.6							
New Jersey	11.6							
South Dakota	11.5 +							
Minnesota	11.3							
Idaho	11.3 H							
Michigan	11.2							
Maryland	11.2						Age-adjusted r	ates
Vermont								
	11.1						Median Value	
Rhode Island	11.1 H							
Montana	11.1 H							
Seattle	11.0							
Detroit	11.0							
Washington	10.9							
Massachusetts	10.6							
Oregon	10.5							
New Hampshire	10.4 H							
Florida	10.4							
Connecticut	10.3 H							
North Dakota								
Greater California								
Wyoming	9.9 +							
Virginia	<u>9.9</u>							
Utah	<u>9.7 H</u>							
Arizona	9.7 H							
California	9.6							
Colorado	9.1							
New Mexico	8.8 4							
Los Angeles	8.7 H							
Greater Bay	8.3 4							
District of Columbia								
	7.8							
Hawaii								
	0 11.4	20	40	60	80	100	120	14
	~					100		1-1

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 8th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

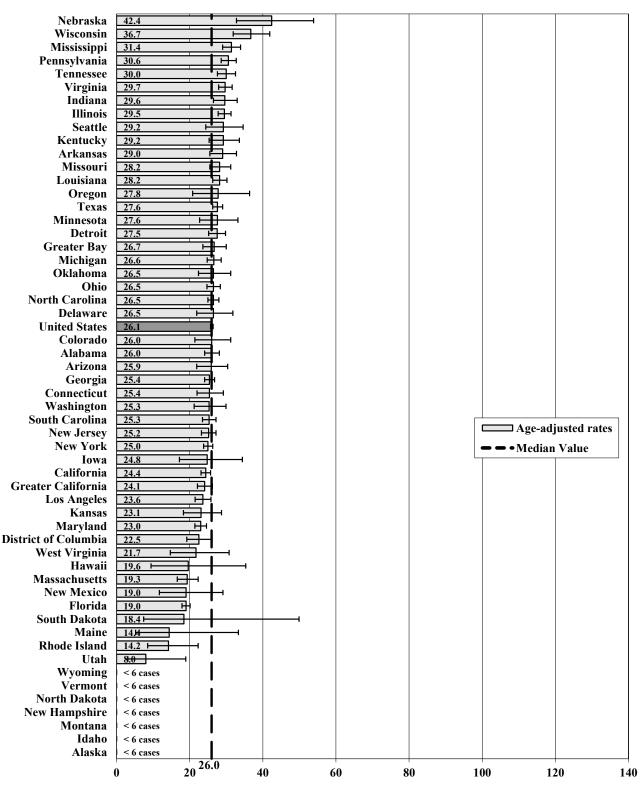
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 71 Kidney and Renal Pelvis, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Kidney and Renal Pelvis The 6th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

Alaska	28.7					
Iowa	24.8					
Wisconsin						
Nebraska	18.9					
Kentucky	18.8					
Mississippi						
Tennessee	16.7 H H					
Arkansas						
Seattle	16.6					
Washington	16.5					
Missouri	15.7					
Louisiana	15.3					
Pennsylvania	15.2					
Texas	14.8					
Delaware						
Virginia	14.5					
Kansas	14.3					
North Carolina	14.2 H					
Indiana	14.2					
Illinois	14.0 H					
Rhode Island	13.9					
Oklahoma	13.9					
Greater Bay	13.9 H					
Greater California	13.8 ++					
Ohio	13.7 H					
Detroit	13.7 H					
Alabama	13.7					
United States	13.5					
South Carolina	13.2 H					
Michigan	13.2 H					
Georgia	13.1 H			Г		
Oregon	13.0				Age-ad	justed rates
Maryland	12.9 H				🗕 🗕 • Median	Value
California	12.6 屮			L		
Minnesota						
New Jersey	11.5 +					
Massachusetts						
District of Columbia						
Los Angeles	10.9 H					
Florida	10.7 屮					
Colorado	10.7					
New York	10.6 叶					
Connecticut						
Arizona	9.7 +					
New Mexico	8.9					
West Virginia	8.3					
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
Utah	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Idaho	< 6 cases					
Hawaii	< 6 cases					
	130	40 -	+ +	0 1		+
	0 13.9 20	40 (50 8	U 10	00 11	20 14

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

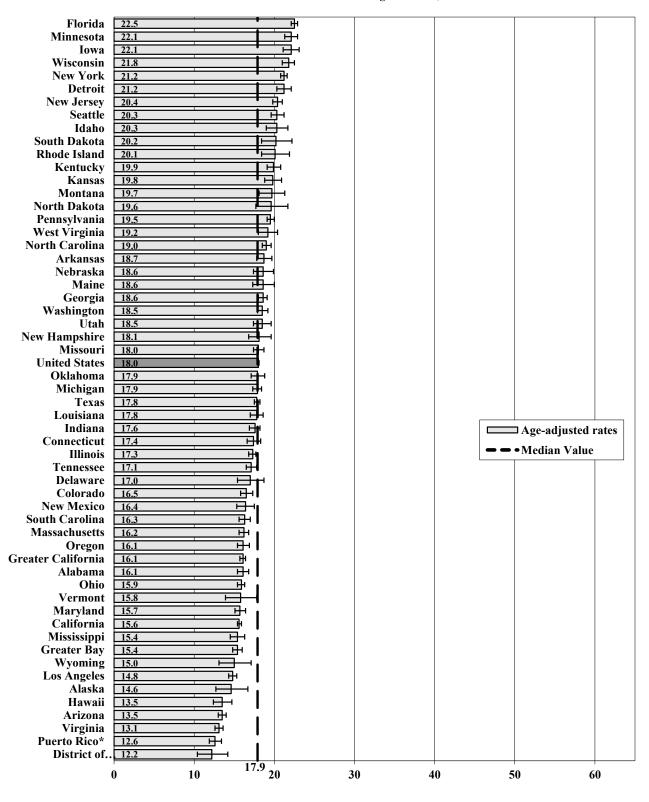
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Leukemia The 9th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 73 Leukemia, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Leukemia						
The 10th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females						

Florida	14.6 H					
South Dakota	13.5					
Idaho	12.8					
West Virginia	12.6					
Kentucky	12.6					
New York	12.5					
New Jersey	12.4 H					
Detroit	<u>12.4</u>					
Wisconsin	12.3 H					
North Dakota	12.3					
Iowa	12.3					
Minnesota	12.2					
Seattle	12.0					
Maine						
	11.7					
Pennsylvania	<u>11.6</u>					
Georgia	11.5 H					
Arkansas	11.4					
Connecticut	11.3					
Washington	11.1					
Texas	11.1					
Oklahoma						
North Carolina	11.0					
New Mexico						
United States	11.0					
Nebraska	10.9 H-I					
Louisiana	10.9 H					
Utah	10.8					
Michigan	10.8					
Kansas	10.8					
Montana	10.7					
Rhode Island						
Missouri	10.6 H				Age-ad	ijusted rates
Illinois	10.5 H					-
Tennessee	10.4 H				Media	n Value
Oregon	10.4 H					
South Carolina	10.3					
Indiana	10.2 H					
Colorado						
Alabama	<u>10.1</u>					
Greater California	10.0 H					
New Hampshire	9.9					
Maryland	9.9 H					
Vermont	9.7					
Massachusetts	9.7					
Ohio	9.6					
Mississippi	9.6 11					
California	9.6					
Wyoming	9.5					
Delaware	9.3					
Los Angeles	9.3 H					
Virginia	9.0 叶					
Alaska	8.8					
Puerto Rico*	8.7					
Greater Bay						
Arizona	8.5 H					
Hawaii	7.9					
District of						
	0 10.8	20	30	40	50	60
	v 10	20	50	-10	50	00

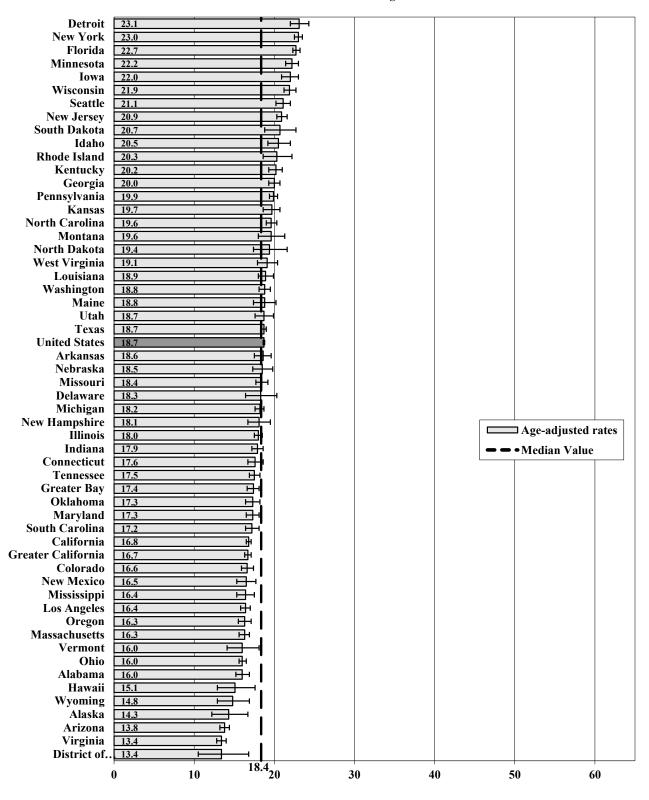
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Leukemia The 9th Most Common Cancer Among White Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 75 Leukemia, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

Florida	14.5	Η					
South Dakota	13.7						
New York	13.6	<u> </u>					
Detroit	13.4						
New Jersey	12.8	H					
Idaho	12.8						
West Virginia	12.6						
Kentucky	12.6	н н					
Seattle	12.4	<u>_</u>					
North Dakota	12.4						
Iowa	12.3						
Wisconsin	12.2	<u>н</u>					
Georgia	12.1	₽					
Minnesota	12.0	B H					
Pennsylvania	11.9	 Ъ					
Maine	11.9						
Louisiana	11.9						
Texas	11.7	H .					
Connecticut	11.5	H					
North Carolina	11.4	ի					
United States	11.4)					
Washington	11.3	ĥ					
Arkansas	11.2	Li					
New Mexico	11.1	_					
		- -					
Nebraska		-					
Illinois	11.0	4					
Utah	10.8 H	-					
Montana	10.8						
Missouri	10.8 H	1					
Michigan	10.8	l					
Rhode Island	10.7 H	-					
Tennessee	10.6 H	1				□ Ag	ge-adjusted rates
Oregon	10.6						
					l L		edian Value
Oklahoma	10.6 H	1					
Greater California	10.6						
Maryland	10.5 H						
Indiana	10.5 H						
South Carolina	10.4 H						
California	10.4						
Kansas	10.3						
Colorado	E						
Hawaii		-					
Mississippi							
Los Angeles	<u>10.0</u> H						
Alabama	10.0 H-1						
New Hampshire	9.9						
Greater Bay	9.9 H						
Vermont	9.8	4					
Ohio	9.7 H						
Massachusetts							
	<u>9.7</u>						
Alaska	9.7	-					
Delaware	9.6						
Wyoming	9.4						
Virginia	9.2 H						
Arizona	8.6 H						
District of.							
	10	8 .					
	o 18 [.]	2	20 3	0 4	0	50	60

Leukemia The 9th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

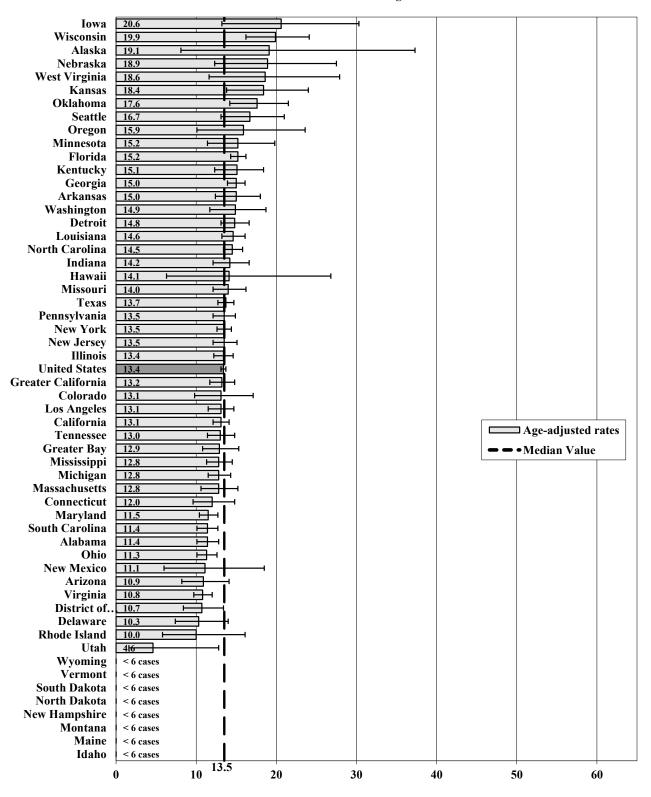
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Leukemia The 11th Most Common Cancer Among Black Males



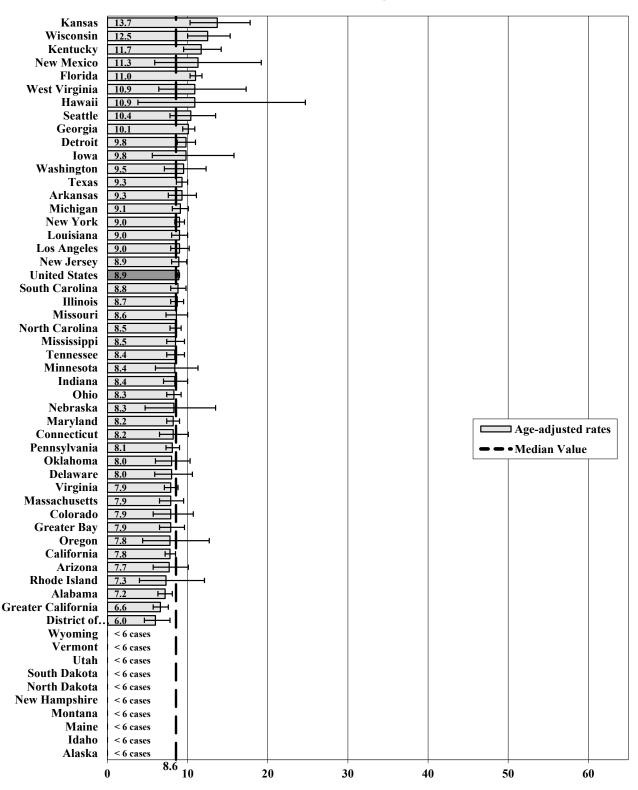
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 77 Leukemia, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females



Leukemia The 10th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

New Mexico 20.7 Kentucky 18.4 Iowa 17.3 **New Hampshire** 16.7 Alaska 14.3 Arkansas 13.9 Delaware 13.3 Oklahoma 13.0 New York 12.2 Hawaii 12.1 Kansas 11.7 Georgia 11.7 North Carolina 11.0 **New Jersey** 10.9 Wisconsin 10.8 Seattle 10.7 Colorado 10.7 Mississippi 10.5 Washington 10.4 Texas 10.4 Nebraska 10.4 **Greater Bay** 10.4 Arizona 10.3 Oregon 10.1 **United States** 10.1 Illinois 9.9 Pennsylvania 9.8 Detroit 9.8 Indiana 9.8 Ohio 9.7 Massachusetts 9.4 □ Age-adjusted rates Maryland 9.4 Florida 9.4 - • Median Value California 9.4 Tennessee 9.3 Minnesota 9.3 **Greater California** 9.3 Michigan 9.2 Los Angeles 8.6 Louisiana 8.3 Utah 8.0 Connecticut 7.9 South Carolina 7.7 Alabama 7.3 Virginia 6.9 Missouri 4.9 Wyoming < 6 cases West Virginia < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases **Rhode Island** < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases Maine < 6 cases Idaho < 6 cases District of ... < 6 cases 102 20 0 30 40 50 60

Leukemia The 11th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males

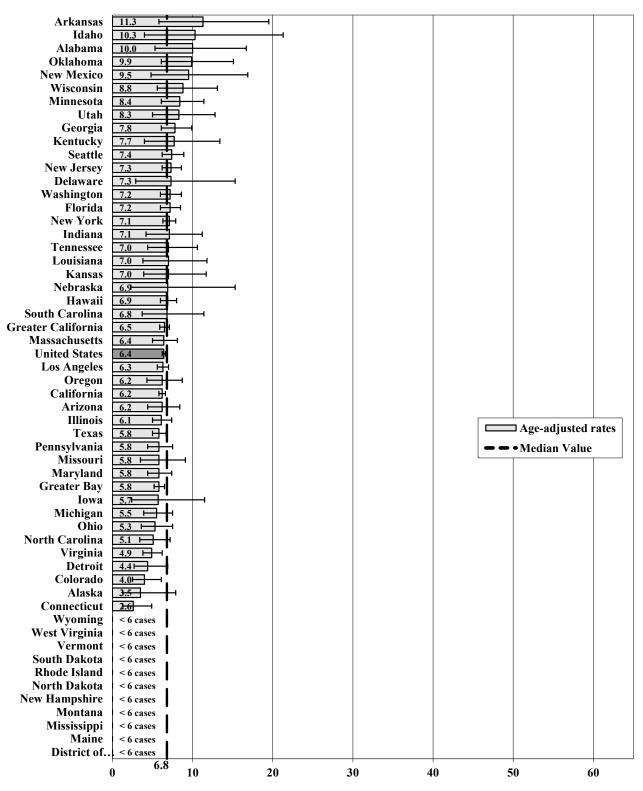
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 79 Leukemia, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females



Leukemia The 11th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

Nebraska 29.0 Seattle 22.6 Oklahoma 21.6 Wisconsin 21.5 Montana 20.1 North Dakota 19.6 Washington 19.0 Minnesota 16.2 New York 15.5 Alaska 14.1 **United States** 13.3 Oregon 11.4 Michigan 9.4 South Dakota 9.3 **New Mexico** 9.3 **Greater California** 8.9 California 8.3 Arizona 8.1 Wyoming < 6 cases West Virginia < 6 cases Virginia < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases Utah < 6 cases Texas < 6 cases Tennessee < 6 cases South Carolina < 6 cases Rhode Island < 6 cases Pennsylvania < 6 cases Ohio < 6 cases North Carolina < 6 cases **New Jersey** < 6 cases □ Age-adjusted rates **New Hampshire** < 6 cases - • Median Value Missouri < 6 cases Mississippi < 6 cases Detroit < 6 cases Massachusetts < 6 cases Maryland < 6 cases Maine < 6 cases Louisiana < 6 cases Kentucky < 6 cases Iowa < 6 cases Indiana < 6 cases Illinois < 6 cases Idaho < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Georgia < 6 cases Florida < 6 cases District of. < 6 cases Delaware < 6 cases Connecticut < 6 cases Colorado < 6 cases Los Angeles < 6 cases **Greater Bay** < 6 cases Arkansas < 6 cases Alabama < 6 cases 14.8 20 0 10 30 40 50 60

Leukemia The 10th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

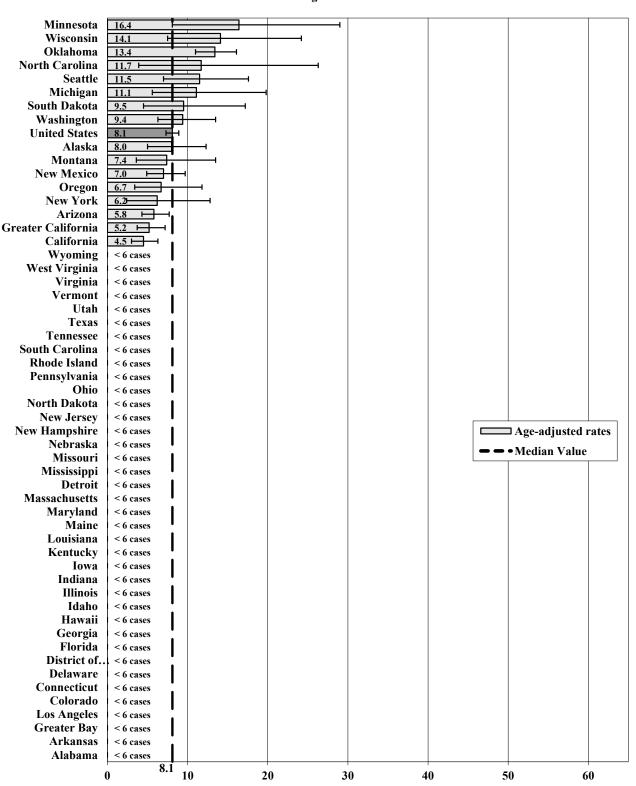
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 81 Leukemia, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females



Leukemia The 12th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Hawaii 24.5 Montana 20.4 Delaware 18.6 District of. , 18.4 Florida 18.0 Georgia 17.3 Detroit 16.0 **New Jersey** 15.8 New York 15.7 Idaho 15.1 Connecticut 15.1 Seattle 14.9 Pennsylvania 14.4 Rhode Island 14.0 Nebraska 14.0 New Mexico 13.9 Arkansas 13.9 Oregon 13.8 Alaska 13.6 Illinois 13.5 Kansas 13.4 United States 13.4 Utah 13.1 Minnesota 13.1 Texas 13.0 **Puerto Rico*** 12.6 Wisconsin 12.5 Oklahoma 12.5 Kentucky 12.3 Tennessee 12.2 Washington 12.1 **Greater Bay** 12.1 □ Age-adjusted rates Ohio 11.9 Median Value Los Angeles 11.9 California 11.9 **Greater California** 11.8 Michigan 11.7 Indiana 11. West Virginia 11.2 North Carolina 11.2 Colorado 11.2 Wyoming 11.0 Alabama 10.9 Arizona 10.6 Massachusetts 10.4 Missouri 10.3 Iowa 10.1 Louisiana 10.0 Maryland 9.9 **South Carolina** 8.9 **New Hampshire** 8.8 H Virginia 79 Mississippi 5.8 Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases Maine < 6 cases 10^{12.5} 0 20 30 40 50 60

Leukemia The 8th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

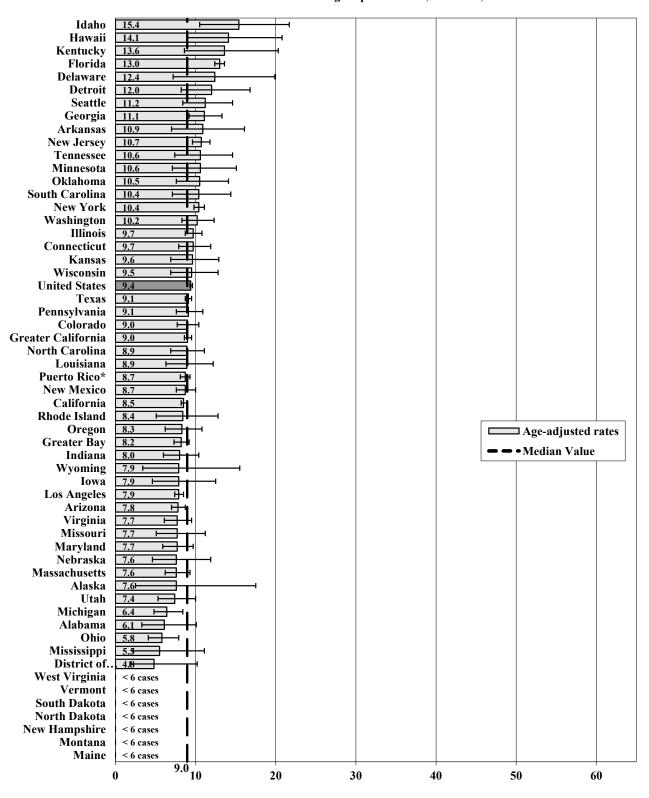
* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

83 Leukemia, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

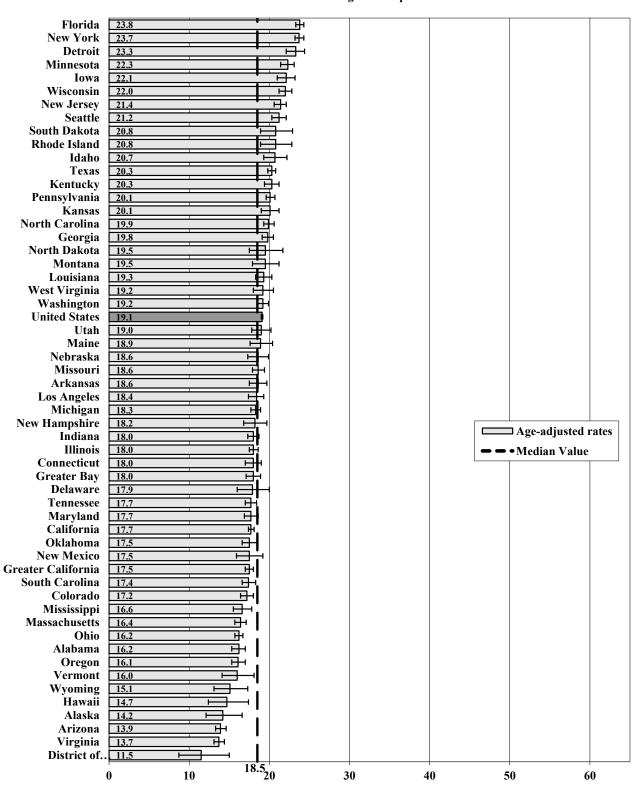
Leukemia The 11th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

- ¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.
- ² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males



Leukemia The 9th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 85 Leukemia, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

Leukemia
The 9th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females

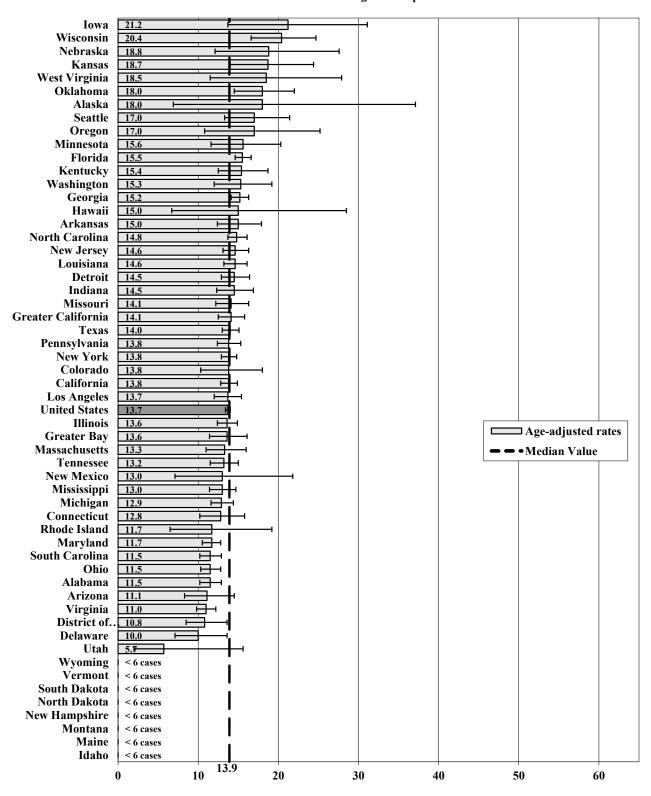
		_					
Florida	14.8	<u> </u>					
New York	13.9	<u>н</u>					
South Dakota	13.8						
Detroit	13.3						
New Jersey	12.9	1					
Idaho	12.9						
		╪╤╌					
New Mexico	12.7						
West Virginia	12.6						
North Dakota	12.6						
Kentucky	12.5						
Seattle	12.4						
Texas	12.4						
Iowa	12.3	┛┲┥					
Wisconsin	12.2	TH-					
Pennsylvania	12.0	Ŧ <u>Ţ</u>					
Louisiana	12.0	TEL .					
Georgia	12.0	₽ ₽,`					
		Ŧ.					
Minnesota	11.9	# ".					
Maine	11.9						
Connecticut	11.6						
North Carolina	11.5	┹					
United States	11.5	₽					
Arkansas	11.3	Ē-					
Washington	11.2	∎H-					
Rhode Island	11.2	1 -1					
Los Angeles	11.2	T i⊣					
Nebraska	11.1	T .					
Utah	11.0	L					
Montana	10.9 F						
Missouri	10.9	a. '					
		£					
Michigan	10.9	.				Age-adjusted 1	rates
Illinois	10.9	5					
Maryland	10.8	5				 Median Value 	
Tennessee	10.7						
Oklahoma	10.7 H	÷					
Oregon	10.6	₽					
Greater California	10.6	H					
California	10.6	R					
South Carolina	10.4	-• H					
Kansas	10.4 ⊢	il.					
Indiana	10.4	11 Li					
	10.4	i.					
Mississippi		. T					
Colorado	10.3 H	l I					
Alabama	<u>10.2</u> ⊢	1					
Vermont	10.0 H						
New Hampshire	10.0 H	1					
Greater Bay	9.9 H	4					
Ohio	9.8 H						
Massachusetts	9.8 H	-					
Alaska	9.6	Ð					
Virginia	9.4 H						
Wyoming	9.3	4					
Hawaii	9.3						
Delaware	9.2	_] [*]					
		1					
Arizona District of	8.6	.1					
District of.							ļ]
	o ło	1 ^{.0} 2	0 30) 4	0 5	0 6	0
		- 4				- 0	~

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

- ¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.
- ^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

Leukemia The 11th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

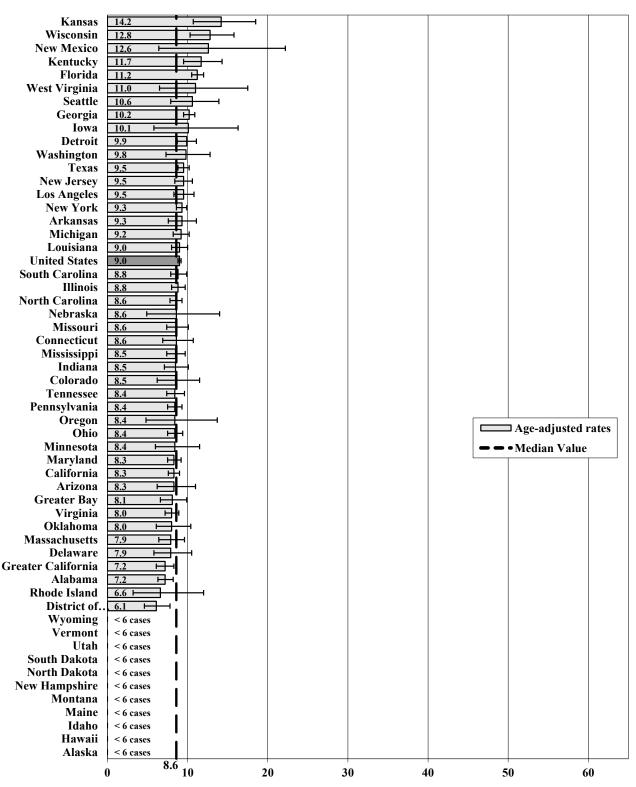
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 87 Leukemia, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females



Leukemia The 10th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

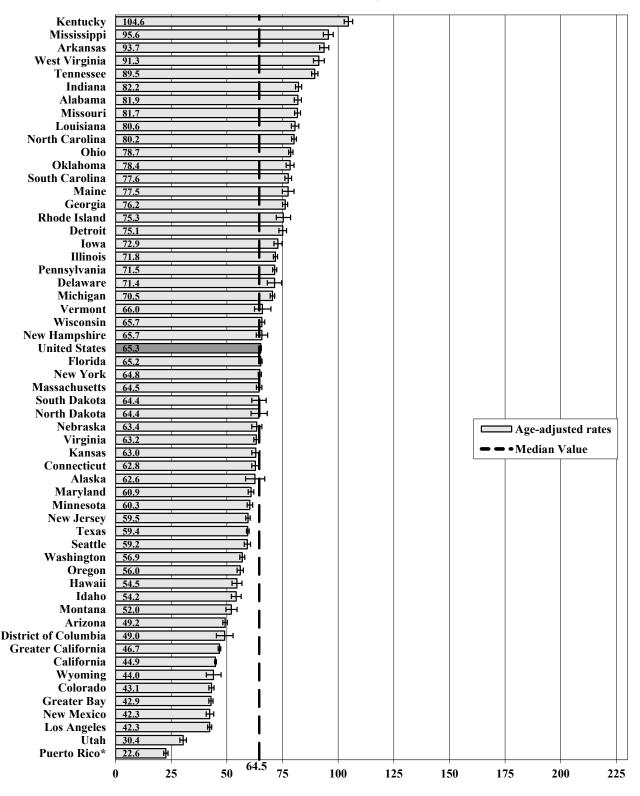
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

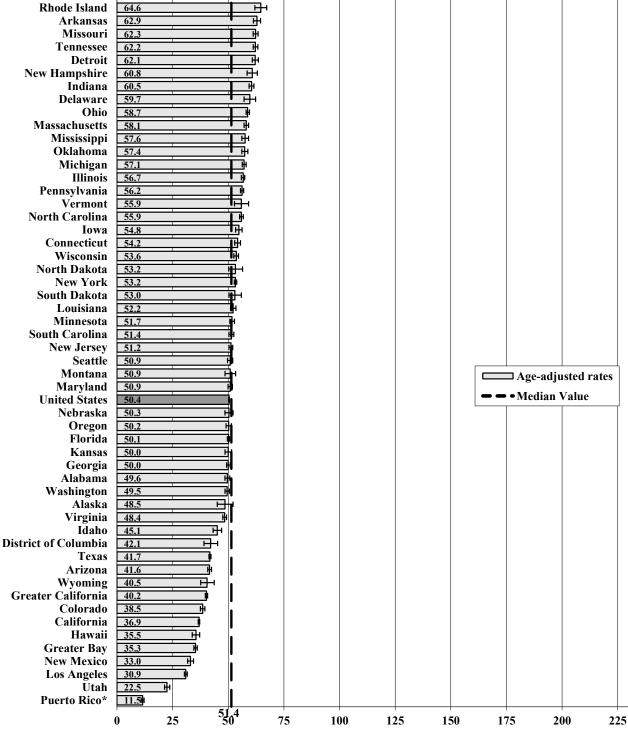
^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 89 Lung and Bronchus, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females Kentucky 76.9 West Virginia 69.3 Maine 66.7 64.6 Arkansas 62.9 Missouri 62.3 62.2 Detroit 62.1 Ъ 60.8 н Indiana 60.5 ъ Delaware 59.7 Ohio 58.7 58.1 н Ъ 57.6 Ъ 57.4 Michigan 57.1 ⊮ Illinois 56.7 H 56.2 Ъ Vermont 55.9 55.9 ₽ h Iowa 54.8 Ŀн 54.2 53.6 П 53.2 53.2 53.0 52.2 51.7 51.4 51.2 Seattle 50.9 Montana 50.9 50.9 🗕 🗕 • Median Value 50.4 50.3 Oregon 50.2 Florida 50.1



1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

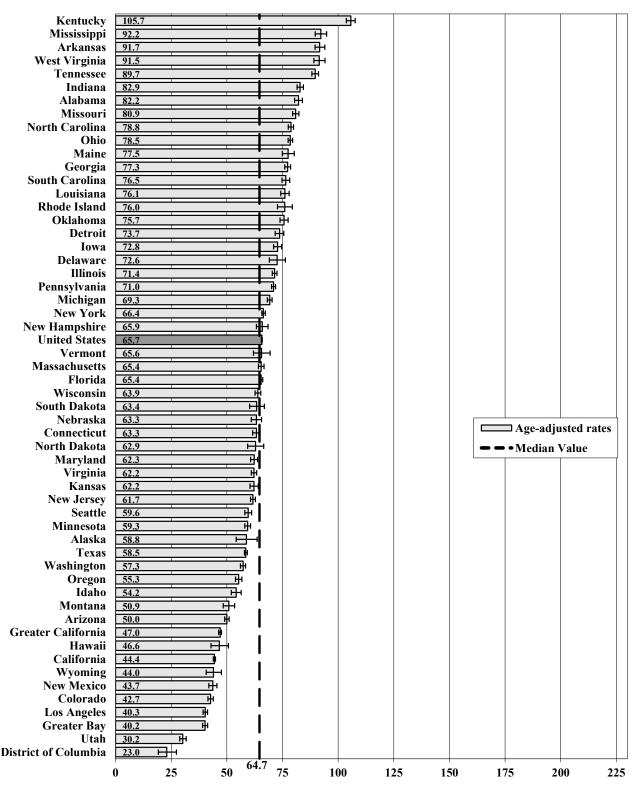
2. See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

3. See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among White Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 91 Lung and Bronchus, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

Kentucky 78.1 ዙ West Virginia 70.1 н Maine 66.8 ᅲ **Rhode Island** 66.1 Tennessee 64.5 Arkansas 64.5 Detroit 64.0 규 Mississippi 63.5 Missouri 62.6 н Delaware 62.4 Indiana 61.3 **New Hampshire** 61.0 Η-Massachusetts 60.5 59.1 Ohio ₽ North Carolina 58.5 **New York** 58.2 н Illinois 57.9 Michigan 57.4 ₽ Oklahoma 56.5 Vermont 55.9 Connecticut 55.9 Pennsylvania 55.8 **South Carolina** 55.6 Louisiana 55.4 55.1 Georgia New Jersey 54.9 54.9 Iowa Maryland 54.6 Alabama 53.7 Wisconsin 52.6 52.6 Seattle ☐ Age-adjusted rates **United States** 52.6 52.5 Florida - • Median Value South Dakota 51.9 Minnesota 51.3 North Dakota 51.1 Washington 50.7 Oregon 50.4 Virginia 50.1 Nebraska 49.9 Kansas 49.7 Montana 49.4 Alaska 45.2 Idaho 45.0 Arizona 42.9 Texas 42.3 **Greater California** 41.6 Wyoming 40.4 Hawaii 39.3 Colorado 38.6 California 38.4 **Greater Bay** 36.9 New Mexico 34.7 Los Angeles 30.6 **District of Columbia** 26.8 Utah 22 н 54.2 50 75 0 25 100 125 150 175 200 225

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among White Females

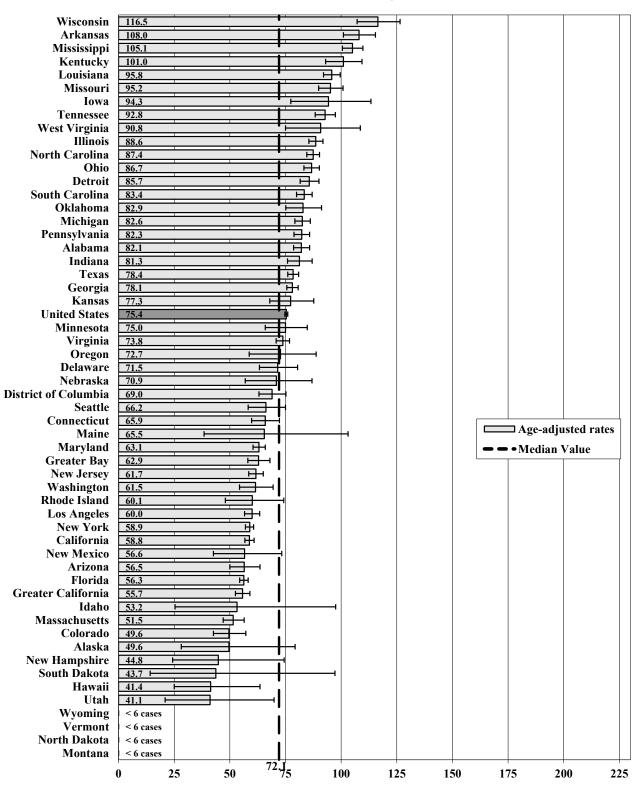
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Black Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 93 Lung and Bronchus, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Wisconsin 71.6 Kentucky 70.4 Iowa 68.3 Nebraska 65.5 Pennsylvania 65.0 Missouri 64.7 Illinois 61.8 Ohio 60.0 Detroit 59.9 Indiana 57.3 Michigan 57.2 Delaware 53.1 Kansas 52.2 Minnesota 51.5 Arkansas 51.5 **District of Columbia** 51.4 West Virginia 50.9 Tennessee 50.4 Oregon 50.4 Seattle 49.8 Oklahoma 48.7 Utah 48.4 Maryland 47.3 Washington 47.1 **United States** 46.1 **Greater Bay** 46.0 Virginia 45.9 Mississippi 45.8 North Carolina 45.7 Louisiana 45.6 Alaska 45.5 ☐ Age-adjusted rates Texas 44.4 **New Jersey** 43.9 - • Median Value **Rhode Island** 43.7 California 43.6 Connecticut 43.3 Los Angeles 43.1 **Greater California** 43.1 New Mexico 39.9 Georgia 39.8 Arizona 39.6 Hawaii 39.2 **South Carolina** 39.0 н New York 38.2 Alabama 37.2 Massachusetts 36.2 Colorado 33.2 **New Hampshire** 32.9 H Florida 32.0 Maine 30.2 ⊦ Wyoming < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases < 6 cases Idaho 46.1 75 0 25 100 125 150 175 200 225

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

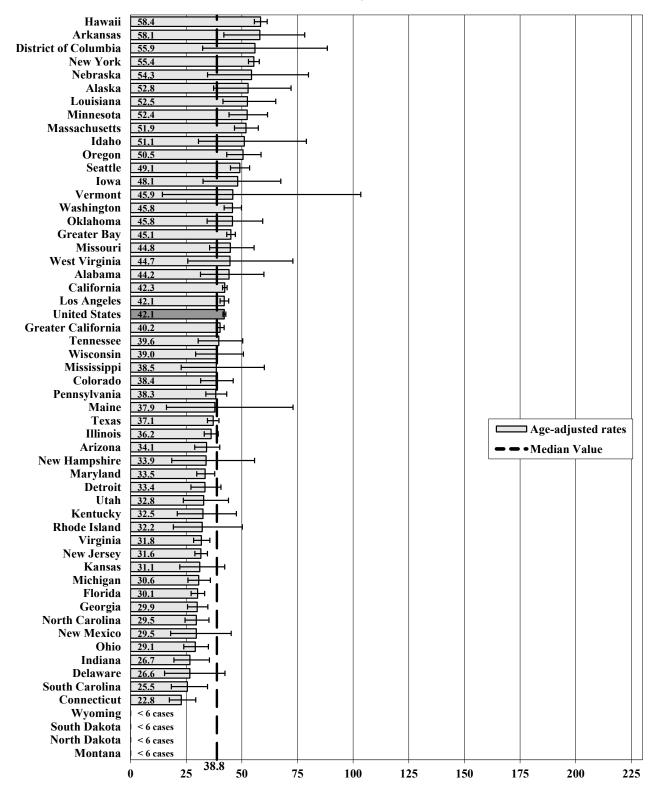
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males



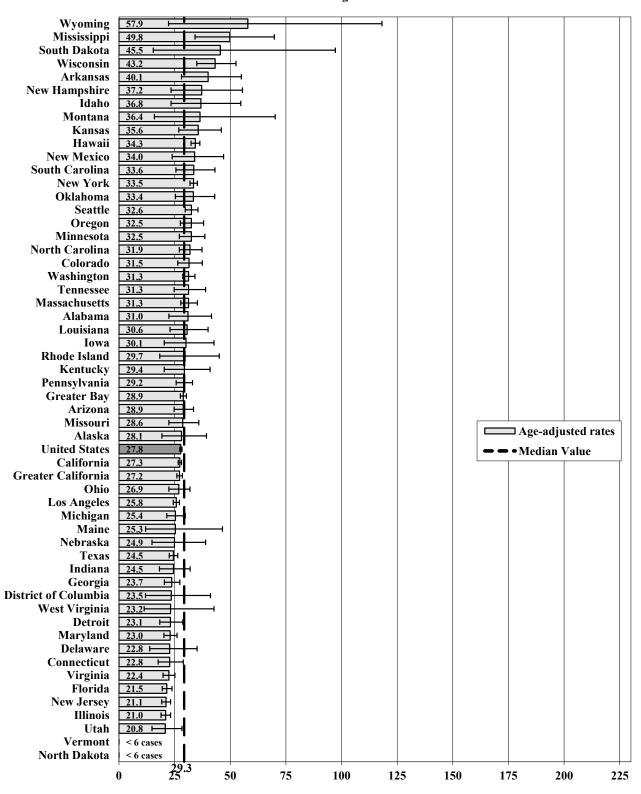
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 95 Lung and Bronchus, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females



Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

Minnesota 135.0 North Dakota 121.7 Oklahoma 112.7 Maine 112.3 Michigan 110.3 Wisconsin 96.9 Alaska 94.5 South Dakota 90.1 Oregon 79.3 Montana 76.0 Seattle 74.5 North Carolina 71.9 Iowa 70.6 58.8 **United States** Washington 57.3 **New York** 51.7 Nebraska 47.0 Idaho 38.8 Alabama 37.9 **Greater California** 31.9 Utah 30.5 California 30.1 Massachusetts 25.3 South Carolina 24.0 + Arizona 19.6 Florida 1747 **New Mexico** 16.9 H Wyoming < 6 cases West Virginia < 6 cases Virginia < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases □ Age-adjusted rates Texas < 6 cases - • Median Value Tennessee < 6 cases **Rhode Island** < 6 cases Pennsylvania < 6 cases Ohio < 6 cases New Jersey < 6 cases **New Hampshire** < 6 cases Missouri < 6 cases Mississippi < 6 cases Detroit < 6 cases Maryland < 6 cases Louisiana < 6 cases Kentucky < 6 cases Indiana < 6 cases Illinois < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Georgia < 6 cases **District of Columbia** < 6 cases Delaware < 6 cases Connecticut < 6 cases Colorado < 6 cases Los Angeles < 6 cases **Greater Bay** < 6 cases Arkansas < 6 cases 50^{58.8} 75 0 25 100 125 150 175 200 225

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

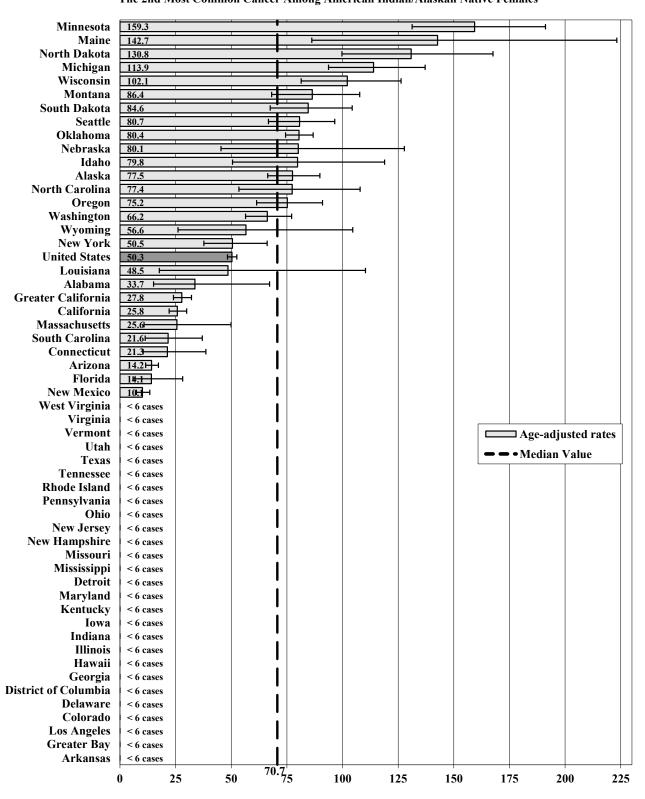
³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 97 Lung and Bronchus, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

> Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

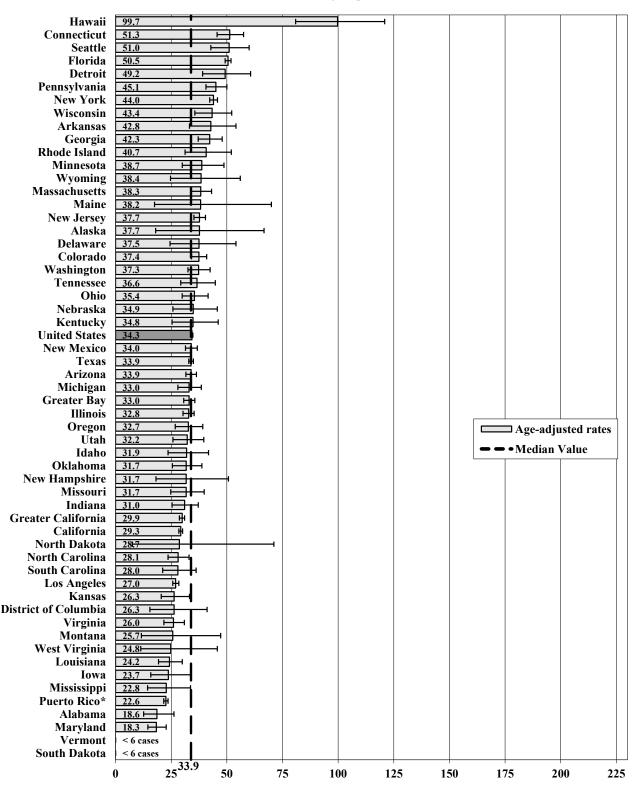
² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Lung and Bronchus The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

99 Lung and Bronchus, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Lung and Bronchus The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Hawaii	72.5							
Seattle	45.1 ⊢	⊒→						
Detroit	44.4 —							
Arkansas	41.6							
Nebraska	39.5	-						
Connecticut	37.9	- I						
Tennessee	36.9	·						
		- .						
Wyoming	36.4							
Idaho	33.8	-						
Montana	33.6 ⊢							
Washington	33.4							
Michigan	32.7							
Colorado	32.5 H							
New Hampshire	31.8							
Georgia	31.3							
Oregon	30.7							
Missouri	30.7							
Kansas	30.7 H							
Oklahoma	30.5							
New York	29.4							
Pennsylvania	29.2							
Maine	28.6							
Indiana		'						
Kentucky	28.3							
Florida	28.3							
Louisiana	28.1							
New Jersey	<u>27.3</u>							
New Mexico	<u>26.1</u>							
Wisconsin	25.7							
Mississippi	25.6							
Arizona	25.2 H							
Alaska	25.1 ⊢	-					Age-adjusted ra	ites
Ohio	24.6							
T11* *	24.0		1 1					ites
Illinois							Median Value	itts
Illinois Massachusetts	24.2 H							
Massachusetts	24.2 H 23.9 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H 23.0 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H 23.0 H 22.7 H	1						
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 22.7 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island	24.2 1 23.9 1 23.7 1 23.4 1 23.0 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.6 1							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 22.7 H 22.7 H 22.7 H 22.7 H 22.7 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina	24.2 1 23.9 1 23.7 1 23.4 1 23.0 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 21.8 1							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 21.1 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia	24.2 1 23.9 1 23.7 1 23.4 1 23.0 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 21.8 1							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 21.1 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 21.1 H 20.8 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California	24.2 1 23.9 1 23.7 1 23.0 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.6 1 21.1 1 20.8 1							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.4 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 22.7 H 22.6 H 21.1 H 20.6 H 19.9 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.0 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 22.7 H 22.6 H 21.1 H 20.6 H 19.9 H 19.8 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland	24.2 1 23.9 1 23.7 1 23.0 1 23.0 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.6 1 22.5 1 22.5 1 21.1 1 20.6 1 19.9 1 19.8 1 19.2 1 19.0 1							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland Iowa	24.2 1 23.9 1 23.7 1 23.0 1 23.0 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.6 1 21.1 1 20.6 1 19.9 1 19.8 1 19.0 1 18.9 1							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland Iowa Los Angeles	24.2 1 23.9 1 23.7 1 23.0 1 23.0 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.7 1 22.6 1 21.1 1 20.6 1 19.9 1 19.9 1 19.0 1 18.9 1 17.3 1							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland Iowa Los Angeles District of Columbia	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.7 H 23.0 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 22.6 H 21.1 H 20.6 H 19.9 H 19.8 H 19.2 H 19.0 H 18.9 H 17.3 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland Iowa Los Angeles District of Columbia Puerto Rico*	24.2 H 23.9 H 23.7 H 23.7 H 23.0 H 22.7 H 22.5 H 21.1 H 20.6 H 19.9 H 19.9 H 19.9 H 19.0 H 18.9 H 11.5 H							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland Iowa Los Angeles District of Columbia Puerto Rico*	24.2 I 23.9 I 23.7 I 23.7 I 23.0 I 22.7 I 22.7 I 22.7 I 22.7 I 22.7 I 22.6 I 22.5 II 21.1 II 20.6 III 19.9 III 19.9 III 19.0 III 18.9 III 11.5 III.5 < 6 cases							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland Iowa Los Angeles District of Columbia Puerto Rico* Vermont South Dakota	24.2 Image: constraint of the second secon							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland Iowa Los Angeles District of Columbia Puerto Rico*	24.2 I 23.9 I 23.7 I 23.7 I 23.7 I 23.7 I 23.0 I 23.0 I 23.0 I 22.7 I 22.7 I 22.6 I 21.8 I 21.8 I 20.6 I 19.9 I 19.9 I 19.2 I 19.0 I 18.9 I 11.3 < 6 cases							
Massachusetts Minnesota West Virginia Delaware Greater Bay United States Rhode Island Greater California North Carolina South Carolina Virginia California Alabama Utah Texas Maryland Iowa Los Angeles District of Columbia Puerto Rico* Vermont South Dakota	24.2 Image: constraint of the second secon	50 7	75 10	0 125	5 150	175		225

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

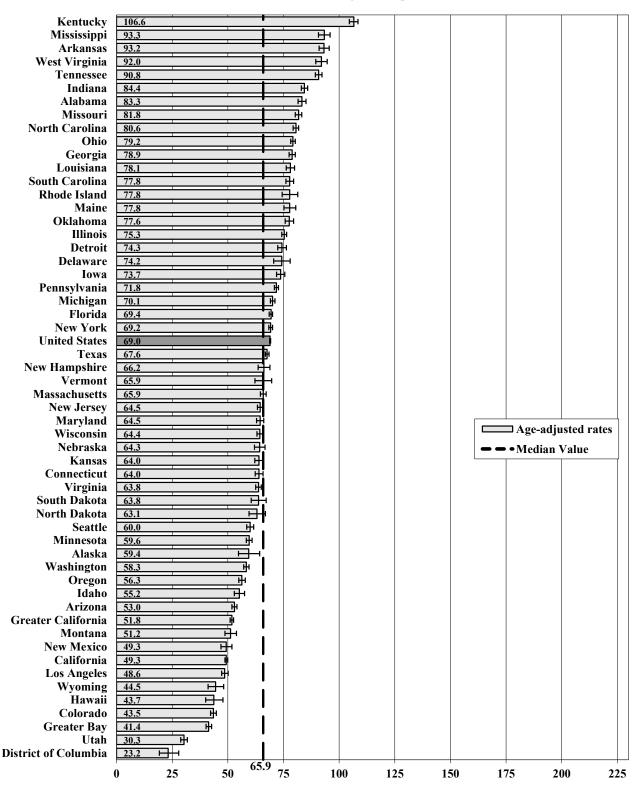
² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 101 Lung and Bronchus, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females

Kentucky	78.7	•	<u>н</u>					
West Virginia	70.4	i н	-					
Rhode Island	68.7		4					
Maine	67.0							
Arkansas	65.2							
Tennessee	65.1							
Detroit	64.6							
Mississippi	64.0							
Delaware	64.0							
Missouri	63.1	Ħ						
New York	62.3	<u> </u>						
Indiana	62.2	н						
New Hampshire	61.4	H						
Massachusetts	61.4	н						
Illinois	61.0							
North Carolina	59.7	<u>н і</u> н						
Ohio	59.6	F #						
Florida	58.8	1						
New Jersey	58.7	ŧ						
Michigan	58.0							
Oklahoma	57.6							
								
Connecticut	57.4	Ţ						
Maryland	56.7							
Pennsylvania	56.6	H						
South Carolina	56.4	P						
Louisiana	56.4	H						
Georgia	56.2	<u>H</u>						
Vermont	56.1	H						
United States	56.0							
Iowa	55.4	H						
Alabama	54.2							
Wisconsin	53.1	f					⊐ Age-adjust	ted rates
Seattle	52.8						• Median Va	Jua
South Dakota	52.2						• Median va	nue
Minnesota		î						
	51.7	T I						
Texas	51.6	" I						
Washington	51.5	[#] ı						
Virginia	51.5	H						
North Dakota	51.4							
Oregon	51.2	P						
Kansas	50.6	<u> </u>						
Nebraska	50.3	<u> </u>						
Montana	49.7							
Greater California	47.1	*						
Arizona	46.2							
Alaska	45.9							
Idaho	45.6	╡						
California	44.5	=,7`						
		=." ╹						
Wyoming								
Los Angeles	40.4	년 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -						
New Mexico	39.9							
Greater Bay	39.8	바						
Colorado	39.6	ш						
Hawaii	37.5 ⊢	⊢∙ │ ┃						
District of Columbia	28.7							
Utah	22.7 H							
	1	506.1	-	00 1		0 1		
	0 25	50	75 1	00 12	25 15	U 1	75 200	225

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

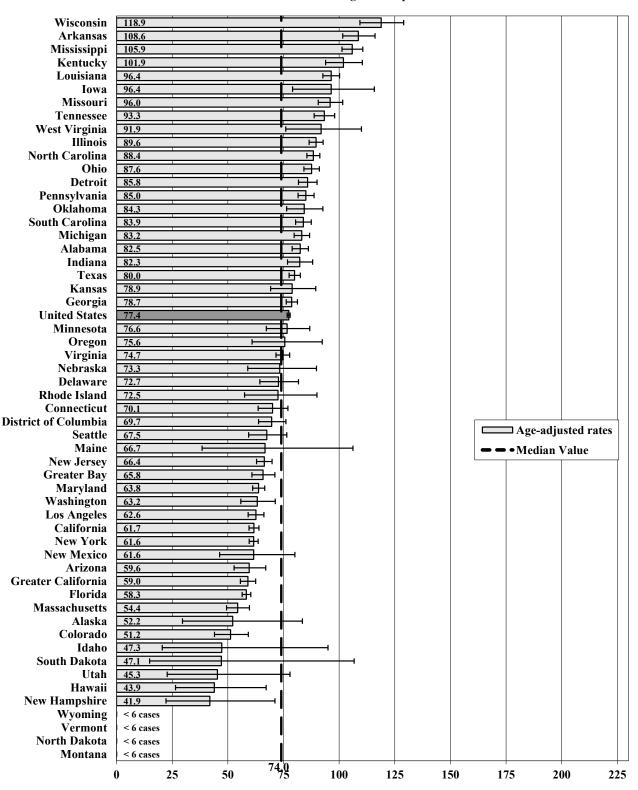
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

> Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 103 Lung and Bronchus, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Wisconsin 72.9 Kentucky 70.6 Iowa 68.4 Nebraska 67.4 Pennsylvania 66.8 Missouri 65.2 Illinois 62.6 Ohio 60.6 Detroit 59.9 Indiana 57.9 Michigan 57.5 Utah 56.1 Oregon 53.4 Delaware 53.4 Kansas 52.6 Minnesota 52.4 **District of Columbia** 52.0 Arkansas 51.8 **Rhode Island** 51.6 West Virginia 51.2 Tennessee 50.6 Seattle 50.1 Oklahoma 48.9 Alaska 48.8 Washington 47.7 Maryland 47.7 **Greater Bay** 47.7 **New Mexico** 47.2 **United States** 47.2 New Jersey 46.6 Virginia 46.3 □ Age-adjusted rates North Carolina 46.1 Mississippi 46.0 - • Median Value **Greater California** 45.9 California 45.8 Louisiana 45.7 Texas 45.3 Connecticut 45.2 Los Angeles 44.9 Hawaii 44.0 Arizona 41.2 **New York** 40.4 Georgia 40.0 H **New Hampshire** 39.7 South Carolina 39.1 Massachusetts 38.7 Alabama 37.4 Colorado 34.4 Florida 32.8 Maine 32.4 + Wyoming < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases < 6 cases Idaho 47₇ 50 75 0 25 100 125 150 175 200 225

Lung and Bronchus The 2nd Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

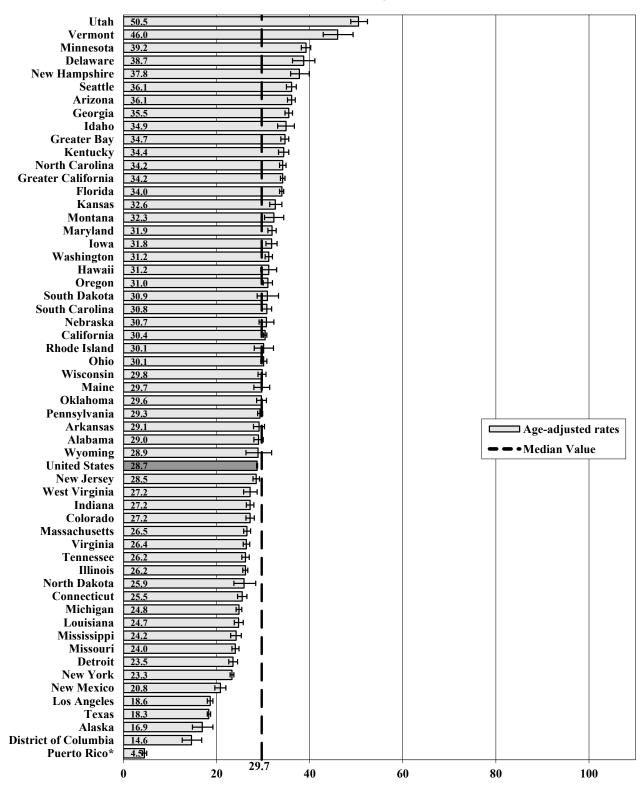
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

3. See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Melanoma of the Skin The 5th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

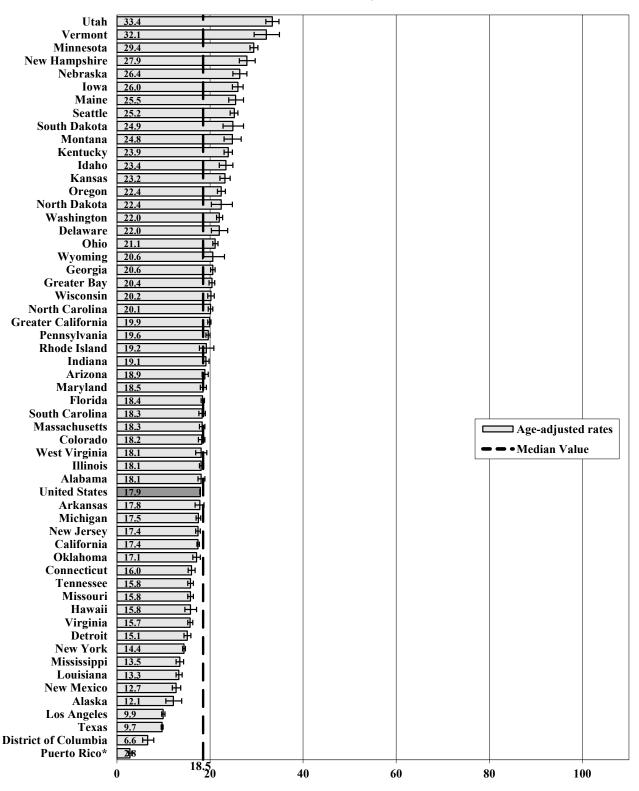
³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 105 Melanoma of the Skin, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Melanoma of the Skin The 6th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

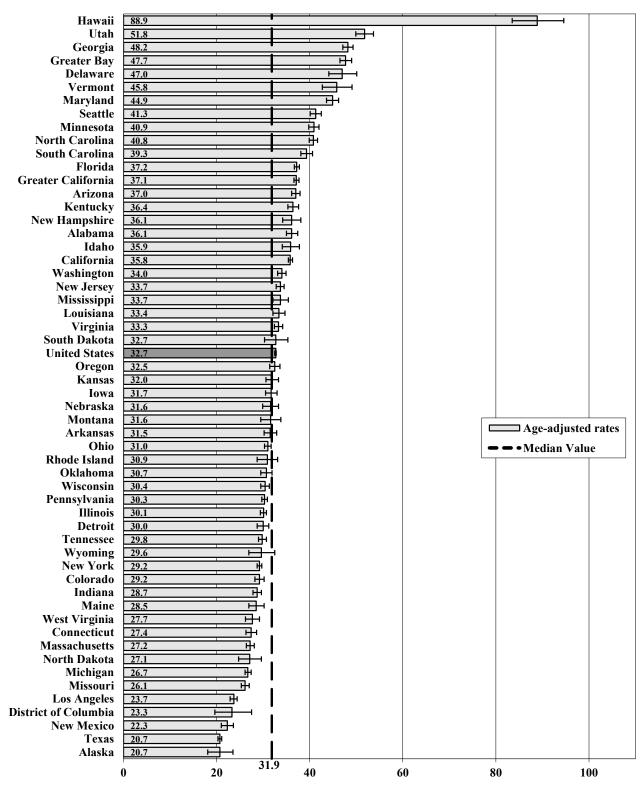
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Melanoma of the Skin The 5th Most Common Cancer Among White Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 107 Melanoma of the Skin, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

Melanoma of the Skin The 6th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

Hawaii	49.5				
Utah	34.6				
Vermont	32.5				
Minnesota	31.8				
		ריים א			
Georgia		•			
Seattle	<u>29.7</u>				
Greater Bay	29.0 H				
Maryland	28.9 H				
Delaware	27.9				
Nebraska	27.4				
South Dakota	27.3				
New Hampshire	26.6				
Iowa	26.5				
Kentucky	25.6				
North Carolina	25.5 H				
South Carolina					
Washington	24.5 H				
Montana	24.4				
Idaho	24.2				
Alabama	24.2				
Oregon	23.9 H				
North Dakota	23.8				
Maine	23.7				
Kansas	22.5				
Ohio	21.6				
Illinois	21.6				
Greater California	21.5				
Wyoming	21.5				
New Jersey	21.4 H				
Mississippi	21.1				
Virginia	21.0 H			Age-adjusted	Irates
United States	21.0				
Florida	20.9			🗕 🗕 • Median Valu	ie
Wisconsin	20.8				
Detroit	20.8 H				
California	20.5 H				
Indiana	20.4 H				
Pennsylvania	20.3 H				
Arizona	20.0 H				
Colorado	19.8 H				
Arkansas	19.7 H				
	19.7 H				
Michigan					
Louisiana	19.4 H				
Rhode Island	19.3				
Massachusetts	<u>19.0</u>				
New York	18.9 H				
Tennessee	18.8 H				
West Virginia	18.2 H				
Oklahoma	17.8				
Missouri	17.8 屮				
Connecticut	17.6 H				
Alaska					
New Mexico	13.7 H				
Los Angeles	12.3 H				
Texas District of Columbia					
District of Columbia					
		40	60	80 1	00

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Melanoma of the Skin The 25th Most Common Cancer Among Black Males

Kansas	1 27-1					
Greater Bay	12:4					
Florida	1 .8					
Arkansas	1 1-17					
Maryland	1 .6					
Kentucky	1 1-16					
California	1.4					
Virginia	1.2					
Mississippi						
District of Columbia	H 1.2					
Connecticut						
Los Angeles						
Washington	HH .1					
Texas	1 1.1					
North Carolina	1.1					
New Jersey	1.1					
Colorado	1.1 1.1					
Greater California	1 4.1					
Alabama	1.1 11.1					
United States	1.1					
Pennsylvania	1 41.0					
New York	1.0					
Missouri						
Georgia	11.0					
Arizona	H 1.0					
Louisiana	D 0.9					
Indiana	H 0.9					
Oklahoma	60.8					
South Carolina	0.7					
Ohio	0.7					
Michigan	0.7					
Illinois	0.7					e-adjusted rates
Detroit					– – • Me	dian Value
Tennessee	0.4					
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
Wisconsin	< 6 cases					
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
Seattle	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
Utah	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
Rhode Island	< 6 cases					
Oregon	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
New Mexico	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					
Nebraska	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases					
Minnesota Magaa ahugatta	< 6 cases					
Massachusetts	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Iowa	< 6 cases					
Idaho	< 6 cases					
Hawaii	< 6 cases					
D 1	1.			1		1
Delaware	< 6 cases					
Alaska	< 6 cases					
Alaska		20	40	60	80	100

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 109 Melanoma of the Skin, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Melanoma of the Skin The 31st Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

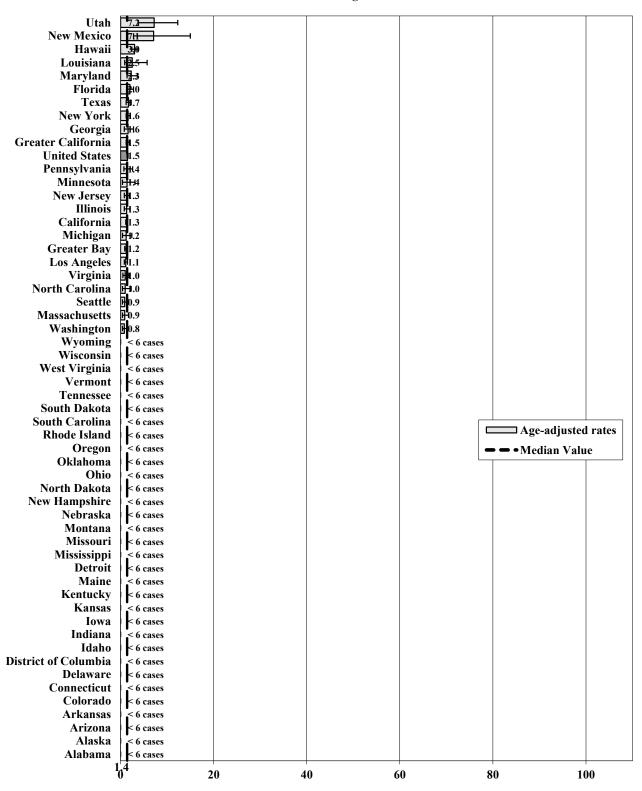
	-					1	
Arizona							
Washington	1 14						
Delaware	F1 14						
Minnesota	H.2						
Kentucky	1.2						
Oklahoma	1-1 .1						
Alabama	1.1						
Seattle	H1 .0						
Virginia	1.0						
Texas	1.0						
Greater California	H1.0						
Arkansas							
	11.0						
New York	0.9						
New Jersey	10.9						
Mississippi	H0.9						
Louisiana	10.9						
Georgia	0.9						
Florida	0.9						
District of Columbia	0.9						
Connecticut	0.9						
United States	0.9						
South Carolina	0.8						
Pennsylvania	H 0.8						
North Carolina	0.8						
Detroit	40.8						
Michigan	0.8						
Illinois	0.8						
California	0.8						
	0.8 10.7						
Tennessee							
Maryland	0.7						
Indiana	H0.7					Age-adjusted	rates
Los Angeles	0.7						
Greater Bay	H0.7				-	🗕 🗕 🛛 Median Valu	e
Ohio	0.6						
Missouri	0.6						
Massachusetts	0.6						
Wyoming	< 6 cases						
Wisconsin	< 6 cases						
West Virginia	< 6 cases						
Vermont	< 6 cases						
Utah	< 6 cases						
South Dakota	< 6 cases						
Rhode Island	< 6 cases						
Oregon	< 6 cases						
North Dakota	< 6 cases						
New Mexico	< 6 cases						
New Hampshire	< 6 cases						
Nebraska	< 6 cases						
Montana	< 6 cases						
Maine	< 6 cases						
Kansas	< 6 cases						
Iowa	< 6 cases						
Idaho	< 6 cases						
Hawaii	< 6 cases						
Colorado	< 6 cases						
Alaska	< 6 cases						
(), <mark>9</mark>	20	40		0 0	30 10	
	U	20	40	6	υδ	30 10	10

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males



Melanoma of the Skin The 22nd Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 111 Melanoma of the Skin, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females

Melanoma of the Skin	
The 22nd Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females	

Utah	3.3-1					
Connecticut	12.2I					
Michigan	19.1					
Indiana	1111					
Seattle	HR8					
Colorado	1 1.8					
Hawaii	H 1.7					
Washington	H .6					
Oregon	EH-6					
Arizona	H5					
Pennsylvania	H.3					
Minnesota	HH3					
Greater California	1.3					
Virginia	11.2					
Florida	H .2					
Greater Bay	1.2					
California	1.2					
United States	1.2					
Ohio	H .1					
New York	1.0					
Illinois	H1.0					
Los Angeles						
Massachusetts	H0.9					
Georgia	60.9					
Texas	0.8					
Maryland	F 0.8					
New Jersey	0.7					
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
Wisconsin	< 6 cases					
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
Tennessee	< 6 cases					-adjusted rates
					_	-
South Dakota	< 6 cases				Me	dian Value
South Carolina	< 6 cases					
Rhode Island	< 6 cases					
Oklahoma	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
North Carolina	< 6 cases					
New Mexico	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					
Nebraska	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases					
Missouri	< 6 cases					
Mississippi	< 6 cases					
Detroit	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Louisiana	< 6 cases					
Kentucky	< 6 cases					
Kansas	< 6 cases					
Iowa	< 6 cases					
Idaho	< 6 cases					
District of Columbia	< 6 cases					
District of Columbia	< 6 cases					
Arkansas	< 6 cases					
Alaska	< 6 cases					
Alabama	< 6 cases					
1	102	20	40	60	80	100
	•		10		00	100

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

Oklahoma 24.7 Oregon 19.3 Seattle 14.7 Michigan 14.6 H Minnesota 1012 **United States** 10.1 Washington 99 Montana **Greater California New York** California Arizona 6.9 H New Mexico 4.1 Alaska £ Wyoming < 6 case Wisconsin < 6 case West Virginia < 6 case Virginia < 6 case Vermont < 6 case Utah < 6 case Texas < 6 case Tennessee < 6 case South Dakota < 6 case South Carolina < 6 case **Rhode Island** < 6 case Pennsylvania < 6 case Ohio < 6 case North Dakota < 6 case North Carolina < 6 case New Jersey < 6 case **New Hampshire** < 6 case □ Age-adjusted rates Nebraska < 6 case - • Median Value Missouri < 6 case Mississippi < 6 case Detroit < 6 case Massachusetts < 6 case Maryland < 6 case Maine < 6 case Louisiana < 6 case Kentucky < 6 case Iowa < 6 case Indiana < 6 case Illinois < 6 case Idaho < 6 case Hawaii < 6 case Georgia < 6 cas Florida < 6 case **District of Columbia** < 6 case Delaware < 6 case Connecticut < 6 case Colorado < 6 case Los Angeles < 6 cases **Greater Bay** < 6 case Arkansas < 6 cases Alabama < 6 case 8.8 0 20 40 60 80 100

Melanoma of the Skin The 12th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 113 Melanoma of the Skin, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

Melanoma of the Skin The 14th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females

Oklahoma	14.7					
Oregon	9.0					
Wisconsin	8.2					
Minnesota	7.8					
Seattle	7.0					
United States	6.5 H					
Washington	6.4					
Michigan	<u>6t2</u>					
Alaska	5.17					
Greater California	5.0					
California	413-1					
New Mexico	3.7					
Arizona	3.5-1					
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
Virginia						
	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
Utah	< 6 cases					
Texas	< 6 cases					
Tennessee	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
South Carolina	< 6 cases					
Rhode Island	< 6 cases					
Pennsylvania	< 6 cases					
Ohio	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
North Carolina	< 6 cases					
New York	< 6 cases					
New Jersey						
	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases			Г		
Nebraska	< 6 cases				─── Age-adjuste	l rates
Montana	< 6 cases				🗕 🗕 • Median Valı	
Missouri	< 6 cases			L	incutan van	
Mississippi	< 6 cases					
Detroit	< 6 cases					
Massachusetts	< 6 cases					
Maryland	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Louisiana	< 6 cases					
Kentucky	< 6 cases					
Iowa	< 6 cases					
Indiana						
	< 6 cases					
Illinois	< 6 cases					
Idaho	< 6 cases					
Hawaii	< 6 cases					
Georgia	< 6 cases					
Florida	< 6 cases					
District of Columbia	< 6 cases					
Delaware	< 6 cases					
Connecticut	< 6 cases					
Colorado	< 6 cases					
Los Angeles	< 6 cases					
Greater Bay						
Arkansas	< 6 cases					
	< 6 cases					
Alabama	< 6 cases	_			-	ļ]
	0 6.4	20	40 6	50	80 1	00
			· · · ·		-	-

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Melanoma of the Skin The 16th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Hawaii	13.2 H					
Arkansas	12.7 ⊢	-1				
Seattle	12.1					
Alabama	11.8	1				
Tennessee	9.3					
Oklahoma	9.2					
Georgia	7.5					
Delaware	715					
Greater Bay	7.5 H					
Minnesota	7.3					
Mississippi	712					
Connecticut	7.0					
Washington	6.8 1					
Utah	6.7					
Florida	6.7 H					
Kansas	6.4					
Missouri	6.2					
Louisiana	6.2					
Wyoming	6.0					
Oregon Dhada Island	5.9					
Rhode Island	3.8					
Wisconsin	5.7					
Detroit	517					
Maryland	5.7					
Michigan	5.6					
Arizona	5.6 H					
North Carolina	5.3					
Idaho	513					
Pennsylvania	5.0 H					
Greater California	5.0 #					
Illinois	4.9					
California	4.9				Age-adjusted	l rates
United States	4.9					
South Carolina	4.7				🗕 🗕 • Median Valu	le
Puerto Rico*	4.5					
New York	4.5					
New Mexico	4.4					
New Jersey	4.4					
Ohio	4.2					
Iowa	¥.2					
Virginia	3.9					
Texas	3.9					
Colorado	318-1					
Los Angeles	3.8					
Kentucky	13.5					
Indiana	3.5					
Nebraska	H1.3					
Massachusetts						
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
District of Columbia	< 6 cases					
Alaska	< 6 cases					
Алазка	< 5.7		+	+	+	
	0 5.7	20 4	40 6	50	80 10	00

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

D

115 Melanoma of the Skin, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Melanoma of the Skin The 17th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

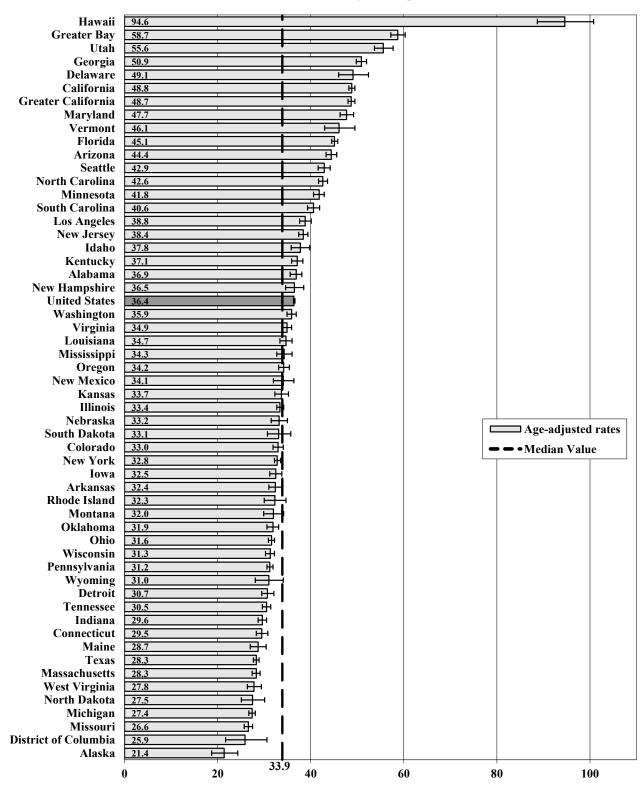
Montana	20.2	}i				
Seattle	15.7					
Hawaii	12.7					
Washington	9.7					
Detroit	8.7					
New Hampshire	8 16					
Idaho	8.5					
Oregon	8.3					
Tennessee	8.2					
Wyoming	7.6					
Oklahoma	7.6					
Georgia	7.4					
Greater Bay	7.1 HH					
Kansas	6.1					
District of Columbia	6.1					
Michigan	6.01					
Colorado	5.9					
Greater California	5.8					
Nebraska	5.					
Utah	5.5					
Delaware						
California	3.5					
	5.3					
Indiana	5.2					
Connecticut	5.2					
Arizona	5.2H					
Arkansas	3.1					
Pennsylvania	5.0-H					
Maryland	5.0					
Illinois	4.9H					
Florida	4.91					
Minnesota	4.7					
New Mexico	4.5				Age-adjusted	Iratas
Louisiana	414					
United States	4.4				🗕 🗕 • Median Valu	ie
Virginia	4.2					
South Carolina						
New Jersey	3.9 1 3.9					
Ohio	3.8					
Los Angeles	3.8					
Alabama	<u>B.</u>					
Wisconsin	<u>3.5</u> I					
Kentucky	<u> </u>					
Texas	3.12					
New York	3112					
North Carolina	B.0 4					
Puerto Rico*	248					
Massachusetts	2:8					
Iowa	H218 H					
Missouri	H2.5H					
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
South Dakota						
	< 6 cases < 6 cases					
Rhode Island						
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
Mississippi	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Alaska	< 6 cases					
	0 5.2 2	0 4	0 6	0	80 10	, DO
	· 4	· ·	• U	•	IV	

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

- ¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.
- ² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

> Melanoma of the Skin The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

². See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 117 Melanoma of the Skin, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

> Melanoma of the Skin The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females

Hawaii	53.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Utah	37.8			
Greater Bay	37.4			
	33.5 H			
Georgia				
Vermont	32.8	-		
Minnesota	32.8			
Maryland	31.4			
Seattle	30.8 H			
California	29.7 H			
Greater California	29.6 H			
Delaware	29.4			
Nebraska	29.2			
South Dakota	27.9			
Iowa	27.5			
North Carolina	27.1 H			
New Hampshire				
Florida	26.6			
Kentucky	26.1			
Washington	26.0 H			
South Carolina	25.9			
Idaho	25.6			
Oregon	25.4			
New Jersey	25.3 H			
Arizona	25.0			
Alabama	24.9			
Illinois	24.7			
Montana	24.4			
North Dakota	24.2			
United States	24.1			
Maine				
			_	
Kansas				Age-adjusted rates
Wyoming	22.5			
Virginia	<u>22.4</u> H			🗕 🗕 • Median Value
Colorado	<u>22.4</u>			
Ohio	22.1 H			
New York	22.1 H			
Los Angeles	21.8 H			
Wisconsin	21.7 屮			
New Mexico	21.6			
Mississippi	21.6			
Detroit	21.4			
Pennsylvania	21.2 H			
Indiana	21.1			
Rhode Island				
Arkansas				
Louisiana	20.2 H			
Michigan	20.0 H			
Massachusetts	<u>19.9</u>			
Tennessee	19.3 H			
Connecticut	19.3 H			
Oklahoma	18.7 H			
West Virginia	18.4			
Missouri	18.3 H			
Texas	16.5 H			
Alaska				
District of Columbia	12.0			
	24 2		+	+ +
	$0 20^{24.2}$	40	50	80 100

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

Melanoma of the Skin The 26th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males

	-			1		
Kansas	1218 -					
Greater Bay	_ <u>₽</u> ,4					
Florida	1 1.8					
Arkansas	1 +7					
Maryland	1.6					
Kentucky	1 +.6					
California	H .4					
Virginia	1 1.3					
Mississippi District of Columbia	H 1.3					
District of Columbia	1.2					
Connecticut	6-1.2					
Colorado	H12					
Los Angeles	H .2					
Texas	1.1					
North Carolina	1 1.1					
New Jersey	11.1					
Missouri	GH .1					
Georgia	11.1					
Greater California	H 1.1					
Alabama	1 4.1					
United States						
Washington	1.1 1. 0					
Pennsylvania	H1.0					
Indiana	H 1.0					
New York	1.0					
Louisiana	0.9					
Arizona	H0.9					
South Carolina	E 0.8					
Oklahoma	H0.8					
Illinois	0.8 0.7					
Ohio	0.7				Age-adjusted	mater
Michigan	0.7			-	Age-adjusted	rates
Detroit	0.6			-	🗕 🗕 • Median Valu	e
Tennessee	0.5					
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
Wisconsin	< 6 cases					
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
Seattle	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
Utah	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
Rhode Island	< 6 cases					
Oregon	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
New Mexico	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					
Nebraska	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases					
Minnesota	< 6 cases					
Massachusetts	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Iowa	< 6 cases					
Idaho	< 6 cases					
Hawaii	< 6 cases					
Delaware	< 6 cases					
Alaska	< 6 cases					
	11	-	1	1		
	U	20	40 6	50 8	30 10	JU

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals. ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCP area inclusion criterio for the combined cancer statistics

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 119 Melanoma of the Skin, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Melanoma of the Skin The 31st Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

Arizona	1 2.3					
Washington	1 1-15					
Delaware	H1 14					
Oklahoma	1.2					
Minnesota	H1.2					
Greater California	1 1.2					
Seattle	4.2 1.1					
Kentucky	H .1					
Alabama	1 .1					
Virginia	11.0					
Texas	1.0					
New Jersey	1.0					
Arkansas	H 1.0					
New York	0.9					
Louisiana	0.9					
Georgia	0.9					
Florida	0.9					
Connecticut	H -0.9					
California	10.9					
United States	0.9					
South Carolina	10.8					
Pennsylvania	0.8					
North Carolina	0.8					
Mississippi	0.8					
Detroit	H0.8					
Illinois	0.8					
District of Columbia	0.8					
Los Angeles	0.8					
Tennessee	H 0.7					
Michigan	0.7					
Indiana	H 0.7					
Greater Bay	0.7			C		l rates
Ohio	0.6				Madian Valu	_
Missouri	0.6				■ ● • Median Valu	e
Massachusetts	0.0 H0.6					
Maryland	0.6					
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
Wisconsin	< 6 cases					
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
Utah	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
Rhode Island	< 6 cases					
Oregon	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
New Mexico	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					
Nebraska	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Kansas	< 6 cases					
Iowa	< 6 cases					
1.1.1			1			
Idaho	< 6 cases					
Hawaii	< 6 cases					
Hawaii Colorado	< 6 cases < 6 cases					
Hawaii Colorado Alaska	< 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases					
Hawaii Colorado Alaska	< 6 cases < 6 cases	20	40 6	50 5	80 10)0

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

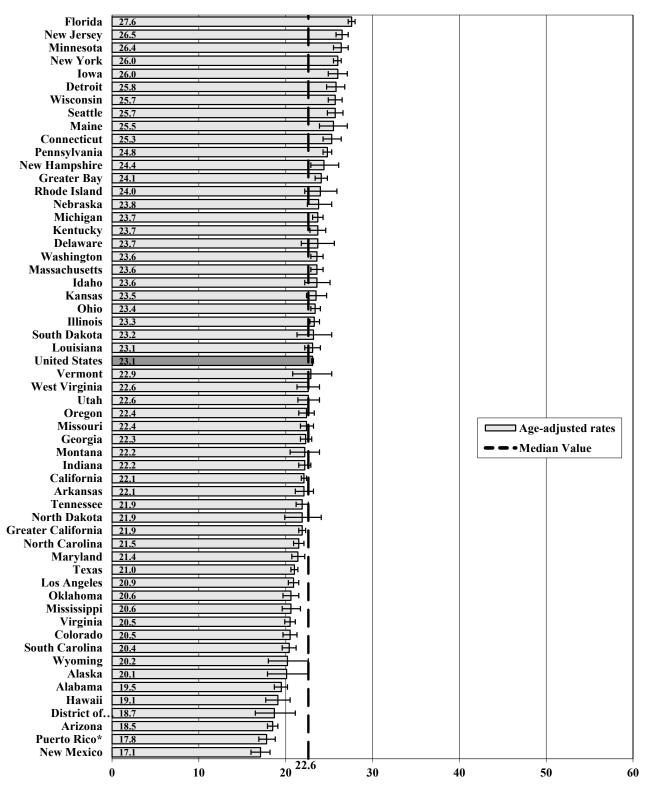
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 6th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 121 Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 7th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females

Florida	19.7	H				
New Jersey	18.4	EH				
New York	18.1	B+				
Pennsylvania	17.8	h				
Detroit	17.5	-				
Wisconsin	17.4 1 H	4				
Iowa	17.3	-				
New Hampshire	17.2					
Connecticut	17.2	.				
Minnesota	17.1					
		· .				
Nebraska		-				
Seattle		_				
Maine	16.7	1				
West Virginia	16.5					
Kentucky	16.5					
Illinois	16.4 叶					
South Dakota	16.3	1				
Greater Bay	16.3 H					
Michigan	16.2					
Rhode Island	16.1 H					
Delaware	16.1					
Washington	16.0					
United States	15.9					
Ohio	15.8					
Kansas	15.8					
Vermont						
Massachusetts	15.7 H					
Idaho						
North Dakota						
Louisiana						
Oregon	15.5					
Oklahoma	15.5				Age-adjusted	rates
Indiana	<u>15.5</u>				- • Median Value	.
Missouri	15.2					,
Maryland	15.2 H					
California	15.1 H					
Montana	14.9					
Georgia	14.8 H					
Greater California	14.8 世					
Arkansas	14.8					
Los Angeles	14.7 H					
North Carolina	14.6 H					
Utah	14.5					
Tennessee	14.5 H					
Texas	14.2					
Colorado						
Mississippi						
Virginia South Concline						
South Carolina						
Alaska						
Wyoming						
New Mexico	13.2					
Hawaii	13.1					
Alabama	12.9 H					
Arizona	12.7 H					1
Puerto Rico*	12.4					
District of.	. 11.8					
	15.6		1	40	=	
	0 10 13.0	20	30	40	50	60

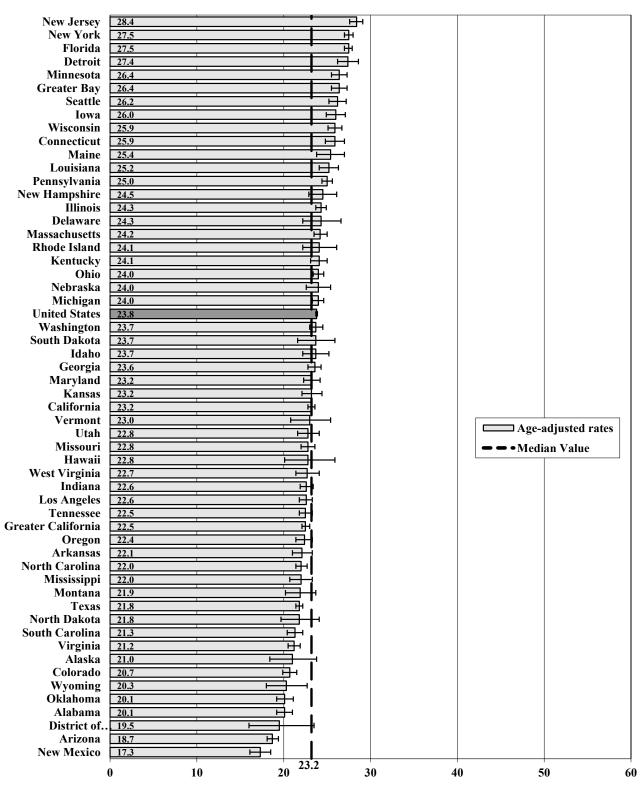
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 6th Most Common Cancer Among White Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

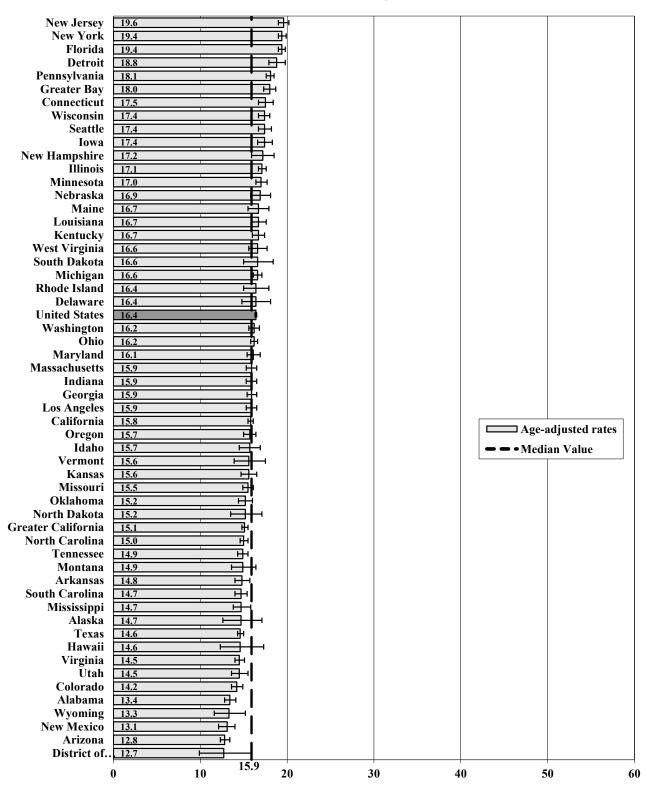
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 123 Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 7th Most Common Cancer Among White Females



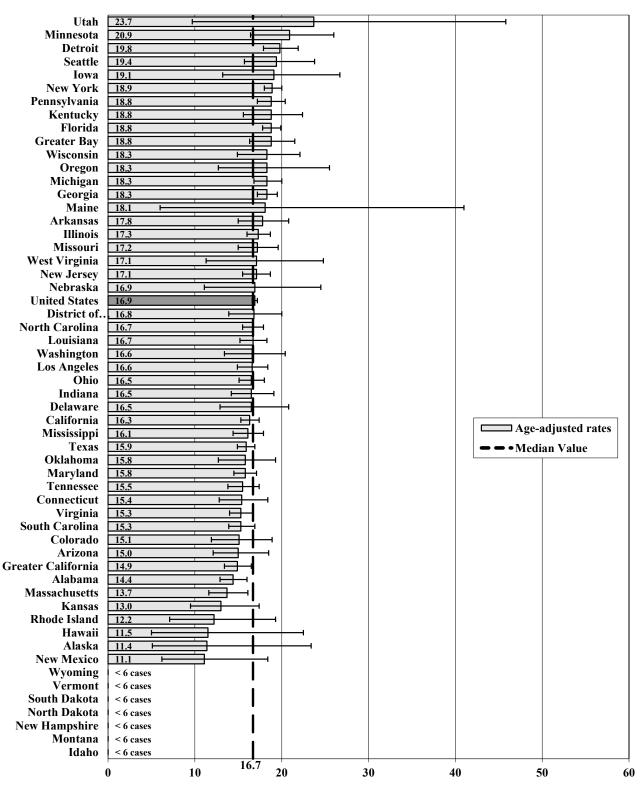
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 8th Most Common Cancer Among Black Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

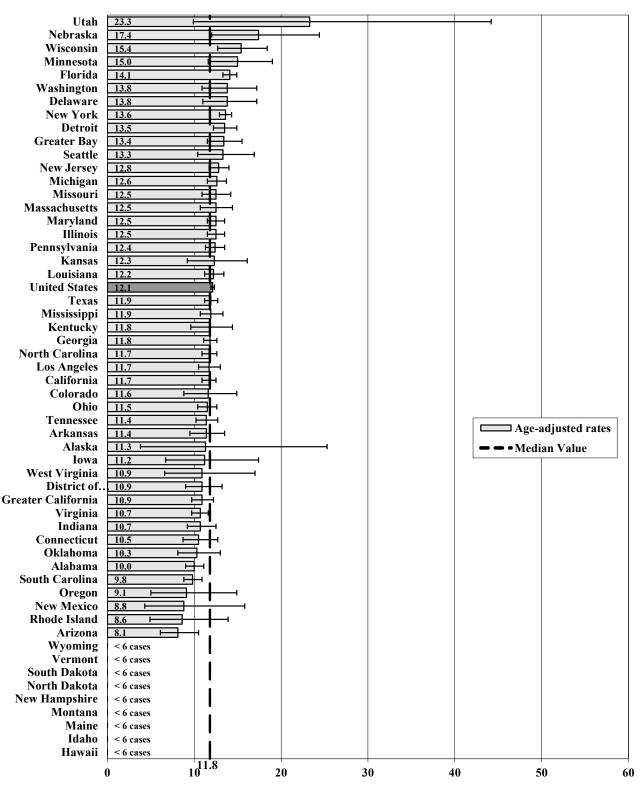
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 125 Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 9th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females



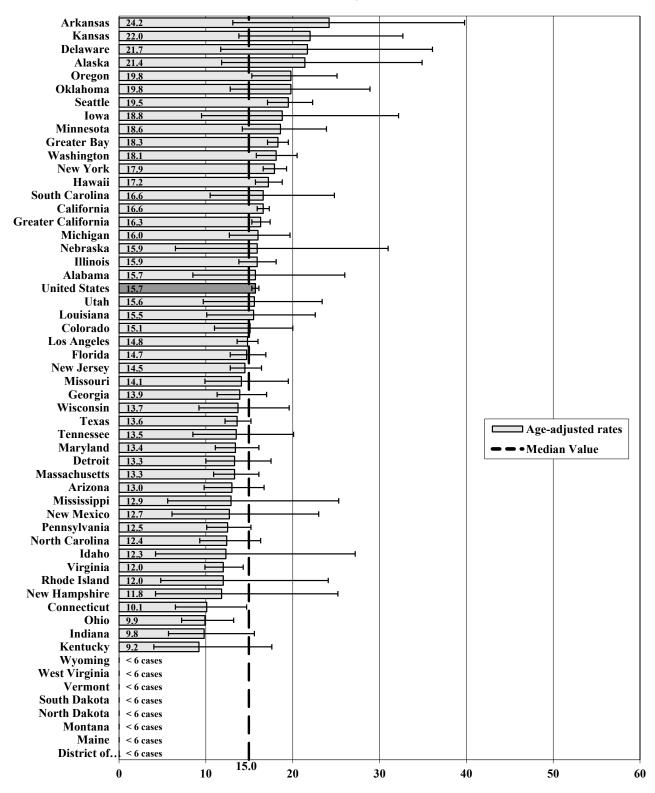
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

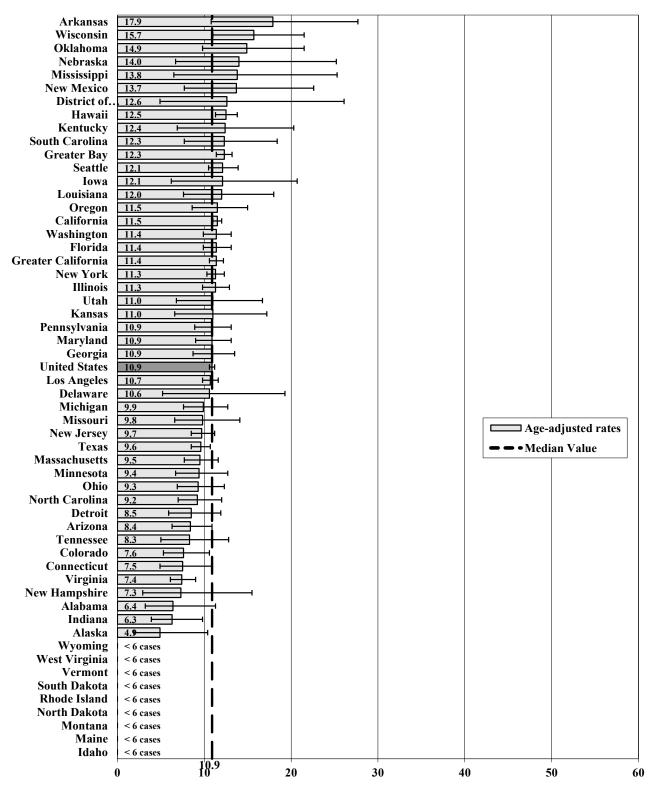
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 127 Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 6th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females



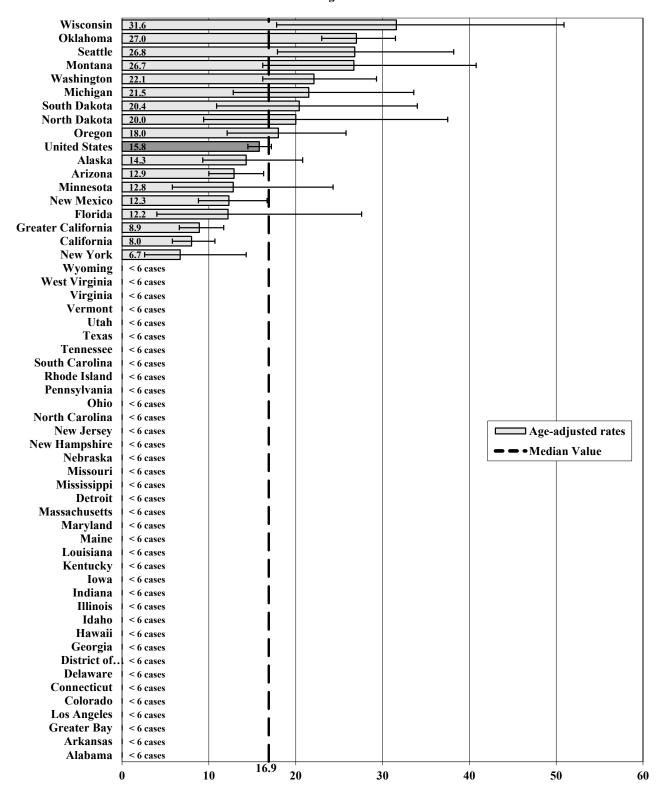
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

> Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 7th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 129 Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

> Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 7th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females

North Dakota	27.3						
Minnesota	23.3				I		
Oklahoma	20.7						
Washington	19.8						
Oregon	19.5						
Seattle	18.1						
Michigan	17.3						
New York	15.9			-			
Wisconsin	15.4 ⊢						
United States	13.3						
Montana	13.2 —						
North Carolina	12.6 ⊢						
New Mexico	11.9						
Arizona	11.5						
Alaska	10.8 ⊢						
South Dakota	9.5						
Greater California	7.2						
California	6.5	.					
	0.5						
Wyoming West Virginia	< 6 cases						
Virginia Virginia	< 6 cases						
Vermont							
Utah	< 6 cases < 6 cases						
Texas							
	< 6 cases						
Tennessee	< 6 cases						
South Carolina	< 6 cases						
Rhode Island	< 6 cases						
Pennsylvania	< 6 cases						
Ohio	< 6 cases						
New Jersey	< 6 cases						
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					Age-a	adjusted rates
Nebraska	< 6 cases					• Medi	an Value
Missouri	< 6 cases						
Mississippi	< 6 cases						
Detroit	< 6 cases						
Massachusetts	< 6 cases						
Maryland	< 6 cases						
Maine	< 6 cases						
Louisiana	< 6 cases						
Kentucky	< 6 cases						
Iowa	< 6 cases						
Indiana	< 6 cases						
Illinois	< 6 cases						
Idaho	< 6 cases						
Hawaii	< 6 cases						
Georgia	< 6 cases						
Florida	< 6 cases						
District of	<pre>< 6 cases</pre>						
Delaware	< 6 cases						
Connecticut	< 6 cases						
Colorado	< 6 cases						
Los Angeles	< 6 cases						
Greater Bay	< 6 cases						
Arkansas	< 6 cases						
Alabama	< 6 cases						
	0	10 14.4	20	30	4) 5	0 60
	v	10	20	30	40	. 5	• •

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

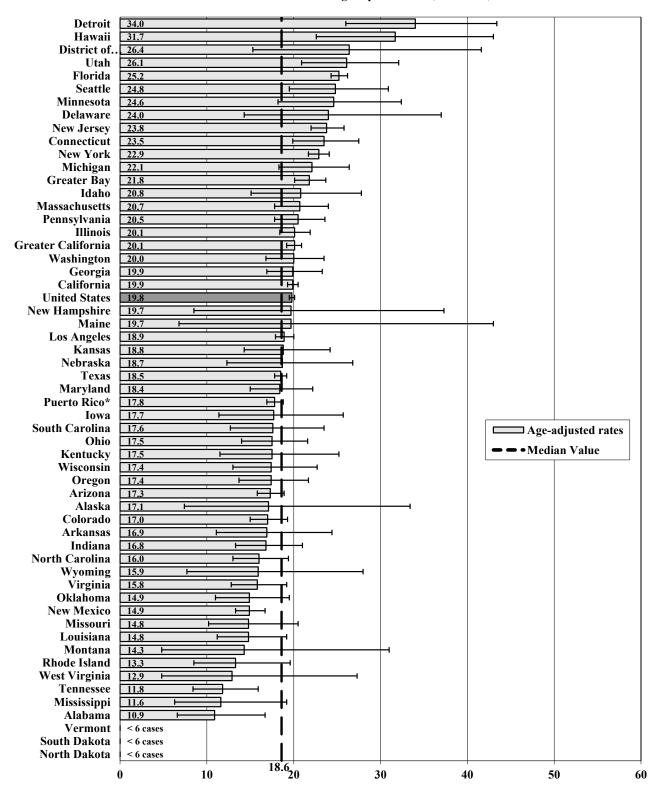
² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

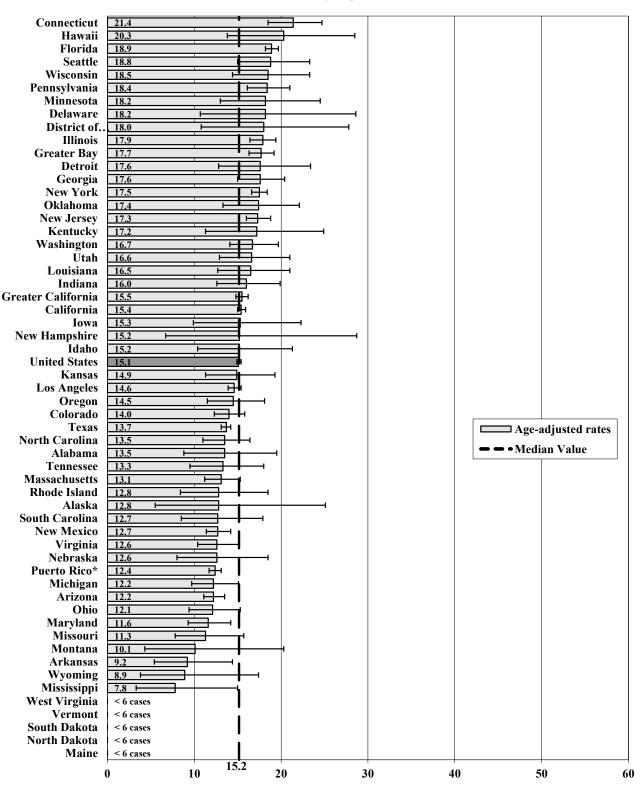
* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

131 Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 6th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

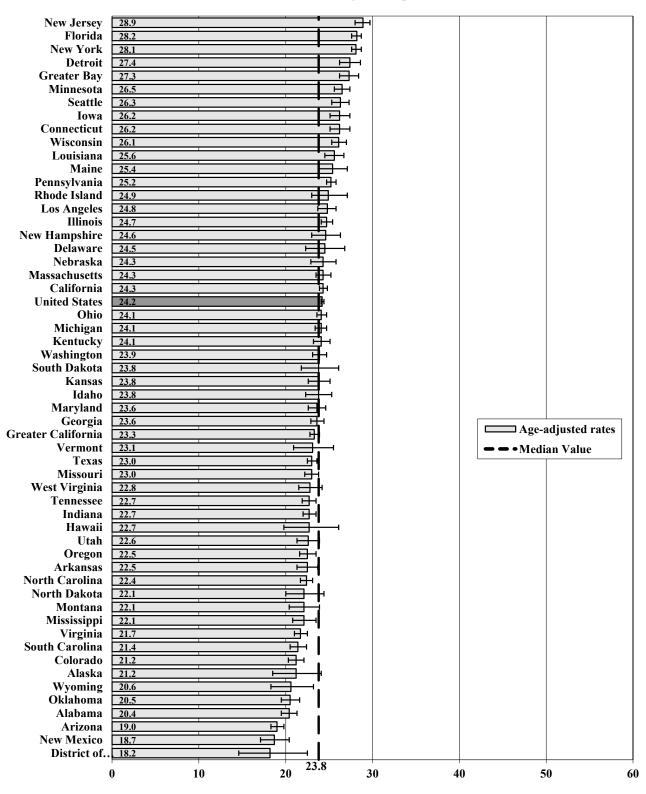
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 6th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

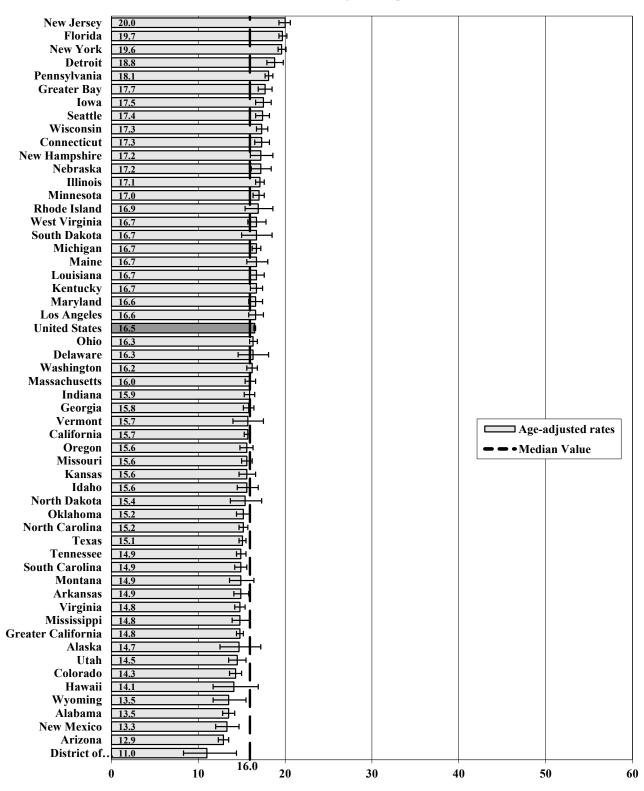
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 133 Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

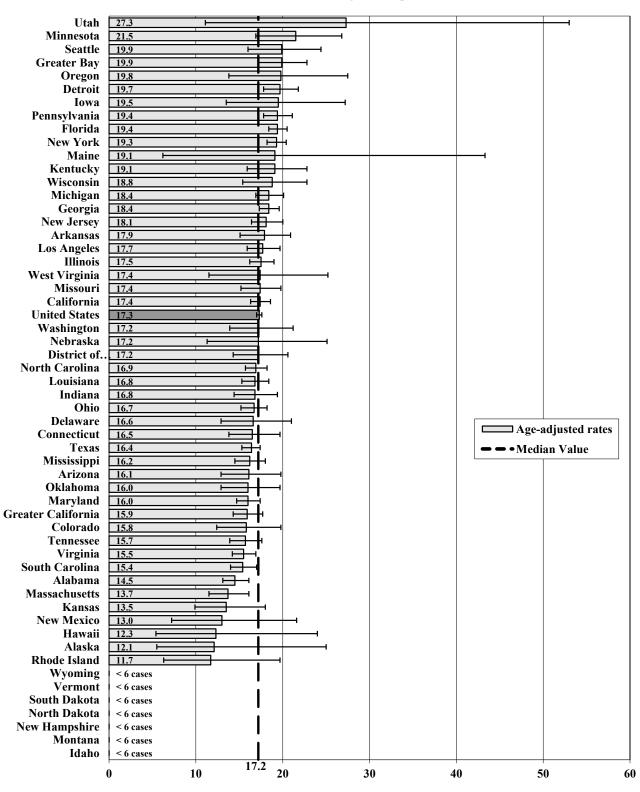
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 8th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 135 Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma The 9th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

Utah	25.4 ⊢					
Nebraska	18.0					
Wisconsin	15.8					
Minnesota	15.0 +					
Florida	14.5	┻┲┲┙				
Delaware	14.2 ⊢					
Greater Bay	14.1					
Washington	14.0 ⊢					
Seattle	13.7 H					
New York	13.6	FEL '				
Detroit	13.6	₩ <u></u>				
New Jersey		EC I				
	13.3	₽				
Massachusetts	13.0 ⊢					
Michigan	12.7 H					
Kansas	12.7					
Illinois	12.7	₽				
Pennsylvania	12.6 H					
Missouri	12.6 ⊢	₽→				
Maryland	12.6					
Alaska	12.4]				
Louisiana	12.3 ⊢	j - I				
California	12.3	} ⊣				
United States	12.3					
Los Angeles	12.2 	Li ∣				
Texas	12.1	1 .				
Colorado	12.1					
Mississippi	12.0 ⊢					
Kentucky	12.0					
North Carolina	11.9	1				
		1.				
Georgia	11.7 H	T.				
Greater California					Дарана Аде-а	djusted rates
Ohio	11.6 H	ť			_	
Iowa	11.5	1			• Medi	an Value
Tennessee	11.4	₽				
Arkansas	11.4					
Connecticut	11.3					
District of	. 11.1	• •				
West Virginia	11.0 —	╉───┥ │				
Indiana	10.8	÷				
Virginia	10.7					
Rhode Island	10.7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
New Mexico	10.6	I i				
Oklahoma	10.4					
Alabama						
South Carolina	9.8					
Oregon	9.7					
Arizona	8.9					
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases	I				
South Dakota	< 6 cases	1				
		I				
North Dakota	< 6 cases	1				
New Hampshire	< 6 cases	I				
Montana	< 6 cases	1				
Maine	< 6 cases					
Idaho	< 6 cases	1				
Hawaii	< 6 cases					
	0 10 ¹²	2.2 20	3	0 4	0 5	0 60
	v 10	20	3	v 4	v 3	v 00

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

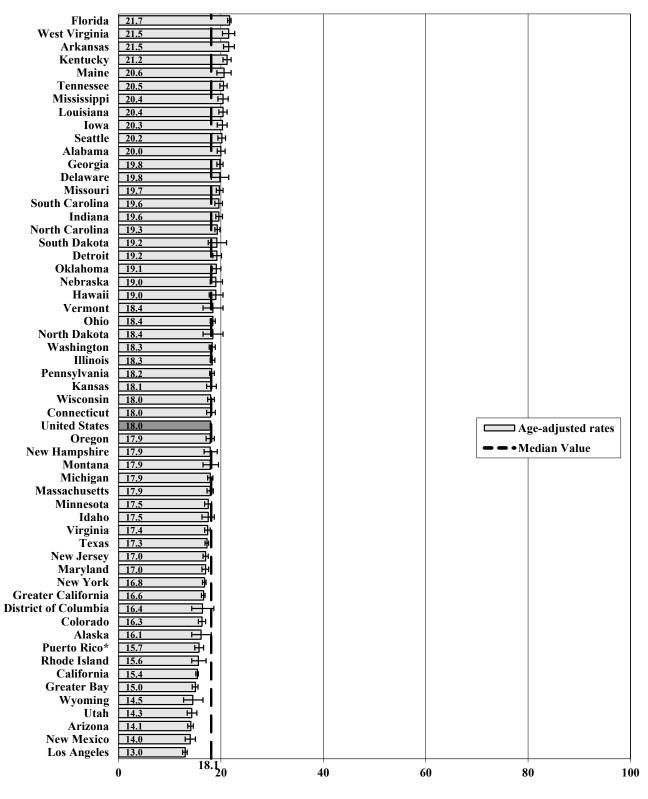
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 8th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 137 Oral Cavity and Pharynx, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Hawaii 8.1 ጉ 7.8 Seattle Kentucky 7.7 West Virginia 75 Arkansas 7.5 **Rhode Island** 7.4 Minnesota 74 Iowa 7.4 Maine 7.3 Wisconsin 7.2 Washington 7.2Connecticut 7.2 Pennsylvania 7.0 Louisiana 7.0 Idaho 6.9 Georgia 6.9 Alabama 6.9 Vermont 6.8 Oregon 6.8 North Dakota 6.8 Nebraska 6.8 Mississippi 6.8 Michigan 6.8 Massachusetts 6.8 Illinois 6.8 Florida 6.8 Ohio 6.7 North Carolina 6.7 New York 6.7 Indiana 6.7 Tennessee 6.6 Oklahoma 6.6 □ Age-adjusted rates Detroit 6.6 Median Value Montana 6.5 Missouri 6.5 **United States** 6.5 South Dakota 6.4 ⊦ **New Jersey** 6.4 New Hampshire 6.4 Maryland 6.3 Kansas 6.3 South Carolina 6.2 Delaware 6.2 Wyoming 6.1 ⊦ Virginia 6.1 **District of Columbia** 6.1 **Greater California** 6.0 Utah 5.9 ⊦ **Greater Bay** 5.9 H Texas 5.8 Colorado 5.8 + California 57 5.1⊢ Alaska **Puerto Rico*** 4.9 ⊮ Los Angeles 4.9 New Mexico 4.6H Arizona 4.6 6.7 0 20 40 60 80 100

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 14th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

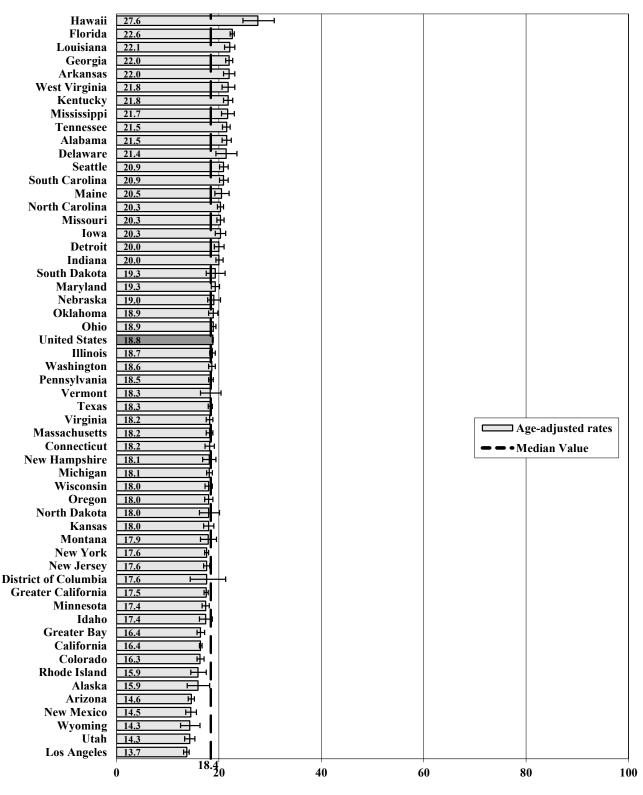
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 8th Most Common Cancer Among White Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 139 Oral Cavity and Pharynx, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

Hawaii 10.0 Seattle 8.1 H Kentucky 7.9 н 7.7 Louisiana Mississippi 7.6 Georgia 7.6 **Rhode Island** 7.5 Arkansas 7.5 West Virginia 7.4 Maine 7.4 Connecticut 7.4 Alabama 7.4 Washington 7.3 7.3 Iowa 7.2 Minnesota Wisconsin 7.1 North Carolina 7.1 7.1 Florida 7.0 Tennessee Pennsylvania 7.0 Nebraska 7.0 Detroit 7.0 Maryland 7.0 Illinois 7.0 Oregon 6.9 Ohio 6.9 North Dakota 6.9 New York 6.9 South Carolina 6.8 Michigan 6.8 Massachusetts 6.8 ☐ Age-adjusted rates Idaho 6.8 Vermont 6.7 Median Value Indiana 6.7 **United States** 6.7 New Jersey 6.6 Missouri 6.6 South Dakota 6.5 Oklahoma 6.5 **New Hampshire** 6.4 Delaware 6.4 Virginia 6.3 Montana 6.3 ⊢ Greater California 6.2 Wyoming 6.1 ⊢ Texas 6.0 Kansas 6.0 + Utah 5.9 ⊦ California 5.9 **District of Columbia** 5.8⊦ Colorado 5.8 + **Greater Bay** 5.8 + Los Angeles 5.1 New Mexico 4.9 H 4.9⊢ Alaska Arizona 4.7 H 6.9 0 20 40 60 80 100

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 14th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

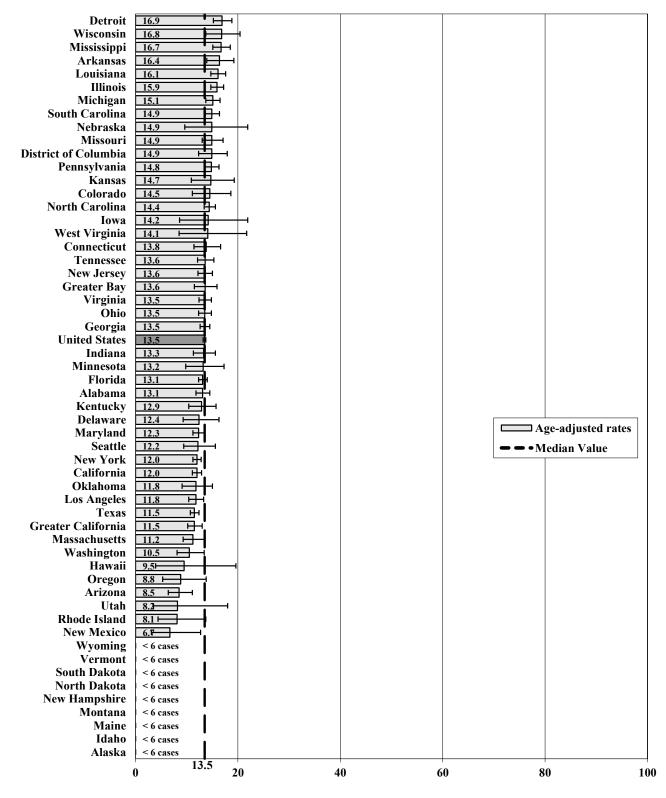
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 10th Most Common Cancer Among Black Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 141 Oral Cavity and Pharynx, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Minnesota 7.4 Wisconsin 6.2 Arkansas 6.2 Kansas 6.(**District of Columbia** 6.0 West Virginia 519 Pennsylvania 5.8 Detroit Michigan Illinois Indiana Georgia 5.3 Mississippi Louisiana 5.2 Oregon 5.1 Missouri 5.1⊦ **Rhode Island** - 5.0 North Carolina 5.0 New York 5.0 Delaware 5.0 Alabama 5.0 Ohio 4.9 Maryland 4.9 **United States** 4.9 Texas 4.8 New Jersey 4.8 Kentucky 4.8 Tennessee 4.6 **Greater California** 4.6 South Carolina 4.5 Florida 4.5 □ Age-adjusted rates Connecticut 4.5 Los Angeles 4.4⊦ Median Value California 4.4 Massachusetts 4.**J** Iowa #.3 Virginia 4.2 **Greater Bay** 4.2 Seattle 319 Washington 3.4 Nebraska B.: Oklahoma 3.2 Arizona 2.7 Colorado 12.3 Wyoming < 6 Vermont < 6 eases Utah < 6 ases South Dakota < 6 ases North Dakota < 6 **New Mexico** < 6 ases **New Hampshire** < 6 cases Montana ases Maine cases Idaho < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Alaska < 6 cases 4.9 0 20 40 60 80 100

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 16th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

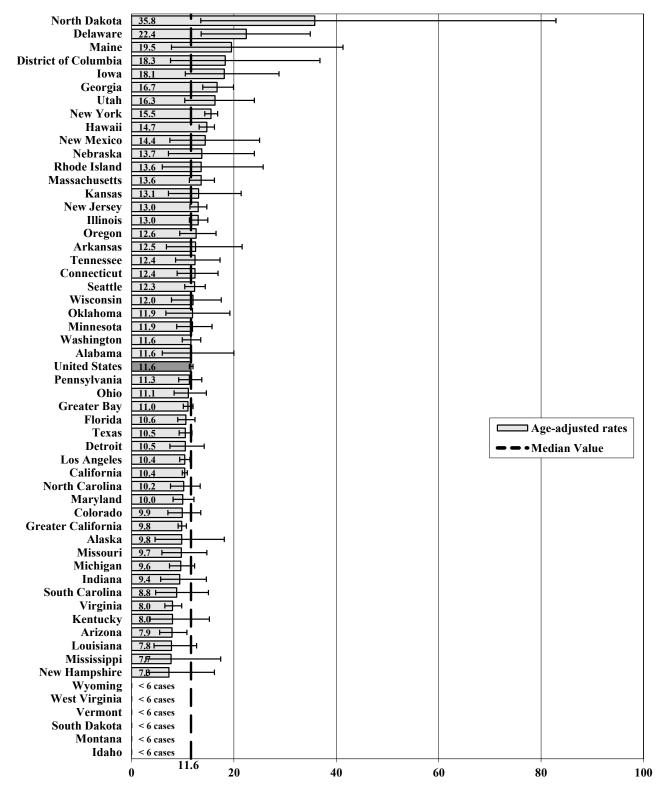
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 8th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

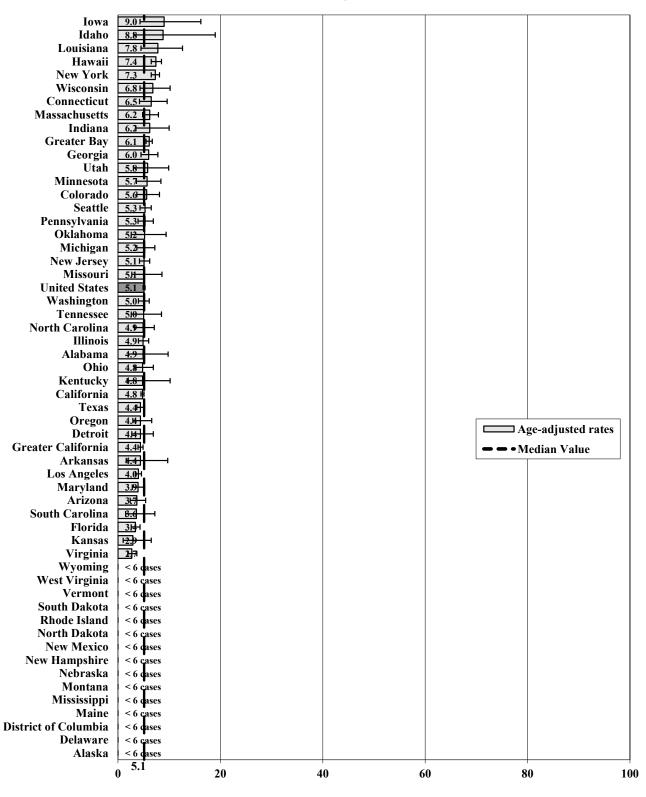
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 143 Oral Cavity and Pharynx, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 14th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

Mississippi 42.3 North Dakota 31.9 Minnesota 30.7 Oklahoma 25.6 25.5 Seattle Wisconsin 23.4 Alaska 21.6 Montana 20.9 Washington 19.7 South Dakota 17.5 New York 16.6 Michigan 16.4 **United States** 14.9 North Carolina 14.7 Oregon 14.0 South Carolina 11.8 **Greater California** 9.6 California 8.6 Arizona 6.2+ **New Mexico** 6.0 Wyoming < 6 cases West Virginia < 6 cases Virginia < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases Utah < 6 cases Texas < 6 cases Tennessee < 6 cases **Rhode Island** < 6 cases Pennsylvania < 6 cases Ohio < 6 cases **New Jersey** < 6 cases □ Age-adjusted rates **New Hampshire** < 6 cases Median Value Nebraska < 6 cases Missouri < 6 cases Detroit < 6 cases Massachusetts < 6 cases Maryland < 6 cases Maine < 6 cases Louisiana < 6 cases Kentucky < 6 cases Iowa < 6 cases Indiana < 6 cases Illinois < 6 cases Idaho < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Georgia < 6 cases Florida < 6 cases **District of Columbia** < 6 cases Delaware < 6 cases Connecticut < 6 cases Colorado < 6 cases Los Angeles < 6 cases Greater Bay < 6 cases Arkansas < 6 cases Alabama < 6 cases 17.1₂₀ A 40 60 80 100

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 8th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

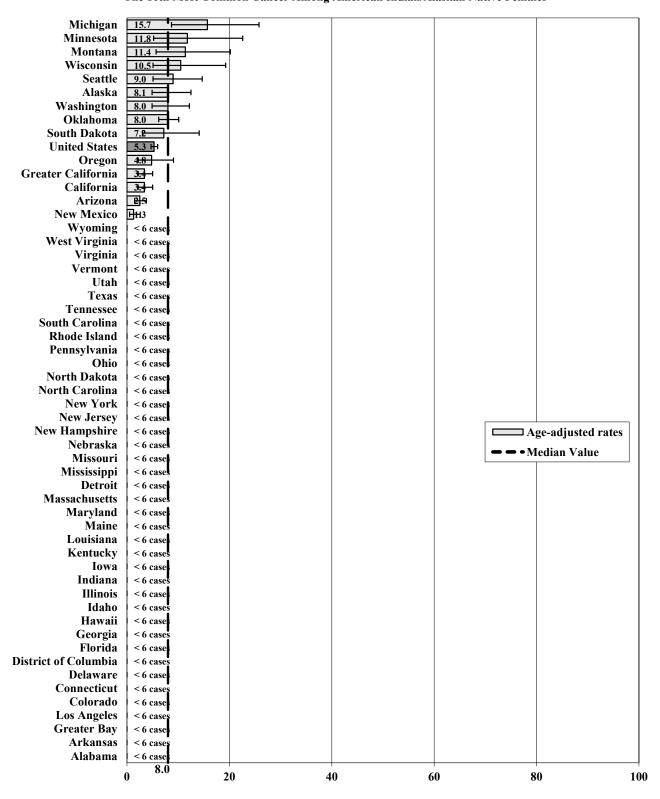
³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 145 Oral Cavity and Pharynx, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 16th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

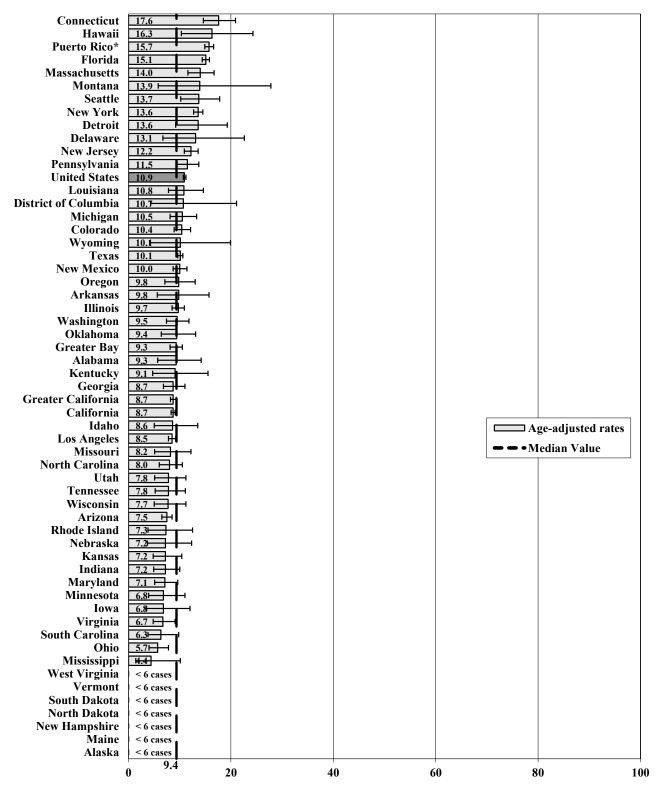
² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

⁴ PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 11th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 147 Oral Cavity and Pharynx, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Connecticut	7.7 -					
Hawaii	6.9					
Massachusetts	5.8					
Idaho	5.8					
Louisiana	5.7					
Kansas	5.7					
Detroit	5.4					
New Jersey	5.3					
Iowa	3.3					
Indiana	5.3					
New York	5.1					
Minnesota	510					
Florida	5.0 4					
Seattle	4.9					
Tennessee	419					
Puerto Rico*	4.9 H					
Oregon	4.8					
New Mexico	4.74					
Illinois	4.71-1					
Georgia	4.7					
Wisconsin	4.6					
Pennsylvania	4.5					
Oklahoma	4.5					
United States	4.4					
Washington	<u>4.8</u>					
Colorado	4.3 H					
Greater California	4.1					
Texas	3.9					
Mississippi	1 3.9					
Greater Bay	3.8					
California	3.8					
Arizona	3.8				Age-adjust	ad rates
Rhode Island	B.(Age-aujust	curates
Missouri	3.4 1 ·				🗕 🗕 • Median Va	lue
Los Angeles	3.f					
Nebraska						
	B.4					
Ohio	3. 3 -1					
Maryland	3.3					
Virginia	3.2					
Michigan	3.2					
Utah	E.P					
South Carolina	12.7					
Alabama	127					
Arkansas	1 26 1					
North Carolina	B S					
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Kentucky	< 6 cases					
District of Columbia	< 6 cases					
Delaware	< 6 cases					
Alaska	< 6 cases					
	0 ^{4.5}	20	40	60	80	10
	U	20	40	00	80	10

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 18th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

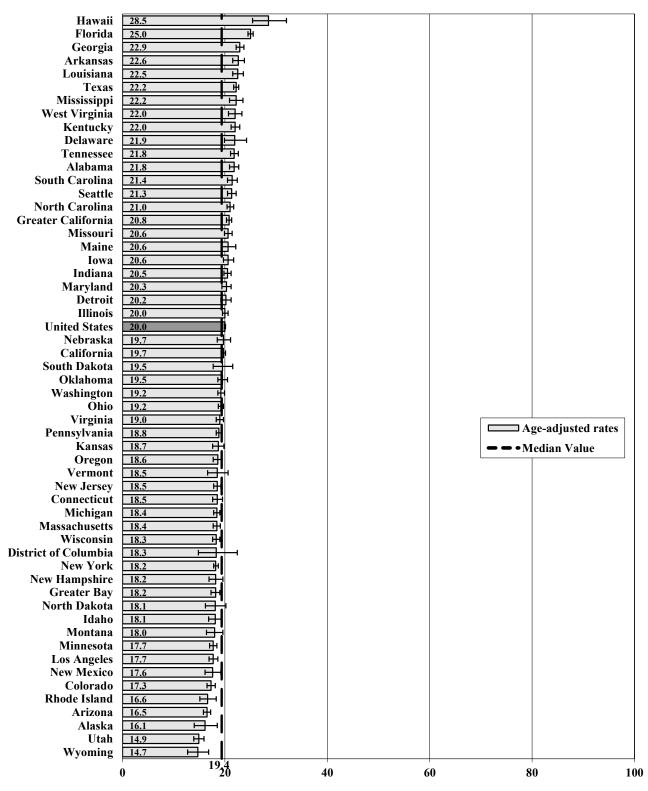
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 8th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

². See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 149 Oral Cavity and Pharynx, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

Hawaii 10.3 Seattle 8.3 FH Kentucky 8.0 ጉ **Rhode Island** 7.8 Florida 7.8 Mississippi 7.7 Louisiana 7.7 Georgia 7.7 Arkansas 7.7 West Virginia Alabama 7.5 Washington 7.4 North Carolina 7.4 7.4 Maine Iowa 7.4 Connecticut 7.4 Nebraska 7.3 Minnesota 7.3 Illinois 7.3 Wisconsin 7.2 Maryland 7.2 Texas 7.1 Tennessee 7.1 Pennsylvania 7.1 Oregon 7.1 **New York** 7.1 Ohio 7.0 7.0 Detroit **United States** 7.0 South Carolina 6.9 North Dakota 6.9 □ Age-adjusted rates Michigan 6.9 Massachusetts 6.9 • Median Value **Greater California** 6.9 Vermont 6.8 Idaho 6.8 Delaware 6.8 California 6.8 New Jersey 6.7 Missouri 6.7 Indiana 6.7 Oklahoma 6.6 Los Angeles 6.6 Virginia 6.5 South Dakota 6.5 ⊦ **New Hampshire** 6.5 **Greater Bay** 6.5 Montana 6.3 **⊢ District of Columbia** 6.31 Wyoming 6.2 ⊦ Utah 6.1 Kansas 6.1 Colorado 6.1 Arizona 5.0 H New Mexico 4.9⊢ Alaska 4.9 7.00 20 40 60 80 100

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 14th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

Wisconsin 17.2 Detroit 17.0 Mississippi 16.9 Arkansas 16.6 Louisiana 16.3 Illinois 16.2 Pennsylvania 15.5 Nebraska 15.5 Michigan 15.2 -1 **District of Columbia** 15.2 Colorado 15.2 South Carolina 15.1 Kansas 15.1 Missouri 15.0 Connecticut 14.9 North Carolina 14.7 New Jersey 14.6 Iowa 14.6 **Greater Bay** 14.4 Tennessee 13.8 **United States** 13.8 Virginia 13.7 Ohio 13.7 Georgia 13.7 West Virginia 13.6 Minnesota 13.6 Indiana 13.5 Florida 13.4 Alabama 13.2 Kentucky 13.0 California 12.8 □ Age-adjusted rates Seattle 12.5 Maryland 12.5 • Median Value Delaware 12.5 Los Angeles 12.5 **Greater California** 12.4 New York 12.2 Oklahoma 12.0 Texas 11.8 Massachusetts 11.1 Washington 11.0 **Rhode Island** 10.3 Hawaii 10.2 Oregon 9.6 Utah 9.4 Arizona 8.9 **New Mexico** Wyoming < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases **New Hampshire** < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases Maine < 6 cases Idaho < 6 cases Alaska < 6 cases 13.7 A 20 40 60 80 100

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 10th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 151 Oral Cavity and Pharynx, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Minnesota 7.6 ⊦ Wisconsin 6.4 Arkansas 6.3 Kansas **District of Columbia** 62 Pennsvlvania 6.1 West Virginia 6,10 **Rhode Island** 518 Detroit 5.8 H Michigan 5.8 Illinois 5.8 Oregon 516 Indiana 5.6 Georgia 5.3 **New York** 5.2 Missouri 5.2 Mississippi 5.2 Louisiana 5.2 Delaware 5.2 North Carolina 5.1 New Jersey 5.1 **United States** 5.1 Ohio 5.0 Maryland 5.0 **Greater California** 5.01 Alabama 5.0 Texas 4.9 Kentucky 4.8 Connecticut 4.8 California 4.7 Tennessee 4.6 □ Age-adjusted rates South Carolina 4.6 Massachusetts 4.6 • Median Value Florida 4.6 Los Angeles 4.6 Iowa 4.5 **Greater Bay** 4.4 Virginia 4.3 Seattle 4H Washington Nebraska 8.4 Oklahoma 3. Arizona 1.8 Colorado 1214 Wyoming < 6 Vermont < 6 cases Utah < 6 South Dakota ases North Dakota **New Mexico** ases **New Hampshire** Montana ases Maine Idaho < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Alaska < 6 cases 5.1 0 20 40 60 80 100

Oral Cavity and Pharynx The 16th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

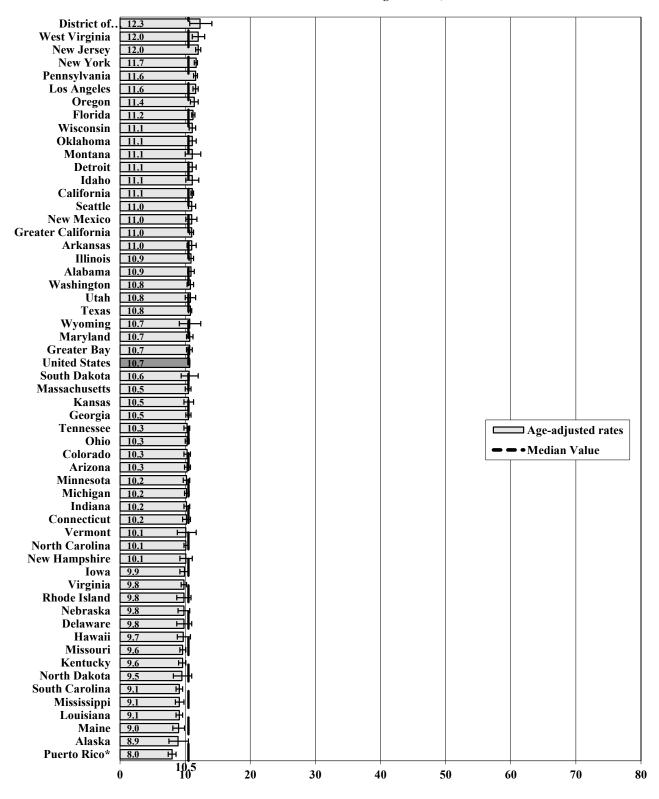
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Ovary

The 11th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 153 Ovary, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

Ovary
The 11th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

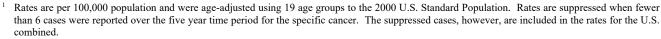
Hawaii	13.6	•						
Los Angeles	12.4 H							
District of.	. 12.3							
West Virginia	12.2							
New Jersey	12.2							
New York	12.1							
Pennsylvania	11.8							
Detroit	11.7							
California	11.7							
Oregon	11.5							
Greater Bay	11.5							
Greater California	11.5							
Maryland	11.4							
Florida	11.4							
Illinois	11.3							
Arkansas	11.3							
Alabama	11.3							
Seattle	11.2							
Wisconsin	11.1							
Texas	11.1							
Montana								
Idaho Casaria								
Georgia								
United States	11.0							
Washington	10.9 H							
Utah	10.9 H							
New Mexico	10.9							
Oklahoma	10.7 H							
Ohio	10.7 H							
Tennessee	10.6 H							
South Dakota								
North Carolina	10.6						⊐ Age-adjust	ed rates
Delaware							• Median Va	lu a
Wyoming							• Median va	lue
Michigan	10.5 H							
Massachusetts	10.5 H							
Arizona	10.5							
Kansas	<u>10.4</u> ⊢							
Indiana	10.4							
Colorado	10.4 H							
Connecticut	10.3 H							
Vermont	10.2							
Minnesota	10.2 H							
Virginia	10.1 H							
New Hampshire								
Nebraska	10.1							
Iowa								
Mississippi	9.9 H							
Missouri	9.8 H							
Kentucky	<u>9.8</u>							
Alaska	9.7							
Rhode Island	9.6							
South Carolina	9.5 H							
North Dakota	9.3							
Louisiana	9.3 H							
Maine	9.0							
	0 10.7 0 10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Ovary The 12th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females Hawaii 12.8 ⊢ District of.. 11.7 West Virginia 11.4 **Greater Bay** 10.5 **New Jersey** 9.7 Texas 93 New York 9.3 Illinois 9.3 Detroit 9.2 Georgia 9.2 Alabama 9.2 Los Angeles 9.1 California 9.1 Maryland 9.0 Kansas 9.0 Arkansas 9.0 Wisconsin 8.9



40

50

60

70

80

30

2. See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

3. See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

20

Idaho

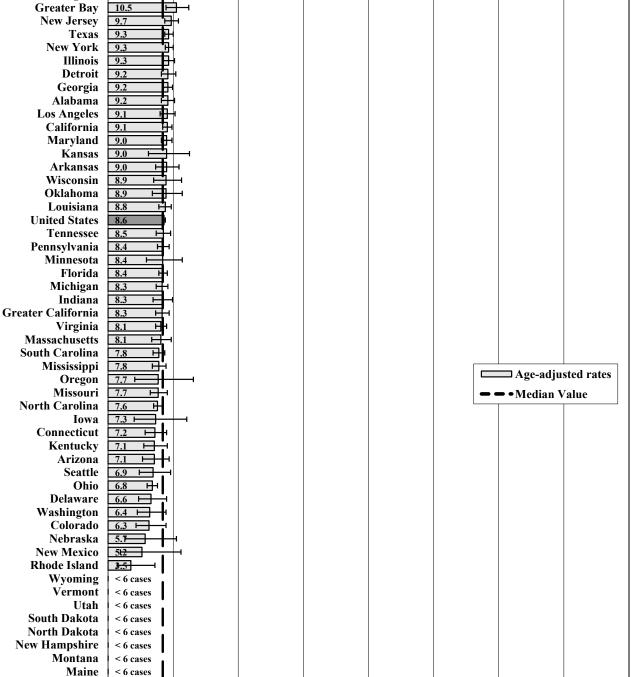
Alaska

< 6 cases

< 6 cases

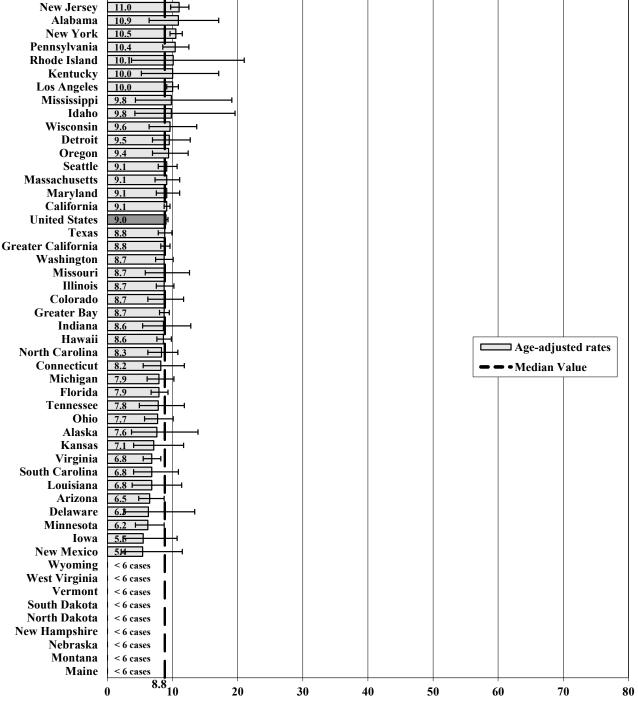
0

8.4 10



Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females

Ovary The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females Oklahoma 15.9 Georgia 11.6 District of. 11.4 Arkansas 11.1 Utah 11.0 **New Jersey** 11.0 Alabama 10.9 New York 10.5 Pennsylvania 10.4 **Rhode Island 10.1**⊦ Kentucky 10.0 Los Angeles 10.0 Mississippi 9.8 Idaho 9.8 Wisconsin 9.6 Detroit 9.5 Oregon 9.4 Seattle 9.1 Massachusetts 9.1 Maryland 9.1 California 9.1 **United States** 9.0 Texas 8.8 8.8 Washington 8.7 Missouri 8.7 Illinois 8.7



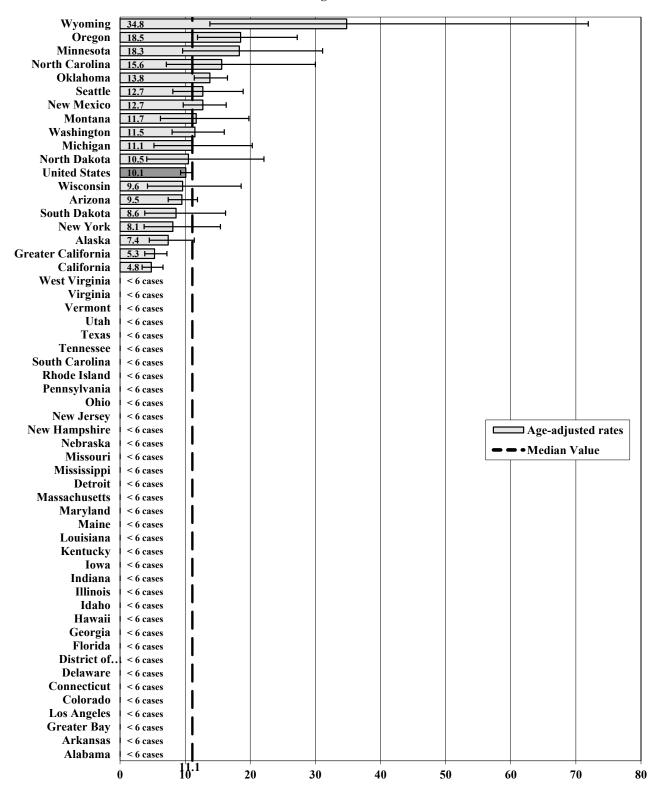
1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

2. See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

Ovary

The 9th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 157 Ovary, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Selected Areas in the Onice States , 2014-2010, Inspane, Latina, An Naces, Females
Ovary
The 10th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

	_ '	_	1					
Oklahoma	12.1							
Wyoming	12.0 —							
Detroit	12.0							
Oregon	11.9							
Georgia	11.6							
Seattle	11.3							
Los Angeles	11.2	ī.						
Idaho	10.9							
Hawaii	10.8							
California		ייי א						
Greater California	10.5	ց։ Ն						
Greater Camorina Texas	10.5	ም 1.						
New Mexico	10.4	יי יי						
		<u>г</u> ч 1 .						
Wisconsin	10.3 ⊢							
New Jersey	10.5	H						
Florida	10.2 H	μ						
Arizona	10.2	H						
Washington	<u>10.1</u> ⊢	H						
New York	10.0	-						
Illinois	10.0	-						
United States	9.8							
Kansas	9.6	—						
Utah	9.4							
Pennsylvania	9.2 H	-						
Greater Bay	9.2 ⊢	1						
Arkansas	9.2							
Montana	9.0							
Colorado	8.9	l						
Michigan	8.7	-						
District of.								
Kentucky	8.5	· ·						
Missouri	8.3	·						ted weter
							🗖 Age-adjus	sted rates
Virginia Puerto Rico*	8.0						• Median V	alue
	8.0 H							
Nebraska	7.9							
Maryland	7.9							
Connecticut	<u>7.9</u>							
Tennessee	7.8	-1						
Delaware	7.7 ⊢	—						
Ohio	7.4							
Indiana	7.3 -							
Massachusetts	6.9 H							
North Carolina	6.8 -							
Louisiana	6.6 H							
Iowa	6.4							
Minnesota	6.0							
South Carolina	5.9							
Rhode Island	5.5							
Mississippi	4.9	-						
	-							
	4.8							
Alabama	4.8 < 6 cases							
Alabama West Virginia	< 6 cases							
Alabama West Virginia Vermont	< 6 cases < 6 cases							
Alabama West Virginia Vermont South Dakota	< 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases							
Alabama West Virginia Vermont South Dakota North Dakota	< 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases							
Alabama West Virginia Vermont South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire	< 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases							
Alabama West Virginia Vermont South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire Maine	 < 6 cases 							
Alabama West Virginia Vermont South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire	 < 6 cases 							
Alabama West Virginia Vermont South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire Maine	 < 6 cases 	0 2	0 3	0 41) 5	0 6	0 7	0 80

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

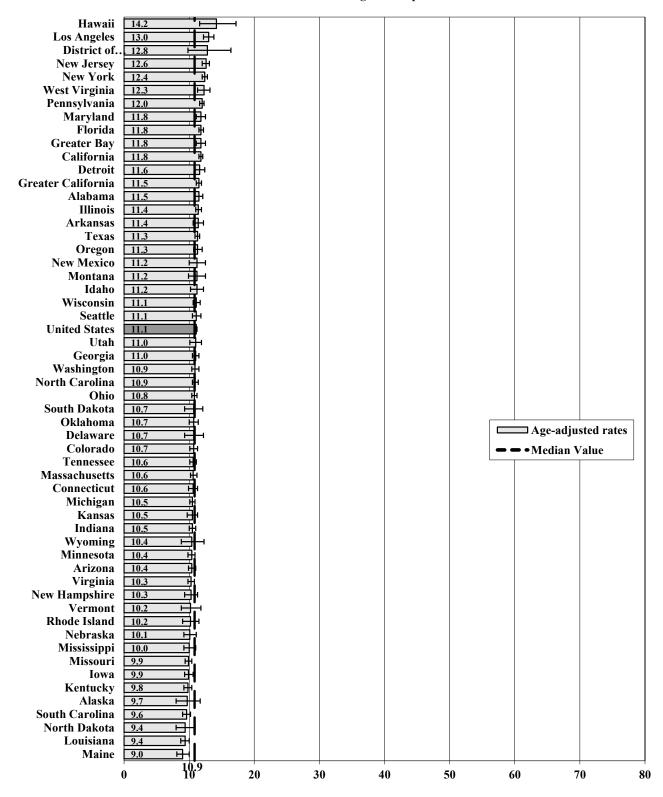
- ² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts Ovary, Hispanic/Latina, All Races 158

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

Ovary

The 11th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 159 Ovary, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

District of.	. 11.9	┝━┥						
West Virginia	11.5	I						
Greater Bay	11.2							
New Jersey	10.3 H-I							
California	9.7							
New York	9.6							
Los Angeles	9.5							
Texas	9.4							
Illinois	9.4							
Detroit	9.3							
Wisconsin	9.2							
Georgia	9.2							
Alabama	9.2							
Maryland	9.1							
Greater California	9.1							
Oklahoma	9.0							
Kansas	9.0	- I						
Arkansas	9.0 -							
Massachusetts	8.8							
Louisiana	8.8							
United States	8.8							
Pennsylvania	8.7 H							
Florida								
	8.7 H							
Minnesota	8.6							
Tennessee	8.5 1							
Oregon	8.4 ⊢							
Indiana	8.4							
Michigan	8.3 H							
Virginia	8.2							
South Carolina	7.9 H							
North Carolina	7.8 H							
Missouri	7.8 + +						🗖 Age-adju	sted rates
Mississippi	7.8						• Median V	alue
Arizona	7.8						Witculari V	aiuc
Connecticut								
Iowa	7.5	_						
Kentucky		•						
-								
Seattle	<u>6.9</u>							
Ohio	<u>6.8</u> H							
New Mexico	6.7							
Delaware	6.6							
Colorado	<u>6.5</u>							
Washington	6.3							
Nebraska	5.9							
Rhode Island	4.5							
Wyoming	< 6 cases							
	< 6 cases							
Vermont								
	< 6 cases							
Utah	< 6 cases < 6 cases							I
Utah South Dakota	< 6 cases							
Utah South Dakota North Dakota	< 6 cases < 6 cases							
Utah South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire	< 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases							
Utah South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire Montana	< 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases							
Utah South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire Montana Maine	< 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases							
Utah South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire Montana Maine Idaho	 < 6 cases 							
Utah South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire Montana Maine Idaho Hawaii	 < 6 cases 							
Utah South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire Montana Maine Idaho	 < 6 cases 							
Utah South Dakota North Dakota New Hampshire Montana Maine Idaho Hawaii Alaska	 < 6 cases 	20	3	0 4	0 5	0 6	0 7	0 80

Ovary The 12th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

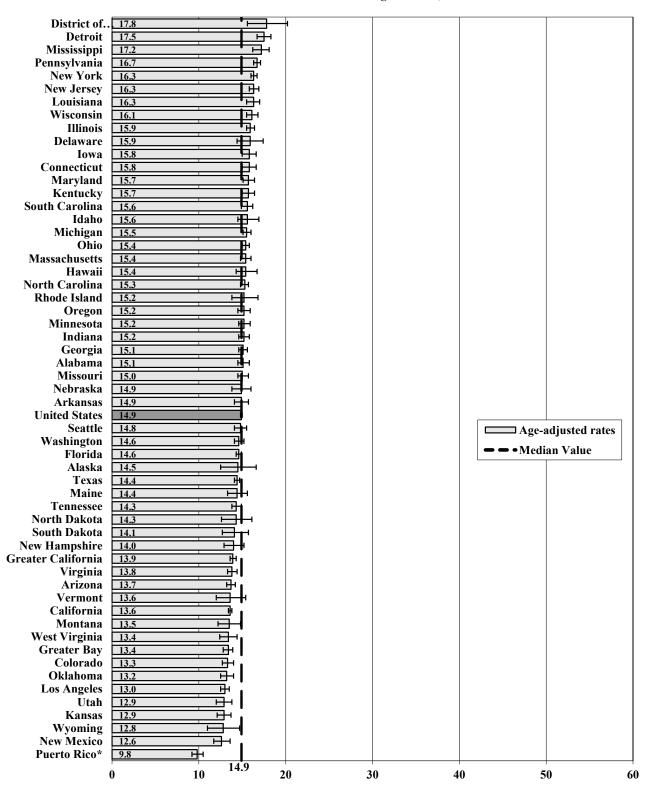
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Pancreas The 10th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 161 Pancreas, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Pancreas
The 9th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females

District of.	. 14.3 ⊢					
Detroit	13.6	H				
New Jersey	13.0					
Pennsylvania	12.7 叶					
New York	12.7					
Louisiana	12.6					
Mississippi	12.0					
Minnesota	12.2 H					
Connecticut	12.2					
South Carolina	12.1					
Maryland	12.1					
Kentucky	12.1					
Illinois	12.1					
Massachusetts	12.0					
Seattle	11.9					
South Dakota	11.9 H					
Michigan	11.9					
Hawaii						
Delaware						
Ohio	11.8					
Iowa	11.8					
West Virginia	11.7 H					
Wisconsin	11.6					
Oregon	11.6 H					
Maine	11.6					
Georgia	11.6					
Washington						
	11.5 H					
North Carolina	11.5 H					
Indiana	<u>11.5</u> H					
United States	11.5					
Idaho	11.4					_ '
Alabama	11.4 H				□ Age-adjusted rates	
New Hampshire	11.3					
Nebraska	11.3				 Median Value 	
Texas	11.2					- 1
Tennessee						1
Alaska	11.2					
Alaska Missouri						1
Alaska Missouri Florida	11.2 H 11.1 H 11.1 H					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia	11.2 H 11.1 H 11.1 H 10.9 H					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island	11.2 H 11.1 H 11.1 H					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia	11.2 H 11.1 H 11.1 H 10.9 H					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.7					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.7 10.6					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma Arkansas	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.7 10.6 10.5					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas Los Angeles	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.6 10.5					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas Los Angeles Vermont	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.5 10.4					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.6 10.5					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota Arizona	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.5 10.4					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.5 10.4					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota Arizona New Mexico	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.6 10.5 10.5 10.4 10.3 10.1 9.8					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota Arizona New Mexico Colorado	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.5 10.4 10.3 10.1 9.8 9.6					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma Arkansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota Arizona New Mexico Colorado Utah	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.5 10.4 10.3 10.4 9.8 9.6 9.5					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma Arkansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota Arizona New Mexico Colorado Utah	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.4 10.1 9.8 9.6 9.5 9.1					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California California Oklahoma Arkansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota Arizona New Mexico Colorado Utah	11.2 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 11.1 10.2 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.4 10.3 10.1 9.8 9.6 9.5 9.1 6.9					
Alaska Missouri Florida Virginia Rhode Island Montana Greater Bay Greater California Oklahoma Arkansas Kansas Los Angeles Vermont North Dakota Arizona New Mexico Colorado Utah Wyoming Puerto Rico*	11.2 11.1 11.1 10.9 10.8 10.8 10.7 10.6 10.5 10.4 10.1 9.8 9.6 9.5 9.1	20	30	40	50	6

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

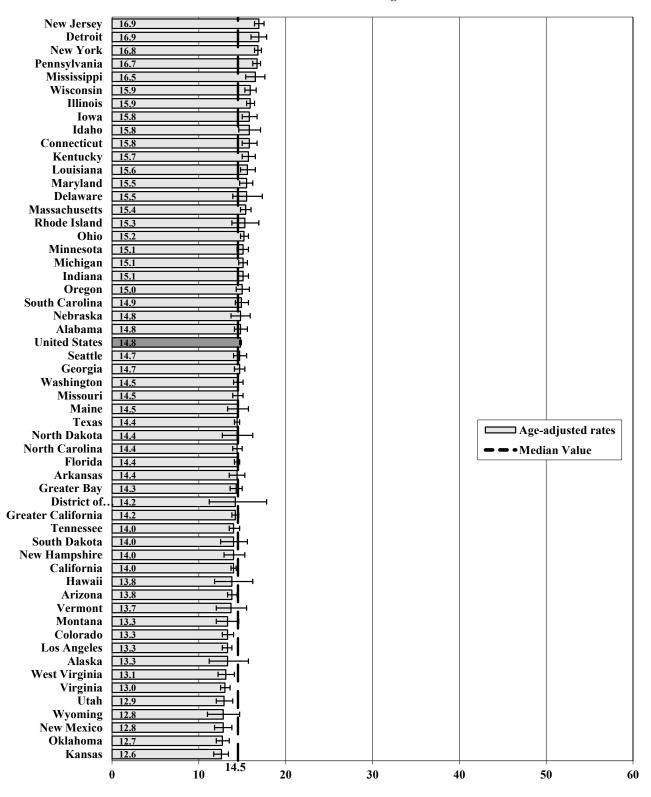
² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts Pancreas, All Races 162

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Pancreas The 10th Most Common Cancer Among White Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

New Jersey	13.2						
New York	12.8	н					
Detroit	12.8						
Pennsylvania	12.4						
District of.							
Minnesota	12.1						
Seattle	12.0						
							
Connecticut	12.0						
Massachusetts	11.9						
Louisiana	11.9						
Kentucky	11.9						
South Dakota	11.8						
West Virginia	11.7						
Īowa	11.7						
Illinois	11.7	F					
Maine	11.6						
Hawaii	11.6						
Washington	11.5	<u></u>					
		T					
Oregon	11.5	H .					
Ohio N. H.	11.5						
New Hampshire	11.4						
Michigan	11.4	I H					
Idaho	11.4						
Wisconsin	11.3	HH					
Indiana	11.3						
Nebraska	11.2						
Maryland	11.2						
Delaware	11.2						
Greater Bay	11.2						
United States	11.2						
South Carolina	11.2				_		
		<u> </u>				Age-adjusted	rates
Texas	10.9	7					
Rhode Island	10.8				•	🗕 🗕 • Median Value	e
Mississippi	10.8						
Greater California	10.8	- H					
California	10.8	H					
Tennessee	10.7	<u> </u>					
North Carolina	10.7	H-					
Montana	10.7						
Georgia	10.6						
Florida	10.6	1					
Los Angeles	10.6						
		<u> </u>					
Alaska	10.6						
Missouri	10.5						
Alabama	10.4						
Vermont	10.2						
New Mexico	10.2	╧╋┪					
Kansas	10.2						
Arizona	10.1						
Oklahoma	10.0	1 41					
Virginia	9.9	H .					
	9.9						
North Dakota							
North Dakota Arkansas		THA:					
Arkansas	9.9						
Arkansas Colorado	9.9 9.7						
Arkansas Colorado Utah	9.9 9.7 9.5						
Arkansas Colorado	9.9 9.7						
Arkansas Colorado Utah Wyoming	9.9 9.7 9.5		20	30	40	50	60

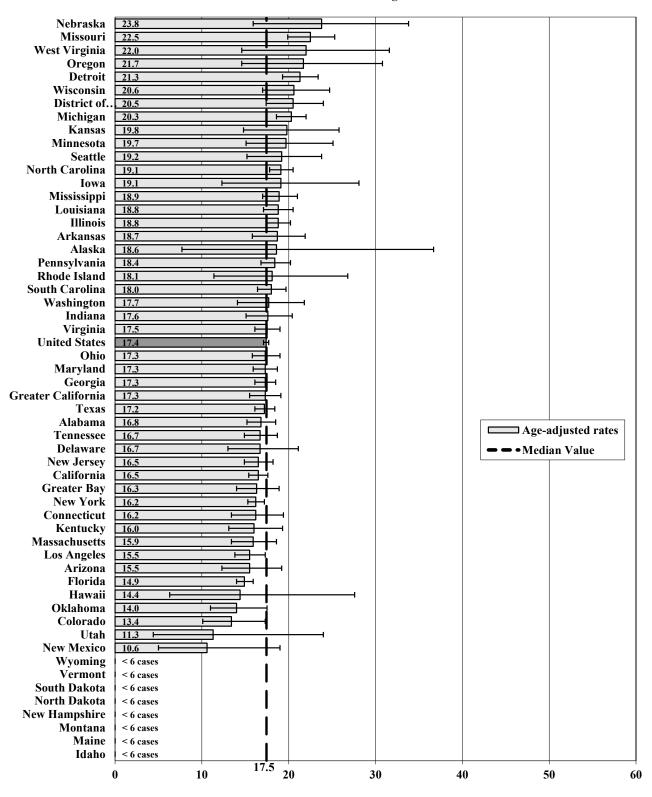
Pancreas The 10th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

Pancreas The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Black Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

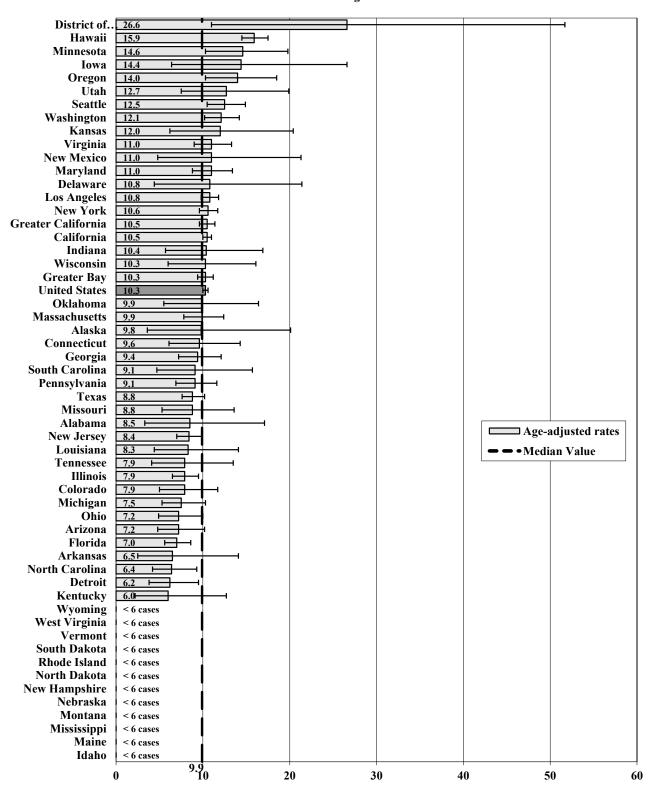
Pancreas The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

Wisconsin	18.8	·				
Kansas	17.4					
Oregon	17.2					
Iowa	16.6 —					
Missouri	16.5					
Detroit	16.4					
Arkansas	16.3 F					
Delaware	16.2	E .				
Pennsylvania	16.1					
Kentucky	16.1	Ë.				
Illinois	16.1	ET -				
New Hampshire	15.8	5.				
District of	. 15.8 ⊢					
South Carolina	15.7					
Mississippi	15.7 ⊢					
Virginia	15.4					
Greater Bay	<u>15.4</u>					
Michigan	15.3 ⊢					
Texas	15.1	₽				
Minnesota	15.1	╞───┤				
Tennessee	15.0 H	┝				
Georgia	15.0 ⊢	H				
Maryland	14.9 ⊢	h				
North Carolina	14.8 H	4				
Louisiana	14.8					
Alabama	14.8 	-				
United States	14.8	1				
Ohio	14.7	H				
New Jersey	14.4	I →I				
Nebraska	14.3		4			
New York	13.9 H	l				
Indiana	13.9	L			Age-a	djusted rates
Connecticut	13.9				• Media	n Valua
West Virginia	13.8					lii value
Florida	13.7 H					
Los Angeles	13.6					
Massachusetts		r				
California		Ι.				
Arizona	13.5					
Oklahoma		F				
Greater California		l I	_			
Alaska						
Seattle		1				
Washington	9.7					
Colorado	9.3	1				
New Mexico	8.0	ł				
Rhode Island	7.3	1				
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases	1				
Utah	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases					
Idaho	< 6 cases	,				
Hawaii	< 6 cases					
	14	.8	+			
	0 10	2	20 3	0 4	0 50	60

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males



Pancreas The 10th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males

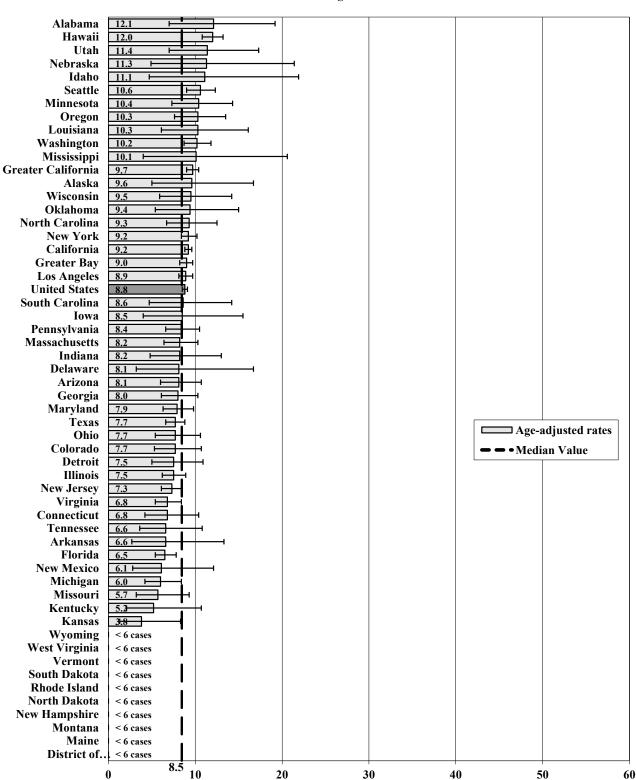
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 167 Pancreas, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females



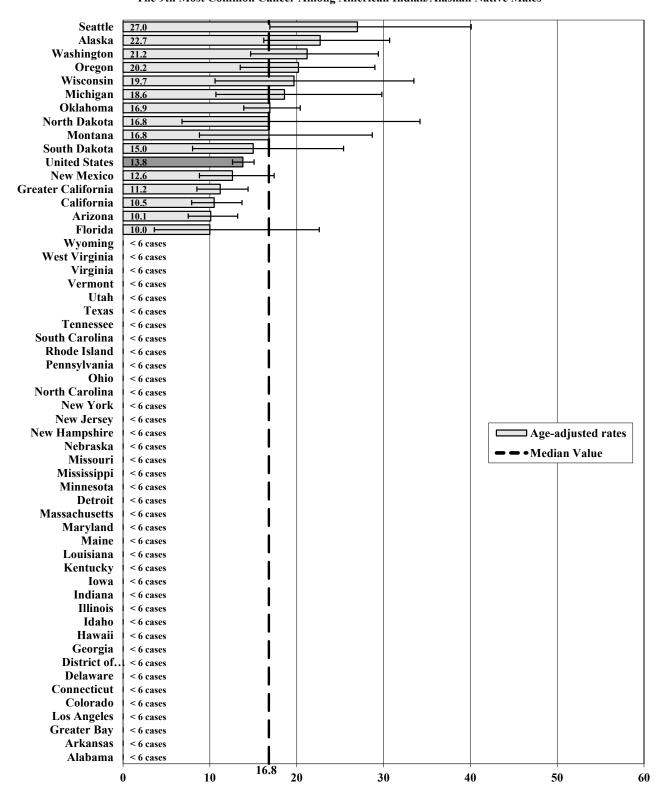
Pancreas The 8th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

> Pancreas The 9th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 169 Pancreas, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

Minnesota 24.7 Michigan 22.6 Oregon 17.2 North Dakota 15.5 Alaska 15.2 Montana 15.1 Oklahoma 14.9 South Dakota 14.1 12.8 Wisconsin Washington 12.4 **United States** 10.6 Seattle 9.7 New York 8.0 Arizona 7.8 **Greater California** 6.6 New Mexico California Wyoming < 6 cases West Virginia < 6 cases Virginia < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases Utah < 6 cases Texas < 6 cases Tennessee < 6 cases South Carolina < 6 cases **Rhode Island** < 6 cases Pennsylvania < 6 cases Ohio < 6 cases North Carolina < 6 cases New Jersey < 6 cases **New Hampshire** < 6 cases □ Age-adjusted rates Nebraska < 6 cases - • Median Value Missouri < 6 cases Mississippi < 6 cases Detroit < 6 cases Massachusetts < 6 cases Maryland < 6 cases Maine < 6 cases Louisiana < 6 cases Kentucky < 6 cases Iowa < 6 cases Indiana < 6 cases Illinois < 6 cases Idaho < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Georgia < 6 cases Florida < 6 cases District of .. < 6 cases Delaware < 6 cases Connecticut < 6 cases Colorado < 6 cases Los Angeles < 6 cases **Greater Bay** < 6 cases Arkansas < 6 cases

Pancreas The 8th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

30

40

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

20

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

10 12.8

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Alabama

< 6 cases

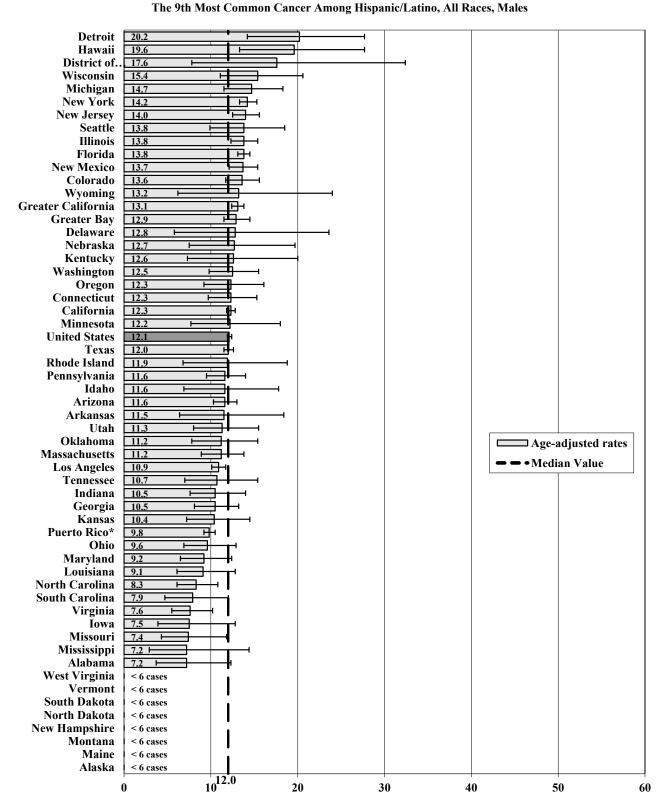
0

50

60

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Pancreas Most Common Concer Among Hisponio/Latino, All Paces



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 171 Pancreas, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Pancreas The 8th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

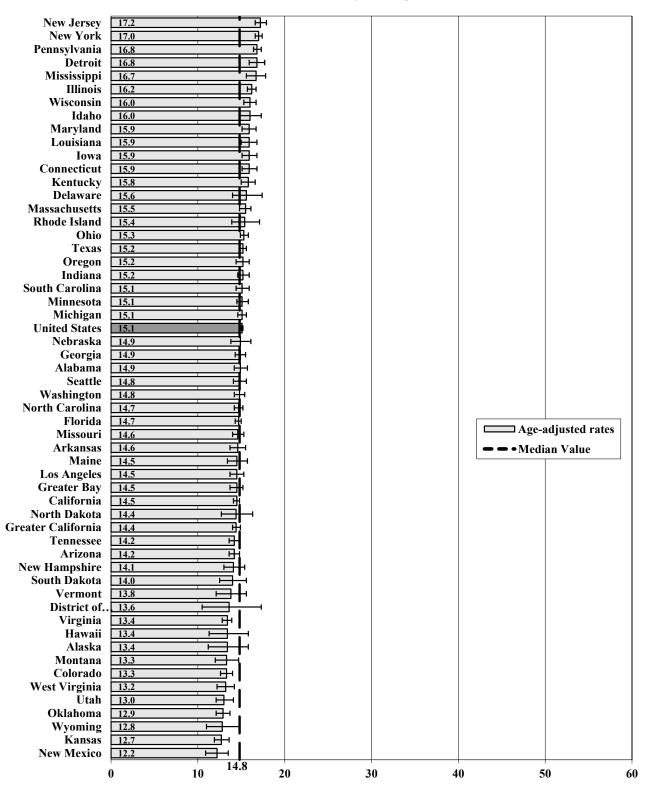
Hawaii	24.7	↓				
Detroit	18.2					
Minnesota	15.0					
Montana	13.6					
Seattle	13.3		-			
Kentucky	13.3					
Connecticut	13.2					
Arkansas	13.1 —					
Illinois	12.5					
New Jersey	12.2					
Michigan	12.1 ⊢					
Arizona	12.0					
Wisconsin	11.6 —					
Washington	<u>11.4</u> ⊢					
Georgia	<u>11.4</u> ⊢					
Greater Bay	11.3					
Maryland	11.2 —					
Greater California	11.2	∎+ı				
South Carolina	11.1	T				
Oklahoma	11.1					
New York	11.1	۰. ۲				
Colorado	11.1 ⊢					
Texas	10.9	HH .				
Oregon	10.9 —					
California	10.8	E4				
New Mexico	10.7 ⊢	•				
District of.						
Florida	10.3	 La				
		л 1.				
United States	10.3	he				
Los Angeles	10.0 H					
Ohio	9.7	╉─┥				
Utah	9.6	 -			Age-a	djusted rates
Pennsylvania	9.4	4 1			_	-
Indiana	9.2				Media	an Value
Nebraska	9.0					
Massachusetts	9.0	1.				
Rhode Island	8.5 ⊢					
Tennessee	8.2	1-1				
Kansas	8.2 ⊢	4 -1				
Virginia	8.0	1				
Wyoming	7.7					
Idaho	7.7	• ·				
North Carolina	7.1	1				
Louisiana	7.1	'I				
Puerto Rico*	<u>6.9</u> H	I				
Missouri	6.9 H	4				
Iowa	6.6	4 4				
Delaware	416	1				
Alabama	3.9					
West Virginia	< 6 cases					
		1				
Vermont	< 6 cases	I				
South Dakota	< 6 cases	1				
North Dakota	< 6 cases					
New Hampshire	< 6 cases	1				
Mississippi	< 6 cases					
Maine	< 6 cases	•				
Alaska	< 6 cases					
Alaska						
	0 f	8.8 2	0 3	0 4	0 5	0 60
	~ IV	~ 4	- J	~ Т	- J	. 00

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

- ¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.
- ^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

Pancreas The 10th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 173 Pancreas, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

	The 10th M	ost Common C	ancer Among No	n-Hispanic White	e Females	
Now Ingar	13.2	F H				
New Jersey New York						
Detroit	13.0 12.7	ten l				
	. 12.6					
District of		Ę				
Pennsylvania Minnosoto	12.5	to.				
Minnesota Louisiana	12.0 12.0	E I				
Seattle	11.9	£.				
Massachusetts	11.9	E I				
Connecticut	11.9	EL				
West Virginia	11.9	5. 1				
South Dakota	11.8	B				
Kentucky	11.8	EL'I				
Iowa	11.8	EL I				
Washington	11.6	£.				
Oregon	11.6	Б. I				
Maine	11.6	<u>t</u> .				
Illinois	11.6	Б.́				
Ohio	11.5					
New Hampshire	11.5	Бщ I				
Idaho	11.5	t				
Michigan	11.4	δ, I				
Indiana	11.4					
Wisconsin	11.4	L I				
Nebraska	11.3 +					
Maryland	11.3	L I				
Delaware	11.3					
Hawaii	11.2					
United States	11.2					
South Carolina	11.2 11.0	L I				
Rhode Island	11.0					
Greater Bay	11.0				Age-a	adjusted rates
Texas	10.9				• Medi	an Valuo
Mississippi	10.9 H	L				
North Carolina	10.8 H	1. -				
Florida	10.8	Í I				
Alaska						
Tennessee	10.7 H	I				
Montana	10.6	Ⅰ				
Missouri	10.6	ľ				
Los Angeles	10.6	1				
California	10.6					
Georgia	10.5					
Greater California	10.5 H					
Alabama	10.5	l l				
Kansas	10.3 H					
Vermont	10.2	I				
Virginia	10.1 H					
Oklahoma	10.0 H-1	•				
North Dakota	9.9	b				
Arkansas	9.9 HH	•				
Arizona	9.8 H					
New Mexico	9.6	•				
Utah	9.5					
Colorado	9.5 H	•				
Wyoming	9.2					
	11	.2	0 2	0 .	-	
	0 10	.2 2	0 3	U 4	0 5	0 6

Pancreas cer Among Non-Hispanic White Females The 10th Most Common Con

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

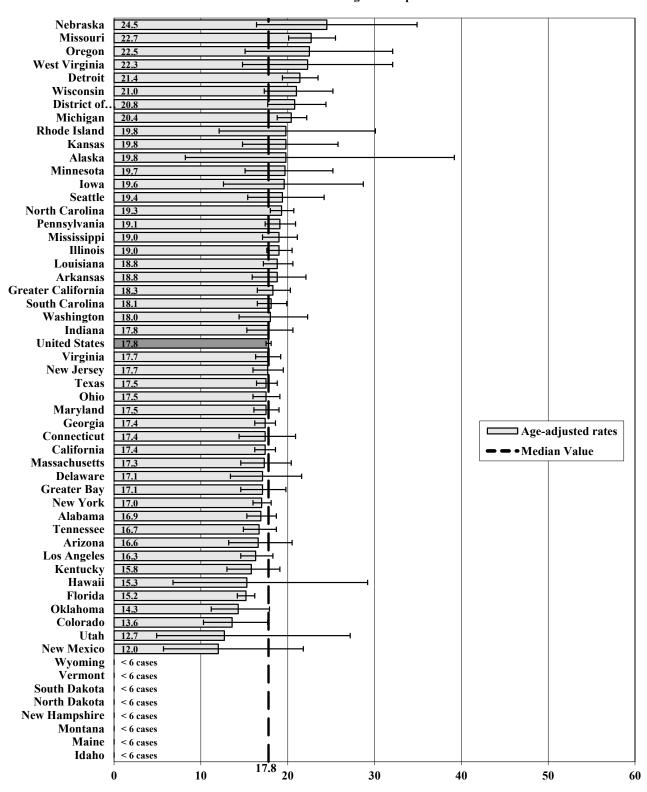
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

60

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

Pancreas The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 175 Pancreas, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Pancreas
The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

Wisconsin	19.2	· · · ·				
Oregon	18.3					
Kansas	17.8					
Iowa	17.0					
Missouri	16.7		_			
Delaware	16.5	· · · ·	· .			
		━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━				
Pennsylvania	16.4					
Arkansas	16.4					
Detroit	16.3					
Kentucky	16.3					
Illinois	16.2					
Greater Bay	16.1		4			
District of	. 16.0		-			
Mississippi	15.8					
South Carolina	15.7					
Virginia	15.5	in the second				
Texas	15.4					
New Jersey	15.3					
Michigan	15.3					
Tennessee	15.1					
Minnesota	15.1					
Georgia	15.1	H-1				
Maryland	15.0					
United States	15.0					
Ohio	14.9					
North Carolina	14.9					
Louisiana						
	14.9					
Alabama	14.9					
Nebraska	14.8					
Connecticut	14.5					
New York	14.3					d'anné a d'anné a n
Los Angeles	14.2				Age-a	djusted rates
California	14.2				• Media	n Value
Arizona	14.2					
Indiana	14.1					
West Virginia	13.9 ⊦					
Massachusetts	13.9					
Florida	13.9					
Greater California						
	13.3					
Alaska	12.9 ⊢					
Oklahoma	12.8					
Seattle	11.6 ⊢					
Washington	10.2 —					
New Mexico	9.9 ⊢					
Colorado	9.7 ⊢					
Rhode Island	9.3	H H				
Wyoming	< 6 cases					
Vermont	< 6 cases					
Utah	< 6 cases					
South Dakota	< 6 cases					
North Dakota	< 6 cases	1				
New Hampshire	< 6 cases					
Montana	< 6 cases	1				
Maine	< 6 cases					
Idaho	< 6 cases					
Hawaii	< 6 cases					
		10 15.0			+ +	
	0	10	20 3	0 4	0 50) 60

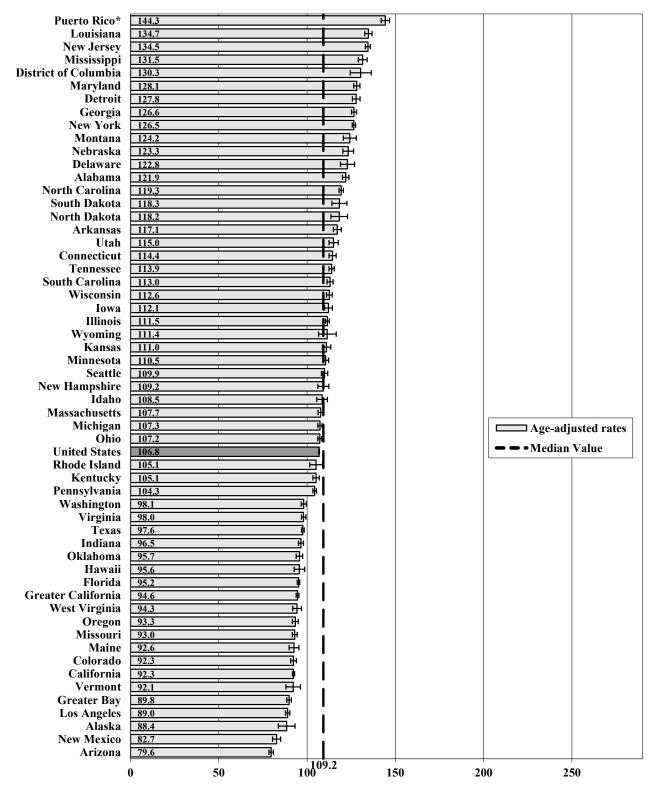
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Prostate Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 177 Prostate, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Prostate Most Common Cancer Among White Males

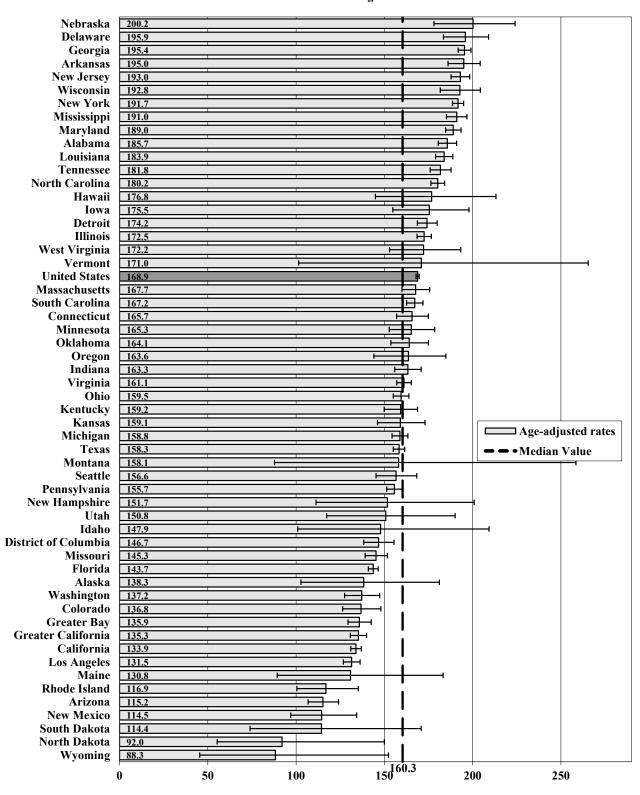
		-
New Jersey	122.9	
Montana		
Nebraska		
Louisiana	118.4 叶	
New York	117.5	
South Dakota	117.3	
Detroit	116.2	
North Dakota	115.4	
Utah	114.6	
Wyoming		
Iowa	110.7 叶	
Seattle	109.0 叶	
Wisconsin	108.7 叶	
Maryland	108.7 叶	
Minnesota	107.9 屮	
New Hampshire	107.2 H	
Mississippi	107.2	
Connecticut	107.2 H	
Idaho		
Georgia	105.4 H	
Delaware	104.5	
Arkansas	104.2 H	
Tennessee	103.9	
Illinois	103.3	
Rhode Island	102.2	
North Carolina	102.2	
Kansas		
Massachusetts	101.6	
Ohio	99.2	
Kentucky	98.5	
United States	97.7	
Michigan	97.6	Age-adjusted rates
Alabama	97.6 H	• Median Value
South Carolina	96.6	iviculari value
Hawaii	95.7	
Washington		
	95.5 H	
Pennsylvania	95.3	
District of Columbia	94.0	
Greater Bay	91.9 卅	
Maine	91.7 H	
Alaska	91.7	
Texas	91.6	
Indiana	91.5 H	
West Virginia	91.4 H	
west vii gillia	71.7	
Vermont	90.6	
Oregon	90.5 H	
Oregon Greater California	90.5 H 90.1 H	
Oregon Greater California California	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri	90.5 H 90.1 H	
Oregon Greater California California	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri Colorado	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H 88.1 H 87.0 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri Colorado Oklahoma	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H 88.1 H 87.0 H 86.8 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri Colorado Oklahoma Los Angeles	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H 88.1 H 87.0 H 86.8 H 84.3 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri Colorado Oklahoma Los Angeles Florida	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H 88.1 H 87.0 H 86.8 H 84.3 H 83.9 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri Colorado Oklahoma Los Angeles Florida Virginia	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H 88.1 H 87.0 H 86.8 H 84.3 H 83.9 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri Colorado Oklahoma Los Angeles Florida Virginia New Mexico	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H 88.1 H 87.0 H 86.8 H 84.3 H 83.9 H 81.5 H 80.0 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri Colorado Oklahoma Los Angeles Florida Virginia	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H 88.1 H 87.0 H 86.8 H 84.3 H 83.9 H 81.5 H 80.0 H 78.0 H	
Oregon Greater California California Missouri Colorado Oklahoma Los Angeles Florida Virginia New Mexico	90.5 H 90.1 H 89.1 H 88.1 H 87.0 H 86.8 H 84.3 H 83.9 H 81.5 H 80.0 H	150 200 250

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males

> Prostate Most Common Cancer Among Black Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

Hawaii 90.9 H New Mexico 90.7 Arkansas 76.1 Delaware 74.3 Detroit 68.5 Alabama 64.2 **New Jersey** 63.6 **District of Columbia** 63.4 Seattle 62.8 New York 62.8 Maryland 61.0 Utah 58.8 Oklahoma 57.6 Washington 57.5 Nebraska 56.7 Georgia 55.6 **United States** 54.7 Michigan 54.4 **Greater Bay** 54.3 Tennessee 54.0 Idaho 53.6 Mississippi 53.4 Massachusetts 53.3 Illinois 53.2 North Carolina 51.3 Texas 51.2 Louisiana 50.6 Oregon 49.7 California 49.4 Virginia 49.3 Colorado 49.3 □ Age-adjusted rates Alaska 49.1 **Greater California** 48.3 Median Value Pennsylvania 47.8 Minnesota 47.6 Wisconsin 47.2 Los Angeles 45.3 Connecticut 44.9 Ohio 44.7 Kansas 44.3 Indiana 44.3 Missouri 43.7 South Carolina 42.4 New Hampshire 42.4 Florida 38.8 Kentucky 37.6 Arizona 36.7 Iowa 35.8 West Virginia 28.2 **Rhode Island** 26.8 Maine 24.4 Wyoming < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases North Dakota < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases 51 2 0 100 150 200 250

Prostate Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

Wisconsin 133.1 South Dakota 130.3 Wyoming 125.4 Montana 113.2 Oklahoma 109.5 Maine 106.7 Texas 102.6 North Dakota 101.9 Seattle 95.6 Minnesota 89.2 New York 87.3 Mississippi 86.0 Idaho 80.4 Michigan 79.8 North Carolina 77.1 Washington 71.7 Nebraska 70.5 **United States** 68.7 Louisiana 68.2 Alaska 63.9 Oregon 60.8 New Mexico 48.6 Utah 45.7 Arizona 44.3 South Carolina 42.5 **Greater California** 40.3 California 38.4 Alabama 35.3 | Florida 34.0 Connecticut 32.3H Massachusetts 26.9 □ Age-adjusted rates West Virginia < 6 cases - • Median Value Virginia < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases Tennessee < 6 cases **Rhode Island** < 6 cases Pennsylvania < 6 cases Ohio < 6 cases **New Jersey** < 6 cases New Hampshire < 6 cases Missouri < 6 cases Detroit < 6 cases Maryland < 6 cases Kentucky < 6 cases Iowa < 6 cases Indiana < 6 cases Illinois < 6 cases Hawaii < 6 cases Georgia < 6 cases **District of Columbia** < 6 cases Delaware < 6 cases Colorado < 6 cases Los Angeles < 6 cases **Greater Bay** < 6 cases Arkansas < 6 cases 71.7 100 A 50 150 200 250

Prostate Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

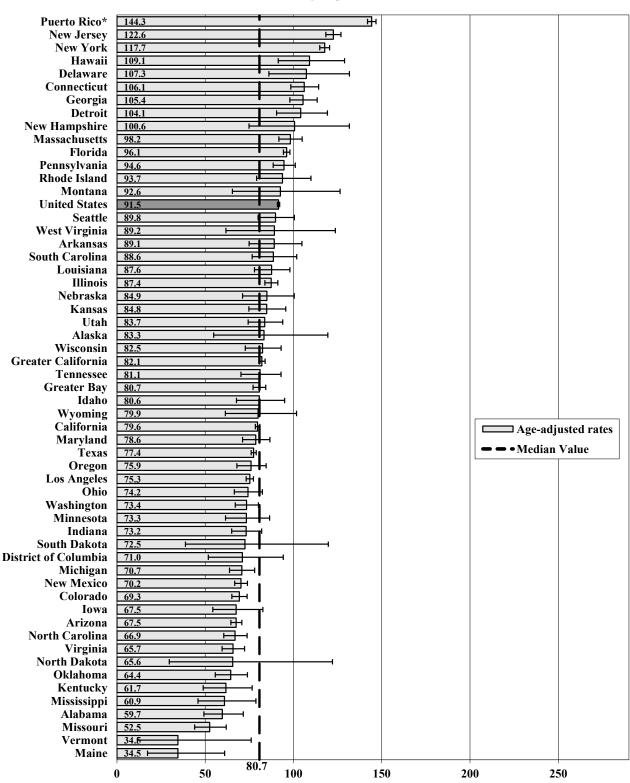
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 181 Prostate, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males



Prostate Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

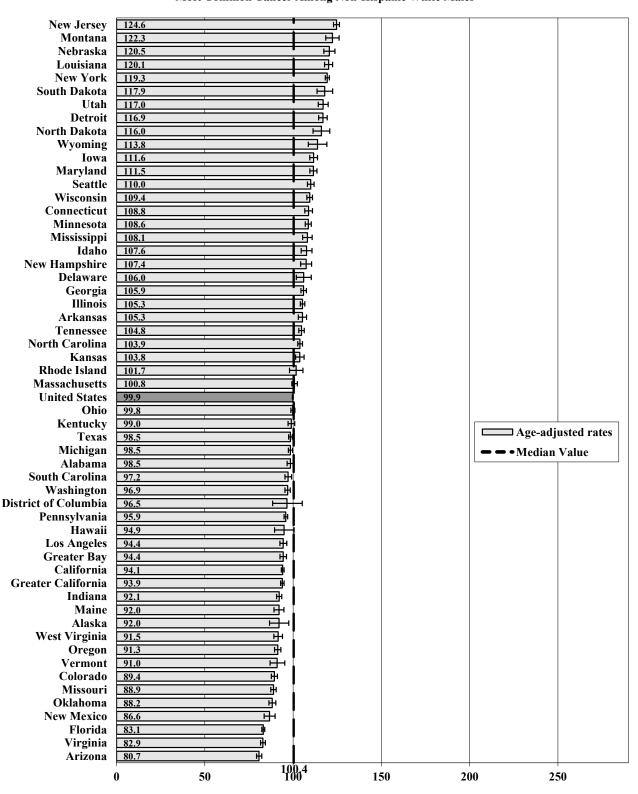
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

- ² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

Prostate Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 183 Prostate, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

New Jersey 207.0 Nebraska 206.0 **New York** 203.0 Wisconsin 196.6 Georgia 196.6 Delaware 196.0 Arkansas 195.9 Mississippi 192.2 Maryland 190.7 Alabama 186.6 Vermont 185.3 Louisiana 184.8 Tennessee 182.8 North Carolina 182.3 Hawaii 179.7 Iowa 178.9 Massachusetts 177.4 Connecticut 175.8 Illinois 175.2 West Virginia 174.4 Detroit 174.0 Oregon 173.3 **United States** 172.6 Minnesota 169.0 Montana 168.7 **South Carolina** 167.8 Oklahoma 166.6 Indiana 165.3 Virginia 162.7 Kansas 162.0 Texas 161.1 □ Age-adjusted rates Ohio 161.0 Pennsylvania 160.7 • Median Value Kentucky 160.6 Utah 159.8 Michigan 159.3 Seattle 158.4 New Hampshire 158.3 Idaho 154.5 **District of Columbia** 149.0 Florida 147.9 Missouri 146.2 **Greater California** 144.0 Colorado 142.6 **Greater Bay** 142.0 California 141.4 Washington 140.0 Los Angeles 138.2 Alaska 138.1 Maine 135.3 New Mexico 128.4 **Rhode Island** 128.3 Arizona 121.5 South Dakota 120.2 North Dakota 94.9 <u>94.5</u> Wyoming 150 164.0 0 50 100 200 250

Prostate Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males

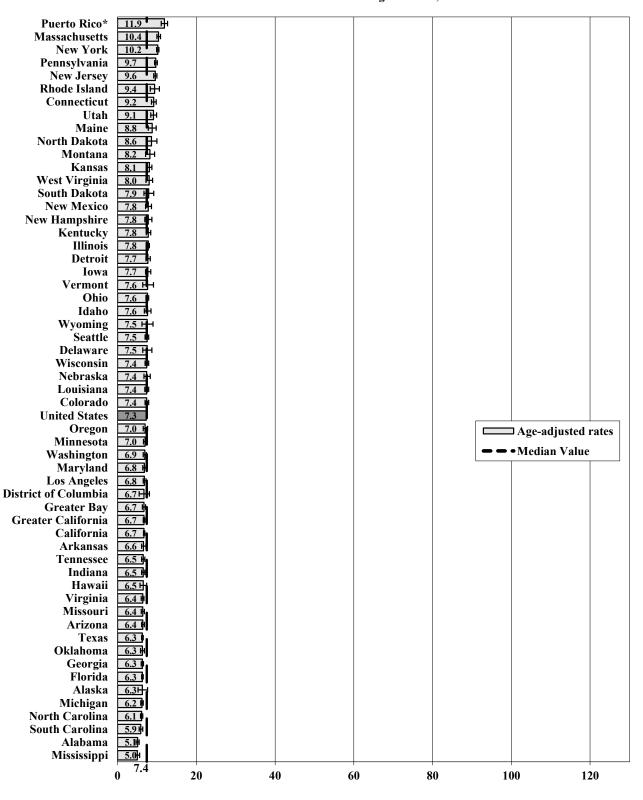
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Males

Thyroid The 16th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 185 Thyroid, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Thyroid
Thyrond
The 5th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females
The out brost common cuncer running run ruces, remaines

Puerto Rico*	44.5					
New York	28.2	<u>n</u>				
New Jersey	27.7	L				
		J.				
Pennsylvania	27.6					
Massachusetts	27.4	н				
North Dakota	26.6	-				
West Virginia	26.5 H					
Utah	26.2 H	1				
Rhode Island	25.7	4				
Connecticut	25.6 H					
Delaware	24.9					
Wyoming	23.7					
Nebraska						
Kentucky	23.2 H					
New Mexico	23.1					
Kansas	22.8 H					
Ohio	22.6					
Detroit	22.6 叶					
New Hampshire	22.1					
Louisiana						
Iowa	21.8 H					
Idaho	21.8					
Hawaii						
Colorado	21.4					
Maine	21.1 H					
Illinois	21.1					
Vermont	20.9 H					
United States	20.9					
South Dakota	20.5					
Maryland	20.2 H					
Wisconsin	20.1					
Montana	19.9 H					
					Age-ad	ljusted rates
Greater California	19.9				• Media	n Valua
Arizona	<u>19.8</u>					li value
Seattle	19.7 H					
Oregon	19.7 H					
Los Angeles	19.6					
California	19.4					
Alaska	19.4 H					
Washington	18.9 H					
Virginia	18.9 H					
Oklahoma						
Minnesota	<u>18.6</u> H					
Michigan	<u>18.6</u>					
Florida	18.6					
Arkansas	18.4 H					
Indiana	18.1 屮					
Greater Bay	18.0 H					
Tennessee	17.7 H					
Georgia	17.7					
North Carolina	17.6					
Texas	17.5					
Missouri	<u>17.5</u>					
District of Columbia	17.1					
South Carolina	15.4 H					
Mississippi	14.8 H					
Alabama	14.5 H					
	0 20 5	10	(0)		100	100
	0 20	40	60	80	100	120

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

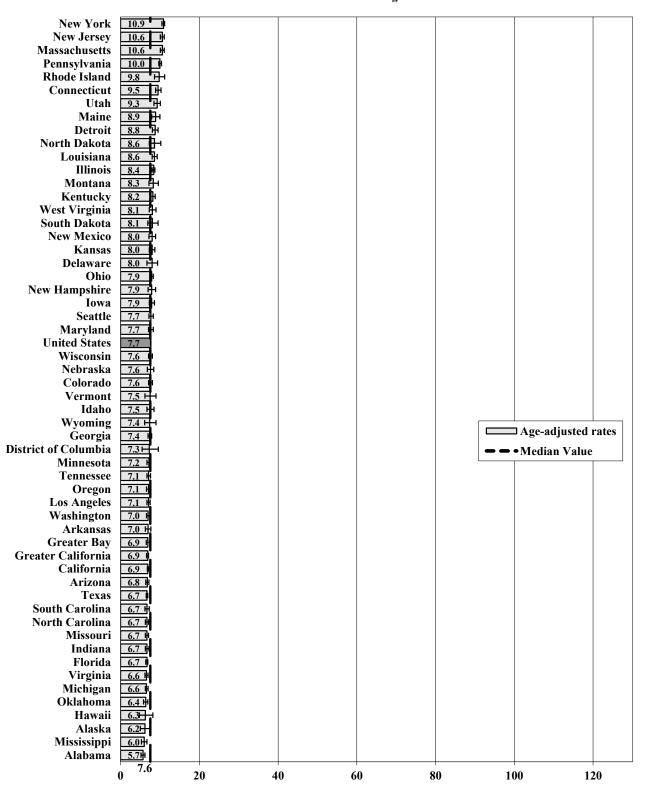
² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 ³ See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts Thyroid, All Races 186

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Males

Thyroid The 16th Most Common Cancer Among White Males



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 187 Thyroid, White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

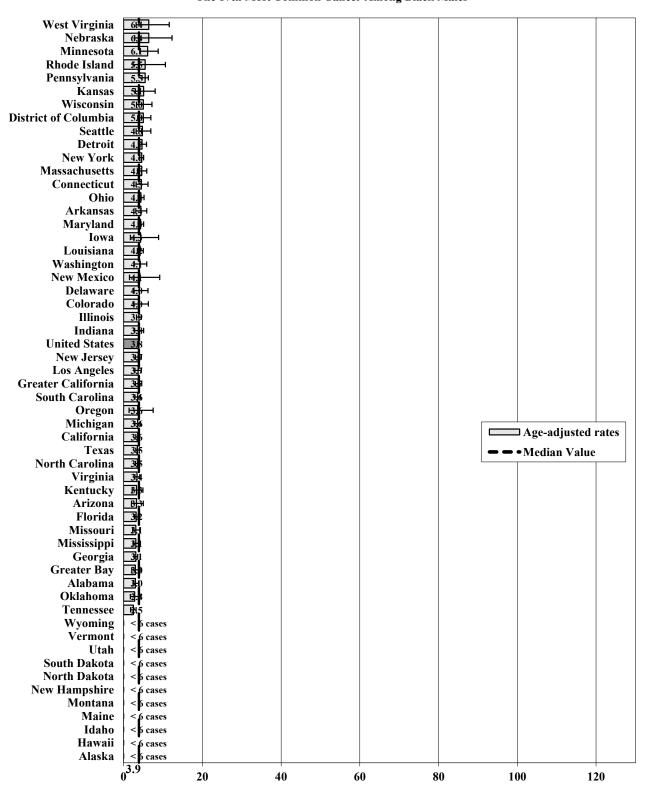
New Jersey	29.8	н				
New York	29.6					
Pennsylvania	28.5	<u> </u>				
Massachusetts	27.1	<u> </u>				
West Virginia						
North Dakota	26.8 ⊢					
Utah						
Delaware	26.6 ⊢					
Rhode Island	26.3 ⊢					
Connecticut						
Detroit		₽				
Louisiana	25.1 H	H				
Wyoming	24.2	-				
New Mexico	23.9	I				
Nebraska	23.7 H	I				
Ohio	23.5					
Kentucky	23.5 H					
Illinois	22.6					
New Hampshire	22.4					
Maryland	22.4					
Iowa	22.2					
Kansas	22.1					
United States	21.7					
Colorado	21.6					
Vermont	21.4					
Idaho	21.4					
Maine	21.3					
South Dakota	21.0					
Georgia	20.8 H					
Wisconsin	20.6					
Los Angeles	20.5 H					
Arizona	20.5 H				Age-adj	usted rates
Greater California	20.4				Median	Value
District of Columbia	20.2					
California	20.0					
Montana	19.8					
Florida	19.8					
Michigan	19.7					
Seattle	19.6					
Oregon						
Arkansas	<u>19.6</u>					
Tennessee	19.3 H					
	<u>19.1</u>					
Indiana	19.1					
Minnesota	<u>18.8</u>					
Washington	<u>18.7</u>					
North Carolina	<u>18.7</u>					
Virginia	<u>18.5</u> 叶					
Texas	18.5 H					
Oklahoma	18.5 H					
Hawaii	18.5					
Alaska	18.5					
Greater Bay	18.2 H					
Missouri	18.1					
Mississippi	17.3 H					
South Carolina	16.7 H					
Alabama	16.1 H					
1 Marallia	20.9					
	0 20 ⁹ 20 ⁹	40	60	80	100	120

Thyroid The 5th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Males



Thyroid The 17th Most Common Cancer Among Black Males

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Massachusetts	20.0 H	-					
Kentucky	19.6						
Idaho	19.3						
Pennsylvania	18.3 H-		•				
Oregon	17.9	_					
Ohio	16.6 H						
Nebraska	16.4						
New Jersey	16.0 H						
Delaware	16.0						
New York	15.8 中						
Wisconsin	15.5						
Louisiana	15.1 H						
Detroit							
Connecticut	14.4						
Kansas	14.2						
Alaska	14.2						
West Virginia	13.9	-					
Minnesota	13.9 H						
Seattle	13.8						
Maryland	13.6						
United States	13.0						
Michigan	12.8 H						
Arizona	12.7 H						
District of Columbia	12.6						
Rhode Island	12.5						
Oklahoma	12.5 H						
North Carolina	12.4 H						
Utah	12.3						
Georgia	12.3 H						
Arkansas	12.3						
Virginia	12.2 H					Age-adjusted	rates
Illinois	<u>12.1</u> ⊢						
South Carolina	12.0					 Median Value 	
Iowa	11.9						
Washington	11.8						
Colorado	11.8						
Florida	11.7						
Missouri	11.6						
Mississippi							
Texas							
New Mexico	10.9						
Los Angeles	<u>10.8 H</u>						
Tennessee	10.6 H						
Indiana	10.0 ++						
Greater California	10.0 H						
California	10.0 H						
Alabama	10.0 H						
Greater Bay	8.4 H						
Wyoming	< 6 cases						
Vermont							
	< 6 cases						
South Dakota	< 6 cases						
North Dakota	< 6 cases						
New Hampshire	< 6 cases						
Montana	< 6 cases						
Maine	< 6 cases						
Hawaii	< 6 cases						
	12 6						J
	0 12.0 2	0 4	06	0 8	0 1	00 12	20

Thyroid The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Males

Thyroid	
The 12th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Males	

			<u>.</u>				
New York	13.1 H	I					
Idaho	10.9						
Massachusetts	10.4						
Pennsylvania	9.4						
Mississippi	8.7						
Oregon	8.4						
Georgia	8.3						
Utah	8.2						
New Jersey	8.2 H						
Illinois	8.1						
Virginia	7.7						
United States	7.3						
Maryland	7.2						
Los Angeles	7.1						
Greater Bay	<u>6.9</u>						
Louisiana	6J 7						
Hawaii	<u>6.7 H</u> H						
California	6.7						
Detroit	6.0						
Michigan	6.5						
Kentucky	6.5						
Oklahoma							
	<u>6l4</u>						
Iowa	0 .3						
Greater California	6.3 H						
Seattle	6.2						
Ohio	6.2						
Missouri	6.10						
Nebraska	5.9						
Connecticut	5.9						
Washington	5.8						
Texas	5.8						djusted rates
Wisconsin	<u>5.5</u>					_	
Tennessee	515					• Media	n Value
Kansas	3.4						
Arizona	511						
Alaska	5.1						
Colorado	419						
Indiana	4.6						
Florida	4.4						
North Carolina							
	4.9+						
Alabama							
Minnesota	8] 2 1						
Wyoming	< 6 cases						
West Virginia	< 6 cases						
Vermont	< 6 cases						
South Dakota	< 6 cases						
South Carolina	< 6 cases						
Rhode Island	< 6 cases						
North Dakota	< 6 cases						
New Mexico	< 6 cases						
New Hampshire	< 6 cases						
Montana	< 6 cases						
Maine	< 6 cases						
District of Columbia	< 6 cases						
Delaware	< 6 cases						
Arkansas	< 6 cases						
EXI KAH343	6.5						
	A V.J	20	40	60	80	100	120
	0 0.0	20	70	00	00	100	140

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

². See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 191 Thyroid, Asian/Pacific Islander

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females

North Dakota 46.3 New York H 35.6 Delaware 29.6 Virginia 28.1 Nebraska 28.0 Maryland 27.1 Massachusetts 27.0 **District of Columbia** 25.9 Pennsylvania 25.7 Louisiana 24.6 New Jersev 23.0 Hawaii 23.0 Alaska 23.0 New Mexico 22.8 Oregon 21.8 **United States** 21.7 Connecticut 21.6 Illinois 21.1 Los Angeles 20.2 **Greater California** 20.1 California 19.8 West Virginia 19.7 Detroit 19.5 Seattle 19.4 **Rhode Island** 19.4 Mississippi 19.2 Minnesota 19.3 Arkansas 19.1 **Greater Bay** 19.0 North Carolina 18.7 Utah 18.6 □ Age-adjusted rates Kentucky 18.6 Georgia 18.6 Median Value Colorado 18.6 Wisconsin 18.5 Idaho 18.5 Texas 18.4 Washington 18.3 Tennessee 17.8 Missouri 17.6 Kansas 17.5 Ohio 16.9 Arizona 16.3 South Carolina 16.2 Michigan 16.2 Oklahoma 15.9 Florida 15.9 Alabama 15.2 Maine 14.8 Indiana 13.4 New Hampshire 13.3 ⊢ Iowa 11.2⊢ Wyoming < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases South Dakota < 6 cases Montana < 6 cases 192 20 40

Thyroid The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

60

80

100

2. See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

3. See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

0

120

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Males

North Dakota 9E Oklahoma Alaska Montana **New Mexico** Seattle South Dakota **United States** Oregon 4. Washington 4. Arizona **Greater California B**-4 California Q. Wyoming < 6 cases Wisconsin < 6 cases West Virginia < 6 cases Virginia < 6 cases Vermont < 6 cases Utah < 6 cases Texas < 6 cases Tennessee < 6 cases South Carolina < 6 cases **Rhode Island** < 6 cases Pennsylvania < 6 cases Ohio < 6 cases North Carolina < 6 cases New York < 6 cases **New Jersey** < 6 cases **New Hampshire** < 6 cases Nebraska < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases Missouri □ Age-adjusted rates Mississippi - • Median Value Minnesota < 6 cases < 6 cases Detroit Michigan < 6 cases < 6 cases Massachusetts Maryland < 6 cases < 6 cases Maine Louisiana < 6 cases Kentucky < 6 cases Iowa < 6 cases Indiana < 6 cases Illinois < 6 cases Idaho < 6 cases < 6 cases Hawaii Georgia < 6cases Florida < 6 cases **District of Columbia** < 6 cases Delaware < 6 cases Connecticut 6 cases Colorado < 6 cases Los Angeles < 6 cases **Greater Bay**

Thyroid The 18th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Males

1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

60

80

100

120

2. See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

3. See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

40

4. PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

20

Comparative Charts 193 Thyroid, American Indian/Alaskan Native

< 6 cases

< 6 cases

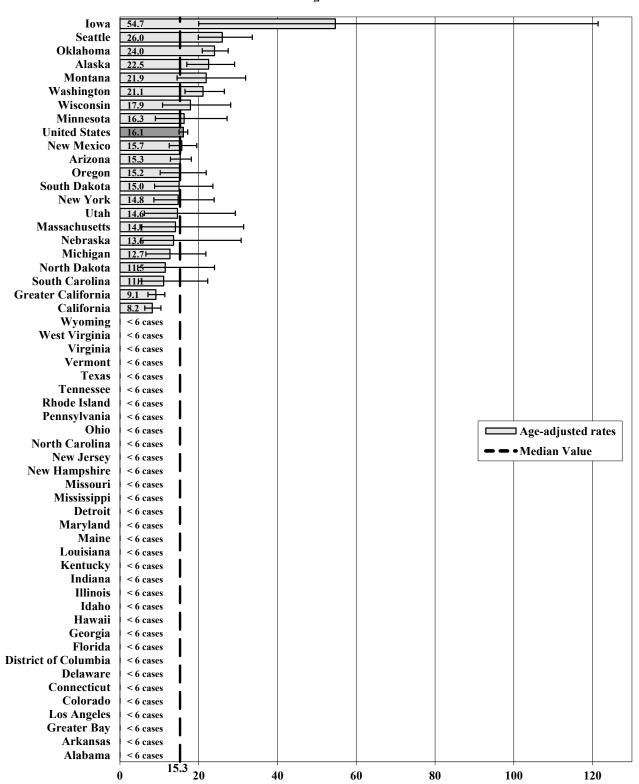
< 6 cases

4.9

Arkansas

Alabama

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females



Thyroid The 6th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

Thyroid

The 13th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latino, All Races, Males

							_
Puerto Rico*	<u>11.9</u> H						
New Hampshire	11						
Kansas	8.8						
Nebraska	8.1						
Rhode Island	7.7						
Detroit	7.7						
Seattle	7.6						
New Mexico	7.5 HH						
New York	7.2						
Florida	7.1 H						
District of Columbia	6.9	-					
Connecticut	6.7						
Illinois	6.6						
Idaho	6.5						
Massachusetts	6.4						
Louisiana	6.4						
United States	6.2						
Utah	6. H						
New Jersey	6.1						
Minnesota	5 ,8						
Greater California	5.8						
Washington	5.6						
Virginia	5.6						
Texas	5.61						
Colorado	5.6						
Arkansas	3.6						
North Carolina	5.5						
California	5.5						
Oregon	5.4						
Greater Bay	5.3						
Arizona	5.3						
Los Angeles	5.2					🗖 Age-adjusted	rates
Indiana	5#					• Median Value	
Georgia	5.#					- Wiedian value	e
South Carolina	4 .9						
Delaware	4.9						
Wyoming	H.7						
Pennsylvania	457						
Iowa	4.7						
Michigan	4.4						
Missouri	3.9 I						
Oklahoma	J. 8						
Tennessee	3. 7						
Maryland							
	3-6- 8-6-						
Alabama							
Wisconsin	BIS						
Ohio	B:2 I						
Hawaii	13.6						
Kentucky	1 13.5						
West Virginia	< 6 cases						
Vermont	< 6 cases						
South Dakota	< 6 cases						
North Dakota	< 6 cases						
	1 2						
Montana	< 6 cases				1		
Mississippi	< 6 cases						
Mississippi Maine	< 6 cases < 6 cases						
Mississippi Maine Alaska	 < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases < 6 cases 						
Mississippi Maine Alaska	< 6 cases < 6 cases	20	 0 6	0 8	80	100 1	20

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
 See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts

195 Thyroid, Hispanic/Latino, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

				•	,		
Puerto Rico*	44.5						
Connecticut	30.3						
New York	27.8						
New Jersey	26.6						
Massachusetts	26.6						
Delaware	26.0						
Pennsylvania	25.8						
Hawaii	25.2 H						
Utah	25.1 ⊢						
New Mexico	24.8	⊒					
Detroit	24.6						
Georgia	24.4 ⊢	1 -1					
Florida		μ					
Kansas	23.8	i – I					
Colorado	23.5	- 					
Rhode Island	23.2	<u> </u>					
District of Columbia	22.8	· · .					
	22.7						
United States							
Illinois		•					
Nebraska	22.3						
Seattle	21.2	-					
Oregon	21.2	-					
Arkansas	20.9 —						
Virginia	20.8	4					
Idaho	20.8 H						
Greater California	20.8						
Arizona	20.8 H						
Maryland	20.4 H	4					
California	19.6						
Washington	19.5						
Iowa	19.5						
New Hampshire	19.0					Age-ad	justed rates
Missouri	18.9	4 I					
Los Angeles	18.5 叶				-	🗕 🗕 🗕 Mediar	n Value
Wisconsin	18.4						
Texas	18.4						
Louisiana	18.4						
Oklahoma	17.9						
Greater Bay	17.5 H						
Ofeater Bay	17.1						
Indiana	16.9						
Minnesota							
		.					
South Dakota	16.0						
Maine West Vinsinia	15.5						
West Virginia	15.4						
Wyoming	15.1	-					
North Carolina	14.9						
Alaska	14.7 ⊢	-					
South Carolina	<u>14.4</u>						
Michigan							
Tennessee	13.3						
Montana	10.7						
Kentucky	9.9						
Alabama	9.9						
Mississippi	9.0						
Vermont	< 6 cases						
North Dakota	< 6 cases						
	20.4	+				100	
	0 20	40) 6	0 8	0	100	120

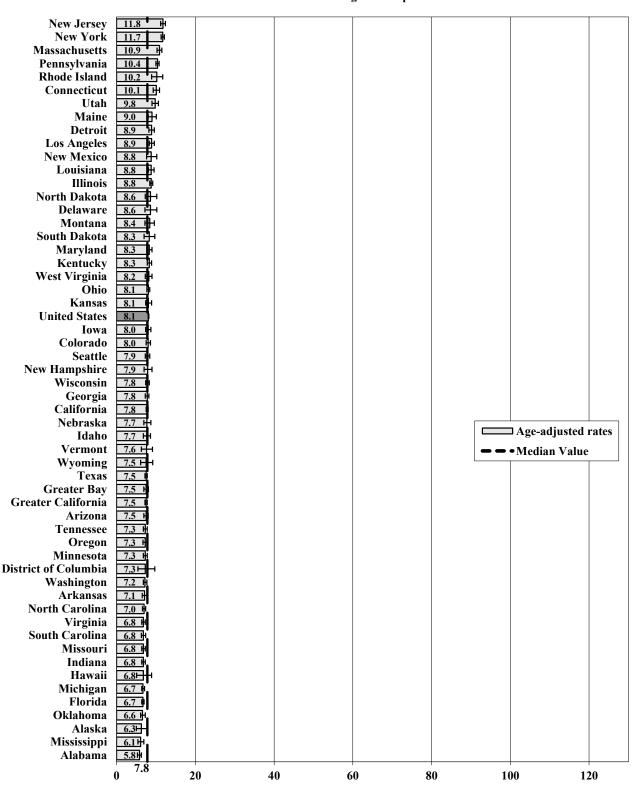
Thyroid The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

- ¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.
- ^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.
- ^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.
- * Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Males

Thyroid The 14th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 197 Thyroid, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

	The oth whose	Common Cune	er Among Non-HI	spunie () inte i ei	marco	
New Jersey	30.8	H				
New York	30.1					
Pennsylvania	29.0	<u> </u>				
North Dakota	27.3 H					
Rhode Island						
	27.2 H					
Massachusetts West Virginia	27.2 27.1					
Utah		Ξ Ι				
Delaware	27.0 H					
Connecticut		ы. Н				
Detroit	<u>26.1</u> ⊢					
Louisiana	25.5 H	J.				
Wyoming	24.8	·				
Kentucky	23.9 H					
Ohio	23.8					
Nebraska	23.8					
Maryland	23.5 H					
Illinois	22.9 H					
New Mexico	22.8					
Los Angeles	22.8					
New Hampshire	22.5					
Kansas	22.4					
Iowa	22.3					
United States	22.0					
Idaho	21.8					
Vermont	21.7 ⊢⊣					
Colorado	21.5 H					
Maine	21.4					
South Dakota	21.2					
Wisconsin	20.7 H					
Arizona	20.5 H				,	• . • .]
Georgia	20.4 H				Age-ad	justed rates
Montana	20.1				• Mediar	n Value
California	20.1					
Michigan	20.0 H					
Greater California	19.9 H					
District of Columbia	19.6					
Tennessee	19.5 H					
Seattle	19.4 H					
North Carolina	19.4 H					
Oregon	19.2 H					
Indiana	19.2 H					
Arkansas	<u>19.2</u>					
Minnesota	<u>19.1</u>					
Texas	18.9					
Washington	<u>18.8</u> H					
Alaska	18.8					
Virginia	<u>18.7</u> н					
Oklahoma	<u>18.6</u> H					
Florida	18.4 H					
Missouri	<u>18.3</u> 叶					
Hawaii						
Greater Bay						
Mississippi South Coroling	17.5 H					
South Carolina	<u>16.9</u>					
Alabama	16.5 H					
	0 21.3	40	60	80	100	120

Thyroid The 6th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

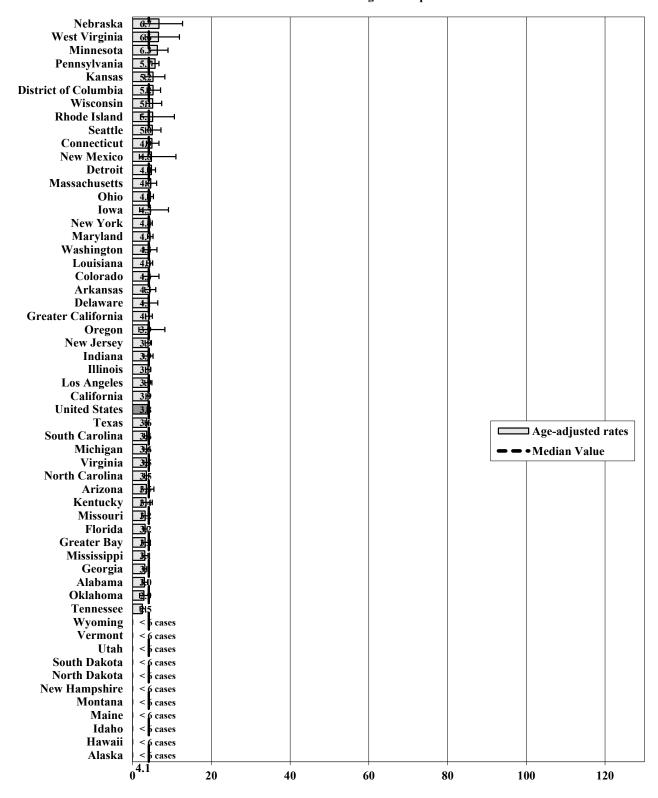
1 Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Males

Thyroid The 17th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Males



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

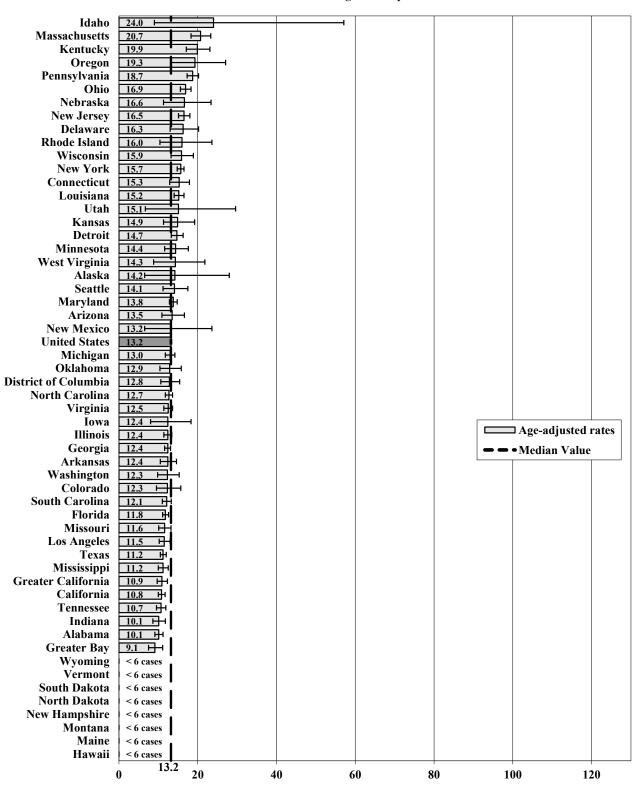
¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

² See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 199 Thyroid, Non-Hispanic Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females



Thyroid The 7th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

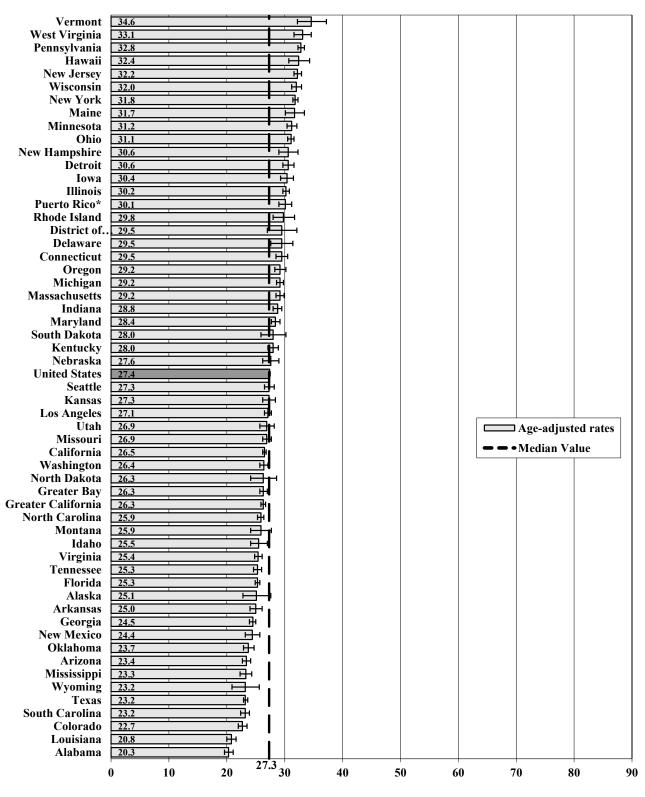
N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, All Races, Females

Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS The 4th Most Common Cancer Among All Races, Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Comparative Charts 201 Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS, All Races

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, White, Females

Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS The 4th Most Common Cancer Among White Females

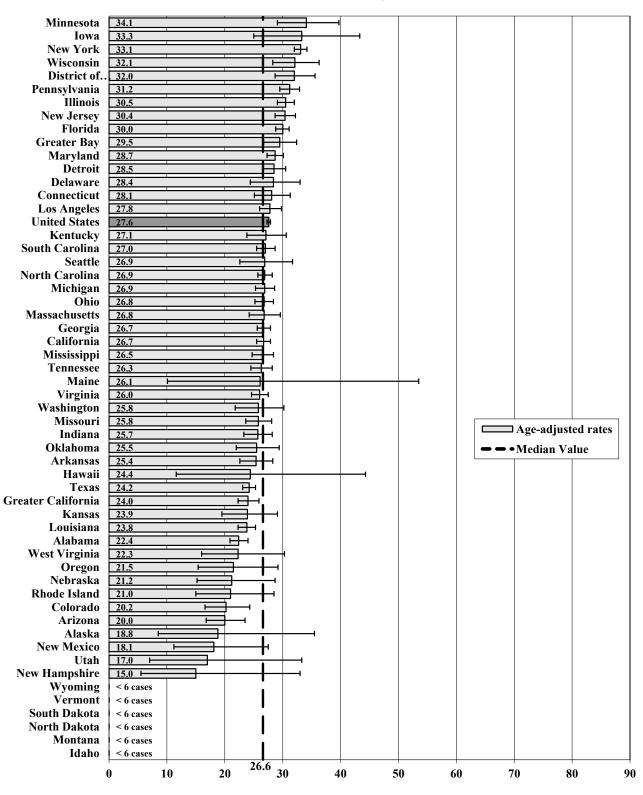
Vermont	35.1						
West Virginia	33.5						
New Jersey	33.4	E H					
Pennsylvania	33.2	H					
New York	32.1						
Detroit	32.0						
Maine	32.0						
Wisconsin	31.9						
Ohio	31.7						
Minnesota	31.2						
Iowa	30.6						
New Hampshire	30.5						
Illinois	30.5						
Rhode Island	29.9						
Delaware	29.9						
Michigan	29.7	TH I					
Oregon	29.6						
Connecticut	29.4						
Massachusetts	29.3	н Н					
Indiana	29.3						
Maryland	28.7						
Kentucky	28.3						
Los Angeles	28.3	24					
South Dakota	28.2	<u>₽</u> -1					
Nebraska	27.8	┣┛│ │					
Greater Bay	27.6 H	H					
United States	27.6						
Seattle	27.5 H	4					
California	27.3 H						
Missouri	27.1 H	4					
Kansas	26.8	4					
Greater California	26.8 H					-adjusted rat	tes
Utah	26.6				Mad	lian Value	
Washington	26.3 H						
North Dakota	26.2						
		⁻.│ │					
Hawaii	26.1						
Alaska	26.1						
North Carolina	25.4 H						
Idaho	25.4						
Tennessee	25.2 H						
Montana	25.2						
Virginia	25.0 H						
Arkansas	24.9						
Florida	24.4						
Georgia	24.3						
Texas	23.8 屮						
New Mexico	23.4						
Arizona	23.3 H						
Wyoming	23.0						
Oklahoma	22.6						
Mississippi							
District of							
Colorado	22.6						
South Carolina	22.0 H						
Louisiana	20.0						
Alabama	19.8 H						
	10 20 27.	⁴ 30 40	=	(0	70		-
	0 10 20 27.	* 30 40	50	60	70	80	9

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Black, Females

Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Black Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

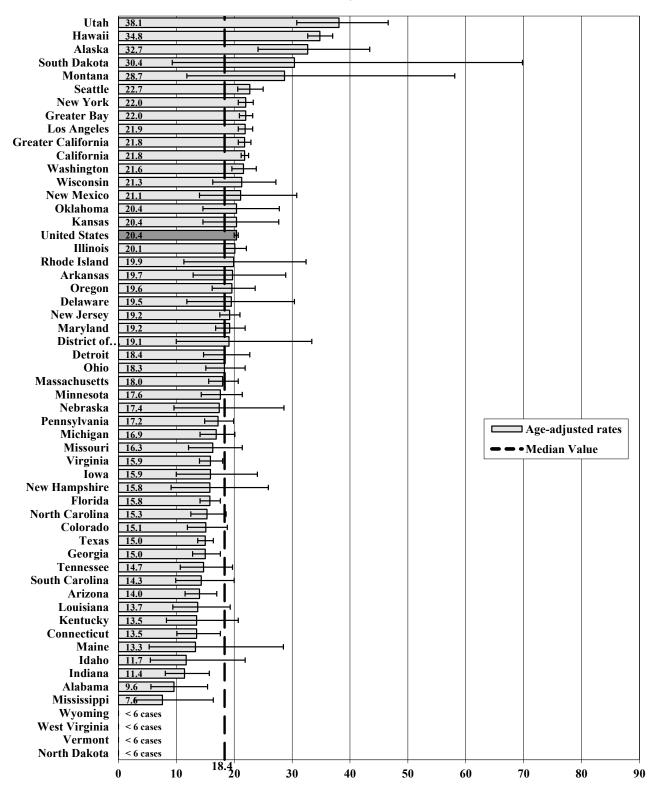
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 203 Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS, Black

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Asian/Pacific Islander, Females

Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS The 5th Most Common Cancer Among Asian/Pacific Islander Females

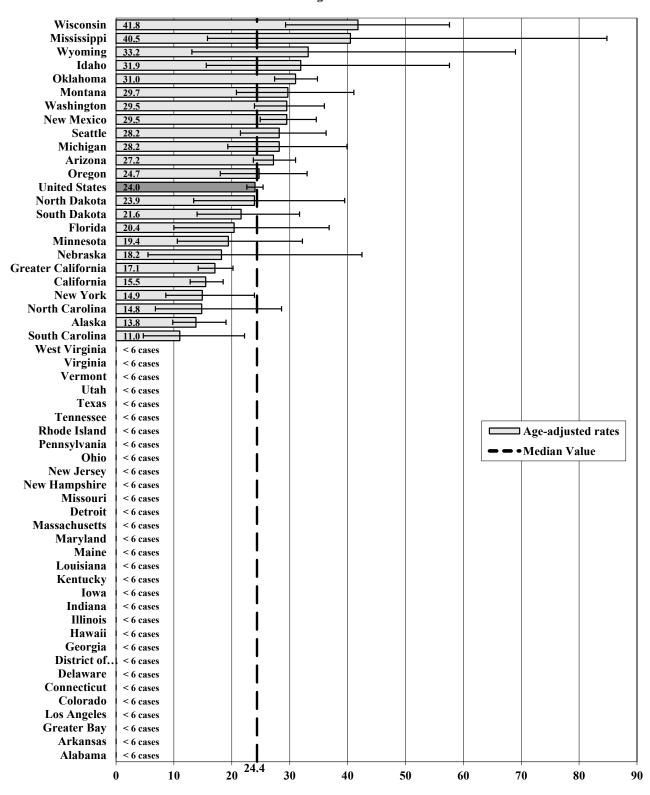


¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, American Indian/Alaskan Native for PRCDA⁴ Counties, Females

> Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS The 4th Most Common Cancer Among American Indian/Alaskan Native Females



¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. Statistics exclude data from MN for all years, see technical notes. KS statistics are included in the U.S. combined, see technical notes.

^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

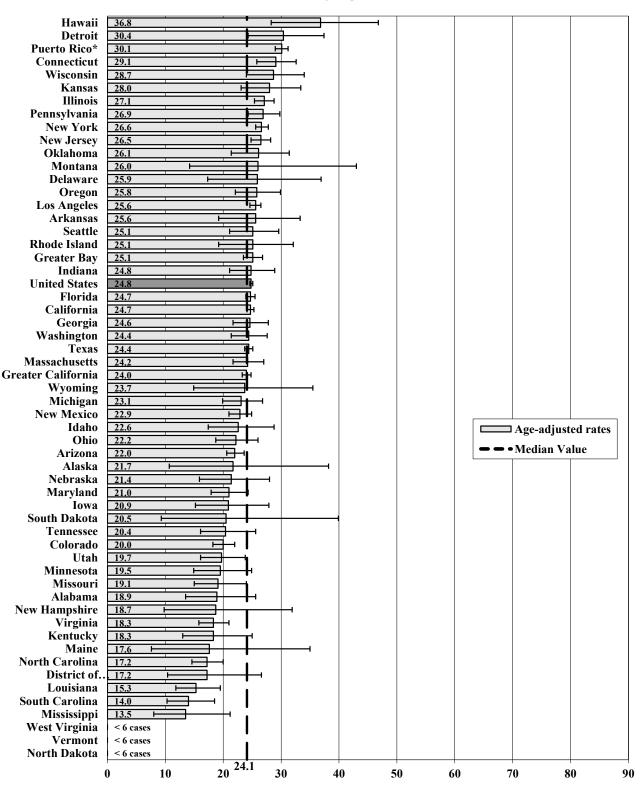
^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

^{4.} PRCDA - Indian Health Services Purchase/Referral Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Comparative Charts 205 Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS, American Indian/Alaskan Native

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females

Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS The 3rd Most Common Cancer Among Hispanic/Latina, All Races, Females



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

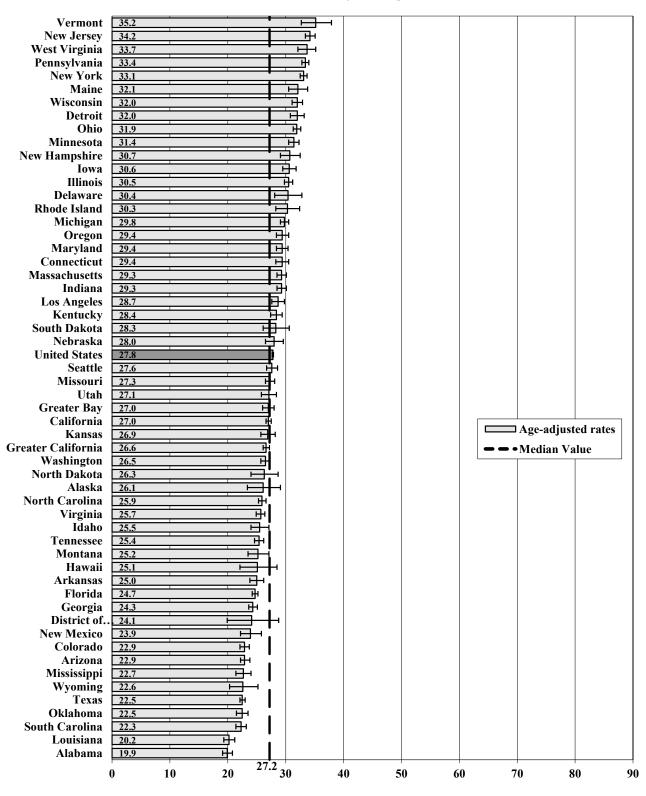
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

* Puerto Rico data have been adjusted to accommodate the impact of Hurricane Maria, see technical notes.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic White, Females

Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic White Females



N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

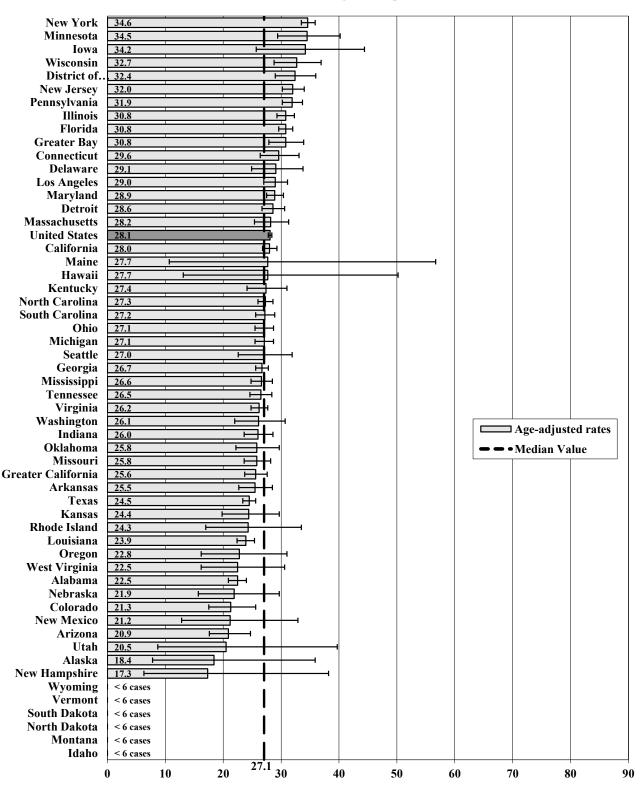
². See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

^{3.} See Introduction and Technical Notes for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

Comparative Charts 207 Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS, Non-Hispanic White

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) Cancer Incidence Rates¹ and 95% Confidence Intervals² Selected Areas in the United States³, 2014-2018, Non-Hispanic Black, Females

Uterus Corpus and Uterus NOS The 4th Most Common Cancer Among Non-Hispanic Black Females

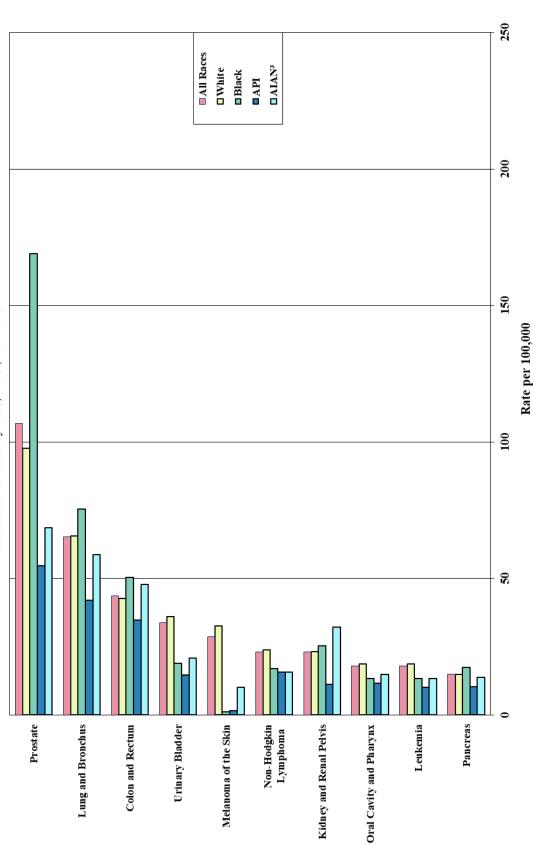


N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see technical notes.

¹ Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined.

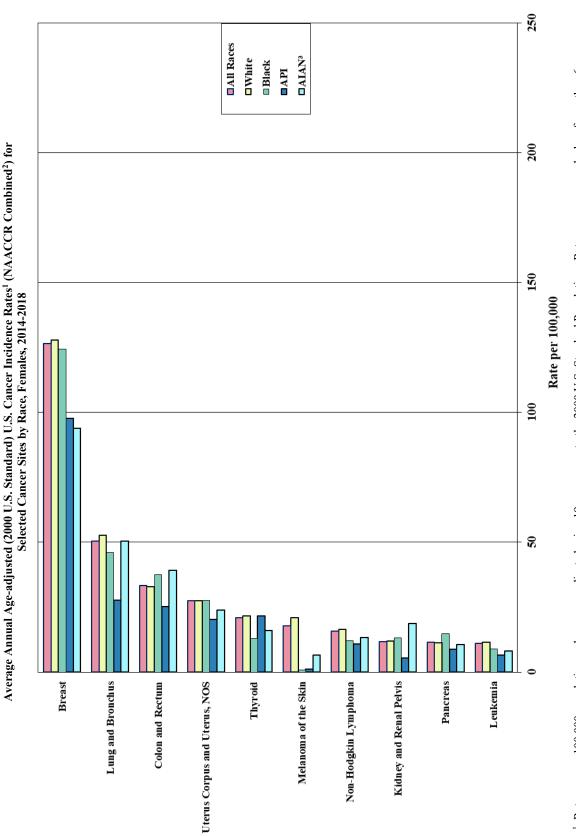
^{2.} See http://smm.sagepub.com/cgi/content/abstract/15/6/547 for the methodology used in the calculation of the age-adjusted 95% confidence intervals.

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) U.S. Cancer Incidence Rates¹ (NAACCR Combined²) for Selected Cancer Sites by Race, Males, 2014-2018



over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. AIAN rates exclude cases from MN for all ^{1.} Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported years, see Technical Notes.

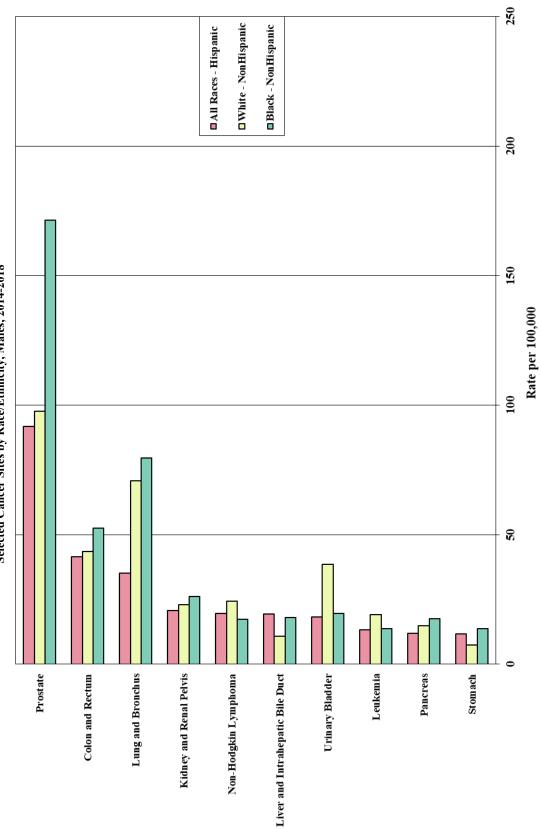
² See Technical Notes, Section I, for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics. ³ PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchased/Referred Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)



^{1.} Rates are per 100,000 population and were age-adjusted using 19 age groups to the 2000 U.S. Standard Population. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported over the five year time period for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. AIAN rates exclude cases from MN for all years, see Technical Notes.

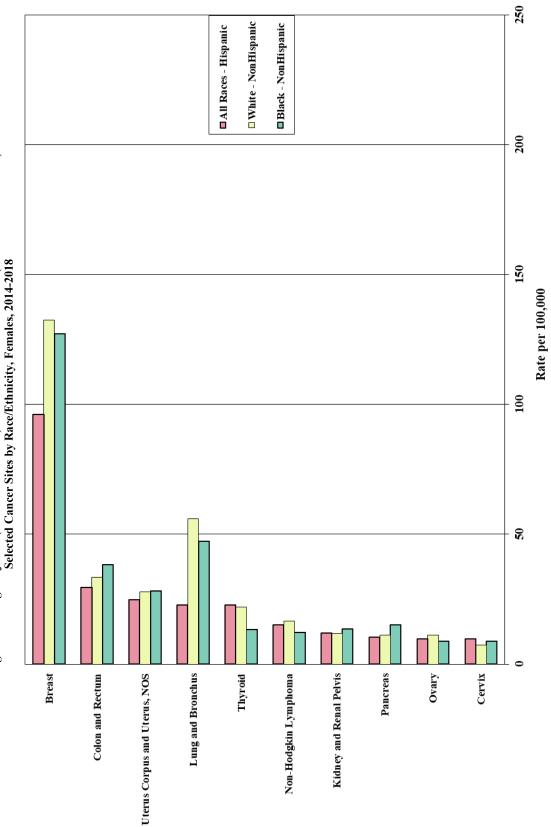
² See Technical Notes, Section I, for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics. ³ PRCDA – Indian Health Services Purchased/Referred Care Delivery Areas (See Appendix G)

Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) U.S. Cancer Incidence Rates¹ (NAACCR Combined²) for Selected Cancer Sites by Race/Ethnicity, Males, 2014-2018



1. Rates are per 100,000 population and are age-adjusted by five-year age groups to the 2000 U.S. standard population based on single years of age. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. ². See Technical Notes, Section I, for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of the cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see Technical Notes.



Average Annual Age-adjusted (2000 U.S. Standard) U.S. Cancer Incidence Rates¹ (NAACCR Combined²) for

^{1.} Rates are per 100,000 population and are age-adjusted by five-year age groups to the 2000 U.S. standard population based on single years of age. Rates are suppressed when fewer than 6 cases were reported for the specific cancer. The suppressed cases, however, are included in the rates for the U.S. combined. ². See Technical Notes, Section I, for NAACCR area inclusion criteria for the combined cancer statistics.

N.B. In areas with small Latino populations, methods to indirectly identify Latinos (like NHIA) can overestimate the ethnicity-specific counts of cancer cases. Also, even small errors in Latino population estimates can affect the magnitude of the cancer rates. Data Item 190 used in place of NHIA for MA and RI, see Technical Notes.